

# **CUSTOMER PROPRIETARY NETWORK INFORMATION MANUAL FOR IOWA WIRELESS SERVICES, LLC.**

**JANUARY 2015 VERSION**

This Manual governs all use of customer proprietary network information (CPNI) by all Company employees, agents and independent contractors. In this manual “Company” refers to Iowa Wireless Services, LLC (IWS).

**It is the official policy of the Company that all access, use, disclosure or distribution of CPNI be in accordance with the customer privacy safeguards set forth in the Communications Act (47 U.S.C. §222) and the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Rules (47 C.F.R. §§64.2001 through 64.2011), and that all Company employees, agents, independent contractors and joint venture partners who handle the Company’s CPNI are aware of these customer privacy safeguards and comply fully with them.**

It is the responsibility of all Company employees, agents, and independent contractors to read and review this Manual and to comply fully with all federal CPNI requirements. It is a requirement for employees, agents and independent contractors to seek clarification from the Company’s CPNI Compliance Officer regarding any CPNI-related questions, before accessing, using, disclosing or distributing CPNI in any manner and for any purpose

The “agent/independent contractor” distinction has significance for CPNI compliance purposes. For example, as of this time, the FCC has not restricted the provision of CPNI to third parties for the preparation, rendering and collection of bills for telecommunications services. However, the Communications Act specifically states that a telecommunications carrier is not prohibited from using, disclosing, or permitting access to CPNI either directly or through its “agents” for billing and several other specified purposes (e.g., protection against fraudulent, abusive or unlawful use of services). Accordingly, to the extent the Company uses a third party for billing and collection, the third party will be clearly designated and treated as the Company’s “agent” for that purpose.

The FCC’s rules, on the other hand, place stringent restrictions upon CPNI access, use, disclosure and distribution to “independent contractors” for marketing purposes. Accordingly, to ensure compliance with the FCC’s marketing restrictions, the Company will designate and treat any third party to which it furnishes CPNI for marketing and marketing-related uses as an “independent contractor” for purposes of compliance with the CPNI marketing rules unless and until it seeks and obtains a clear legal opinion from FCC counsel that it may do otherwise under specific circumstances.

## **I. Customer Proprietary Network Information (“CPNI”)**

**CPNI** is defined in Section 222(f) of the Communications Act as (A) information that relates to the quantity, technical configuration, type, destination, and amount of use of a telecommunications service subscribed to by any customer of a wireline or wireless telecommunications carrier, and that is made available to the carrier by the customer solely by virtue of the carrier-customer relationship; and (B) information contained in the bills pertaining to telephone exchange service or telephone toll service received by a customer of a carrier (except that CPNI does not include subscriber list information).

Generally, CPNI includes personal information regarding a consumer’s use of his or her wireline and/or wireless telecommunications services. CPNI encompasses information such as: (a) the telephone numbers called by a customer; (b) the telephone numbers from which a customer receives calls; (c) the frequency, duration, timing and location of a customer’s phone calls, and (d) the telecommunications and information services purchased by a customer (including, but not limited to, local exchange, toll, cellular, PCS, paging, data transmission, call waiting, call forwarding, call blocking, PIC freeze, three-way calling, conference calling, voice mail, Internet access, call back, caller identification, call trace and toll denial services).

**Call detail information** (also known as “call records”) is a category of CPNI that the FCC had determined to be particularly sensitive from a privacy standpoint and that may be sought by pretexters, hackers and other unauthorized entities for illegitimate purposes. Call detail information includes any information that pertains to the transmission of a specific telephone call to or from a specific customer, including: (a) the number called (for outbound calls); (b) the number from which the call was placed (for inbound calls); and (c) the date, time, location and/or duration of the call (for all calls). The FCC has imposed additional restrictions upon the release of call detail information over the telephone unless the requesting party can clearly authenticate himself or herself as the customer to whom the call detail information applies.

**Subscriber list information** (that is, subscriber names, addresses, phone numbers and/or advertising classifications that a carrier or its affiliate have published, or provided for publication, in a telephone directory) is **not** CPNI because it is deemed to be more like aggregate customer information than personal, individually identifiable customer information. The Company’s policy will be to keep this information confidential as well unless disclosure is required by law.

## **II. CPNI Compliance Officer**

The Company has designated a CPNI Compliance Officer who is responsible for communicating with the Company’s attorneys and/or consultants regarding CPNI responsibilities, requirements and restrictions and receiving, reviewing and resolving questions or issues regarding use, disclosure, distribution or provision of access to CPNI.

The Company’s current CPNI Compliance Officer is Carey Stover.

In addition to the specific matters required to be reviewed and approved by the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer, Company employees, agents, and independent contractors are strongly encouraged to bring any and all other questions, issues or uncertainties regarding the use, disclosure, or access to CPNI to the attention of the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer for appropriate investigation, review and guidance. The extent to which a particular employee or agent brought a CPNI matter to the attention of the CPNI Compliance Officer and complied with the CPNI Compliance Officer's instructions or guidance constitutes a material consideration in any disciplinary action brought against the employee or agent for impermissible use, disclosure, distribution or access to CPNI.

### **III. Employees and Agents**

Before accessing, using, disclosing or distributing any customer's CPNI, a Company employee or agent must read the CPNI Manual.

1. The employee, independent contractor or agent must receive, read and review this Manual.

**NOTE: Each Company employee, independent contractor or agent must sign the CPNI POLICY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT attached to this Manual at the time that he or she receives the Manual.**

2. Employees and agents must review annual Company reviews of CPNI policies, requirements and issues.

### **IV. Confidentiality**

Employee, agent, and independent contractor may use the CPNI only for the purpose for which the CPNI has been provided; (b) employee, agent, independent contractor may not disclose or distribute the CPNI to, or allow access to the CPNI by, any other party (unless the employee, agent, or independent contractor is expressly and specifically required to do so by a court order); and (c) the agent, independent contractor must implement appropriate and specific safeguards acceptable to the Company to ensure the confidentiality of the Company's CPNI.

### **V. Permissible Uses of Proprietary Information Obtained from Other Carriers**

The Company may receive or obtain proprietary information (including CPNI) from other carriers for the purpose of: (a) executing changes of customer services and accounts to the other carrier; and (b) providing telecommunications services for or in conjunction with the other carrier (including services provided via interconnection, traffic exchange, reciprocal compensation, access, and bill and keep arrangements).

**The Company may use proprietary information received or obtained from other carriers only for the purpose(s) for which it is provided by the other carriers.** If there is any uncertainty regarding the purpose(s) intended by the other carrier(s), Company employees and agents are required to consult with the CPNI Compliance Officer, who will determine whether it is necessary to seek and obtain written or email confirmation of purpose(s) from the other carrier(s). Company employees and agents are expressly prohibited from using proprietary information received or obtained from other carriers for purposes not intended by such carriers (particularly for uses related to the Company's marketing of its own services, including customer retention and customer win-back efforts).

**NOTE REGARDING WIN-BACK EFFORTS:** Efforts to retain or win back customers lost in whole or part to other carriers are NOT prohibited. However, the Company's employees and others acting on the Company's behalf may not use proprietary information obtained from the competing carrier to trigger, design or execute its customer retention or win-back effort. Company employees designing and/or conducting a customer retention or win-back effort **must document** that the information they used and relied upon was obtained solely and entirely from sources other than proprietary information received or obtained from the competing carrier.

## **VI. Permissible Uses of CPNI Obtained from Customers**

Company employees and agents are strictly prohibited from accessing or using CPNI, and from disclosing or distributing CPNI to individuals or entities inside or outside the Company, **except** as follows:

### **A. Requests for CPNI from Law Enforcement**

1. The Company will provide CPNI (including call detail information) to a law enforcement agency in accordance with applicable legal requirements. Generally, such legal requirements entail an appropriate warrant or subpoena that specifies the particular CPNI to be furnished.
2. **Company employees, agents and independent contractors must direct all law enforcement requests for CPNI (whether or not accompanied by a warrant or subpoena) to the Billing Configuration Coordinator, who will be responsible for handling such requests and for consulting with counsel (particularly in any instances where law enforcement claims that a warrant or subpoena is not required).**

### **B. Requests for CPNI from Customers or Purported Customers**

1. **Telephone Requests for Call Detail Information.** When a customer or a person claiming to be a customer calls the Company to request call detail information regarding the customer over the telephone, the Company will provide the requested call detail information **only** under the following three alternative circumstances:

- (i) the Company may provide the requested information over the telephone during the customer-initiated call IF; (a) the caller provides a pre-established password or (b) the caller correctly answers the pre-established challenge question comprising the Company's back-up customer authentication method for that customer (if he or she loses or forgets his or her password)
  - (iii) the Company may terminate the customer-initiated call, initiate a call to the customer's "telephone number of record" (which must be the telephone number associated with the underlying service, and may not be some other telephone number supplied as part of the contact information for the customer) and disclose the requested call detail information to the customer during the Company-initiated call.
- a. Passwords can be designed in a manner that is privately significant and memorable to the customer (*e.g.*, "pirates1971," "1836alamo," "\$beatles4"). However, passwords may NOT be based upon readily obtainable biographical information (*e.g.*, the customer's name, mother's maiden name, social security number or date of birth) or account information (*e.g.*, the customer's telephone number, address, account number, or amount of last bill).
- b. The Company will establish a password (and a back-up customer authentication method if the customer loses or forgets his or her password) for each new customer at the time that the customer initiates service.
- c. The Company will establish a new or replacement password (and a back-up customer authentication method if the customer loses or forgets his or her password) for existing customers desiring a password pursuant to the following procedure. Customers that they may obtain an initial or replacement password: (i) if they come in person to the Company's business office, produce a driver's license, passport or other government-issued identification verifying their identity, and correctly answer certain questions regarding their service and address; or (ii) if they call a specified Company telephone number from their "telephone number of record" and then wait at that number until a Company employee calls them back and obtains correct answers to certain questions regarding their service and address; or (iii) if they ask the Company to send a randomly-generated Personal Identification Number ("PIN") to their "telephone number of record" by voice, voicemail or text message or mail it to their "address of record", and then call the Company back and provide the correct PIN.
- d. The Company's "back-up customer authentication method" will consist of a challenge question combination of two pre-selected questions by the Company and two pre-selected answers by the customer regarding two non-public aspects of the customer's life that would not be known by a pretexter, hacker or other unauthorized entity. For example, such "shared secret" questions and answers might relate to the customer's favorite color, song, book, movie, food, or sports team (unless such

characteristic are a matter of public record or known by a significant number of people). If the customer claims to have lost or forgotten his or her password, but can correctly provide the pre-selected answers to the two pre-selected “shared secret” questions, the requested call detail information can be given to the customer over the telephone during the customer-initiated call.

g. If a customer calls the Company regarding a service or billing issue, and if the customer himself or herself (without prompting or assistance) is able to provide **all** of the call detail information necessary to address the issue (e.g., the telephone number called, the date and duration of the call, and the amount charged for the call), the Company employee may proceed to address and resolve the issue during the call. However, the Company employee may not disclose to the customer any call detail information other than the call detail information provided by the customer without the customer first providing his or her password (or answering the back-up “shared secret” question-answer combinations).

2. **Telephone Requests for CPNI That Is Not Call Detail Information.** When a customer or a person claiming to be a customer calls the Company to request over the telephone CPNI regarding the customer that is not call detail information (e.g., information about the telecommunications and information services purchased by the customer), the Company employee handling the call must establish that the person calling is actually the named customer with the password on the account or the challenge question. Company employees will authenticate all telephone requests for CPNI in the same manner whether or not the CPNI consists of call detail information. That is, Company employees must: (a) be furnished the customer’s pre-established password (or correct answers to the pre-established challenge question (b) send the requested information to the customer’s postal or electronic “address of record” (see definition above);” or (c) have the customer go into a retail location and show a photo id.
3. **Customer In-Bound Marketing Calls.** When an existing customer calls the Company to inquire about or order new, additional or modified services (in-bound marketing), the Company employee may use the customer’s CPNI to assist the customer for the duration of the customer’s call **ONLY** under the following circumstances:
  - a. if the Company employee must disclose call detail information or other CPNI to the customer during the call, the employee must: (i) require the caller to establish his or her identity by providing a pre-established password (or the answers to the back-up “shared secret” customer authentication questions); (ii) provide the customer with an oral notice; and (iii) obtain the customer’s oral consent to the use of his or her CPNI during the call.
  - b. if the Company employee can use CPNI to assist the customer without disclosing such CPNI to the customer during the call, the employee must obtain the customer’s oral consent to the use of his or her CPNI during the call.

4. **Written Requests for CPNI.** Company Policy prohibits sending of CPNI information to the customer without a subpoena from a valid law enforcement agency and a Notarized Authorization of Release.
5. **In-Person Request at Business Office or Retail Location.** A “customer of record” (i.e., a customer whose name is on the account) may review and/or obtain copies of his or her CPNI at any Company business office or retail sales location where such CPNI is available by coming in-person to the facility and presenting a driver’s license, passport or other government-issued identification that verifies his or her identity, and that lists an address that is the same as the customer’s “address of record.”
6. **Business Customer Exception.** The Company may contract with certain multi-line business customers for different procedures to handle the business customer’s requests for CPNI. Such alternative procedures must be reviewed by the CPNI Compliance Officer and counsel before they are implemented. At minimum, the alternative procedures require the Company to assign an employee as the dedicated account representative with primary responsibility for handling all CPNI requests from the business customer.
7. **Adult Children of Elderly Customers.** The Company is aware that adult children (or other relatives) of elderly customers may have legitimate needs to make service changes or to raise and resolve billing questions on behalf of their parents. At the same time, the Company has concerns that a pretexter might pose as an “adult child” in order to gain unauthorized access to an elderly customer’s CPNI, or that a family member may simply be unauthorized to receive the customer’s CPNI. The Company will normally respond to such requests by requiring the adult relative to either furnish proof that he or she is authorized by the customer to transact such business (through a legally binding power of attorney or other recognized legal document), or have the customer confirm by telephone that the relative is authorized to receive CPNI. The relative should also furnish the elderly customer’s correct password, “address of record” and “telephone number of record.” If applicable, the adult child should provide **all** of the call detail information necessary to address the issue. If that approach is not feasible in a particular instance, the matter must be brought to the attention of the CPNI Compliance Officer who may devise (in consultation with counsel, if necessary) a solution that will satisfy the elderly customer’s legitimate service needs without risking the unauthorized disclosure of the customer’s CPNI, and place a memorandum describing the particular circumstances and solution in the Company’s CPNI files.

#### **C. Requests for CPNI from Competing Carriers and Other Third Parties**

1. Because of the danger of unauthorized access to CPNI, the Company will not accept, process or fulfill written or verbal requests by any third party (other than a recognized law enforcement agency as set forth in Section VI.A above) for a customer’s CPNI. This restriction encompasses requests for a customer’s CPNI by a competing carrier,

including a competing carrier that claims to be an existing or former customer's new carrier.

#### **D. Use of CPNI for Marketing Purposes**

1. **Marketing Activities Not Involving CPNI.** Marketing activities that do not use CPNI are not restricted in any manner by the federal CPNI requirements. The Company's employees and independent contractors may send direct mail advertisements to households and businesses in various geographic areas (including communities, neighborhoods and zip codes) as long as they do not use CPNI to design the direct mail campaign or to target particular recipients. *Such direct mail advertisements may be included as inserts in the monthly bills sent to the Company's customers, as long as CPNI is not used to target particular customers or to provide particular bill inserts to particular customers.* The Company's employees and independent contractors may also engage in telemarketing (subject to do-not-call list restrictions) to households and businesses in particular communities or exchange areas, as long as CPNI is not used to target particular recipients or to design the particular script or message transmitted to particular recipients.
2. **"Total Service Approach" Marketing Activities.** The Company's employees (but not its independent contractors) may access and use CPNI, without customer approval, to provide or market to a customer the same "category" or "package" of services to which the customer presently subscribes from the Company. The FCC refers to this as the "total service approach." In other words, to the extent that the Company stays within the bounds of its existing service relationship with a customer, it may use CPNI to provide or market certain related services to that customer.
  - a. CPNI may be used, without customer approval, to provide or market to the customer the same service from which the CPNI is derived. For example, CPNI from the Company's provision of local exchange service to a customer may be used to provide or market new, additional or modified local exchange services (e.g., extended area service) to the customer. In contrast, CPNI from the Company's provision of local exchange service to a customer may **NOT** be used to provide or market cable television service to the customer.
  - b. CPNI may be used, without customer approval, to provide or market "adjunct-to-basic" services to a customer subscribing to the underlying basic service (e.g., services such as speed dialing, computer-provided directory assistance, call monitoring, call tracing, call blocking, call return, repeat dialing, call tracking, call waiting, caller ID, call forwarding, and certain Centrex features are "adjunct" to basic local exchange service).
  - c. CPNI may be used, without customer approval, to provide or market services "necessary to" or "used in" the provision of the telecommunications service from



which the CPNI is derived (*e.g.*, CPNI may be used to provide or market installation, maintenance, and repair functions with respect to the customer's services).

**CAUTION: Because the services that are “necessary to” or “used in” the provision of a category of telecommunications service may be subject to varying interpretation, Company employees must consult with the Company’s CPNI Compliance Officer before using CPNI, without customer approval, to provide or market new services under this classification.**

d. If a customer takes multiple categories of service from the Company (*e.g.*, Talk, Text, Web and International Calling), the scope of the Company’s permissible use of the customer’s CPNI, without customer approval, expands accordingly.

e. SPECIAL FCC CMRS RULE: If the Company provides wireless service, its employees may use, disclose, or permit access to CPNI derived from its provision of Commercial Mobile Radio Services, without customer approval, to provide customer premises equipment (“CPE”) and information services.

3 **Customer-Initiated (In-Bound) Marketing Calls.** When an existing customer calls the Company to inquire about or order new, additional or modified services (in-bound marketing), the Company’s employee may use the customer’s CPNI to assist the customer for the duration of the customer’s call ONLY under the following circumstances:

a. if the Company employee must disclose call detail information or other CPNI to the customer during the call, the employee must: (i) require the caller to establish his or her identity by providing a pre-established password (ii) or the answers to the challenge question and (iii) obtain the customer’s oral consent to the use of his or her CPNI during the call.

b. if the Company employee can use CPNI to assist the customer without disclosing such CPNI to the customer during the call, the employee must obtain the customer’s oral consent to the use of his or her CPNI during the call.

#### **SECTION D.4 -**

4. **CPNI Not Used for Company-Initiated (Out-Bound) Marketing Purposes.** The Company has adopted a policy that it does not and will not use, disclose, or permit access to CPNI in connection with Company-initiated marketing of services to which a customer does not already subscribe from the Company (out-bound marketing). This means that Company employees, agents, and independent contractors are strictly prohibited from accessing or using CPNI to market such services, and from disclosing or distributing CPNI to other employees or agents or outside marketing firms for use in such marketing activities.

**NOTE:** As detailed in Section D.1 above, this policy does not preclude or restrict the Company from conducting general marketing campaigns (including mass mailings, bill inserts, and telemarketing) to its own customers or to the public at large if CPNI is not used to design such campaigns or target particular customers.

## **SECTION D.5**

5. **Sharing of CPNI With Affiliates.** The Company will allow the CPNI for particular customers of the Company's telecommunications services to be accessed or used by, or disclosed or distributed to, an Affiliate (that is, a separate corporation, partnership or other entity) that is doing business with the Company subject to appropriate limitations and customer approval procedures.
  - a. If the Company and Affiliate already provide a group or bundled package of related telecommunications services to a particular customer (for example, local exchange telephone service and long distance toll service), the Company and Affiliate may share the customer's CPNI without obtaining the customer's approval in order to market services within the scope of the group or bundled package of services already provided. [For example, an ILEC that provides local exchange service to a customer, and its IXC affiliate providing toll services to that customer, may use the customer's CPNI without approval to market various bundled packages of local and toll service to the customer.]
  - b. If the Affiliate offers or provides communications-related services (including certain information services containing telecommunications elements), the Company may disclose, distribute, or permit access by the Affiliate to the Company's CPNI for a particular customer ONLY IF the customer is deemed to have provided appropriate verification information on the account.

**NOTE:** Employees are strongly discouraged from making their own judgment calls to resolve uncertainties and ambiguities, and will bear the risk of disciplinary action if they do so and are wrong. Rather, employees are urged to bring uncertainties and ambiguities to the attention of the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer for appropriate resolution.

## **E. Use of CPNI for Billing and Administrative Purposes**

1. **Billing and Collection.** The Company's employees and billing agents may use CPNI to initiate, render, bill and collect for telecommunications services. The Company may obtain information from new or existing customers that may constitute CPNI as part of applications or requests for new, additional or modified services, and its employees and agents may use such customer information (without further customer approval) to initiate and provide the services. Likewise, the Company's employees and billing agents may use customer service and calling records (without customer approval): (a) to bill customers for services rendered to them; (b) to investigate and

resolve disputes with customers regarding their bills; and (c) to pursue legal, arbitration, or other processes to collect late or unpaid bills from customers.

2. **Fraud and Abuse.** The Company's employees and agents (including its attorneys) may use CPNI without customer approval to protect the Company's rights or property, and to protect users and other carriers from fraudulent, abusive or illegal use of (or subscription to) the telecommunications service from which the CPNI is derived.

**NOTE:** Because allegations and investigations of fraud, abuse and illegal use constitute very sensitive matters, any access, use, disclosure or distribution of CPNI pursuant to this Section E.2 must be expressly approved in advance and in writing by the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer.

3. **Prohibition Against Anti-Competitive and Personal Uses.**

- a. The Company's employees, agents and independent contractors may **NOT** use CPNI to identify or track customers who have made calls to, or received calls from, competing carriers.

- b. The Company's employees, agents or independent contractors may not use or disclose CPNI for personal reasons or for their personal profit (*e.g.*, to determine whether a spouse is calling or receiving calls from certain persons). Any such personal use or disclosure of CPNI may result in immediate termination or suspension.

**F. Security of CPNI Files:** Company policy mandates that

1. Files containing CPNI must be maintained in a secure manner such that they cannot be used, accessed, disclosed or distributed by unauthorized individuals or in an unauthorized manner.
2. Paper files containing CPNI must be kept in locked drawers or locked file cabinets in secure areas, and may not be used, removed, or copied in an unauthorized manner.
3. Electronic files and databases containing CPNI must be maintained on computers that are not accessible from the Internet or that are on the Company's intranet behind firewalls that are regularly monitored and tested for effectiveness. In addition, such electronic files and databases may be accessed only by authorized Company employees who have been provided a currently effective strong login ID and password (which password is periodically changed).
4. Company employees, agents and independent contractors are required to notify the CPNI Compliance Officer immediately by telephone or email, and to provide a detailed written follow-up memorandum within no more than two (2) business days,

of any access or security problems they encounter with respect to files containing CPNI.

5. The Company must take reasonable measures to discover and protect against activity that is indicative of pretexting. If the caller provides an inaccurate password and challenge question, the caller will need to go into a store to provide photo identification. If there are any attempts to provide false, suspicious or unusual attempts by an individual to change a customer's password or account information (including providing inadequate or inappropriate identification or incorrect "address or record," "telephone number of record" or other significant service information); (c) any and all discovered instances where access to the Company's electronic files or databases containing passwords or CPNI was denied due to the provision of incorrect logins and/or passwords; and (d) any complaint by a customer of unauthorized or inappropriate use or disclosure of his or her CPNI. In any of these instances, the caller will need to go into a retail location to provide a photo id.

#### **G. Security of Online Accounts**

1. The Company permits its customers to establish online accounts, but requires an appropriate password to be furnished by the customer before he or she can access any CPNI in his or her online account. Such password may NOT be based upon readily obtainable biographical information (*e.g.*, the customer's name, mother's maiden name, social security number or date of birth) or account information (*e.g.*, the customer's telephone number or address).
2. Customers may obtain an initial or replacement password: (i) if they come in person to the Company's business office, produce a driver's license, passport or other government-issued identification verifying their identity, and correctly answer certain questions regarding their service and address; or (ii) if they call a specified Company telephone number from their telephone number of record, and then wait at that number until a Company representative calls them back and obtains correct answers to certain questions regarding their service and address.

#### **H. Call Location Information for CMRS Carriers**

1. The Company and its authorized employees may use CPNI to provide call location information regarding mobile users in certain emergency situations. Except in an unforeseen emergency involving a substantial threat to human life or safety, any and all use or provision of CPNI under this category must involve the specific types or categories of emergencies listed in writing by the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer.

### **VII. Required Certifications and Notices**

3. **Section 64.2010(f) Notice to Customers of Account Changes.** The Company will notify customers immediately of certain changes in their accounts that may affect privacy or security matters.

a. The types of changes that require immediate notification include: (i) change or request for change of the customer's password; (ii) change or request for change of the customer's address of record; (iii) change or request for change of any significant element of the customer's online account; and (iv) a change or request for change to the customer's responses with respect to the back-up means of authentication for lost or forgotten passwords.

b. The notice may be provided by: (i) a Company call or voicemail to the customer's telephone number of record; (ii) a Company text message to the customer's telephone number of record; or (iii) a written notice mailed to the customer's address of record (to the customer's prior address of record if the change includes a change in the customer's address of record).

c. The notice must identify only the general type of change and must not reveal the changed information.

4. **Section 64.2011 Notice of CPNI Security Breach.** The Company must provide an initial notice to law enforcement and a subsequent notice to the customer if a security breach results in the disclosure of the customer's CPNI to a third party without the customer's authorization.

a. As soon as practicable (and in no event more than seven (7) days) after the Company discovers that a person (without authorization or exceeding authorization) has intentionally gained access to, used or disclosed CPNI, the Company must provide electronic notification of such breach to the United States Secret Service and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation via a central reporting facility accessed through a link maintained by the FCC at <http://www.fcc.gov/eb/cpni>.

b. Generally, the Company may not notify Company customers or disclose the security breach to the news media or public for seven (7) full business days after it provides notice to the United States Secret Service and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This "black-out period" is considered very important by the FCC and law enforcement for the success of potential or ongoing criminal and national security investigations, and premature customer notifications or public disclosures may be severely punished. Moreover, law enforcement has the right to direct the Company to extend the "black-out period" as long as necessary to protect or facilitate its investigation.

c. If the Company believes that there is an extraordinary and urgent need to notify any class of affected customers before the end of the relevant "black-out period" in order to avoid immediate and irreparable harm, the Company's CPNI Compliance Officer will consult with counsel and with the relevant law enforcement agency investigating the security breach. The Company may provide notice to the class of affected customers only: (i) if the relevant law

enforcement agency agrees; and (ii) pursuant to any and all conditions, restrictions and prohibitions established by such law enforcement agency regarding such notice.

d. As soon as practicable after the incident, the Company must maintain a record of each discovered CPNI security breach, including: (i) the date of discovery of the breach; (ii) the date, time and content of the electronic notice sent to the United States Secret Service and to the Federal Bureau of Investigation; (iii) correspondence with the relevant law enforcement agency regarding any extensions of the “black-out period”; (iv) the date, time and content of the notification(s) sent to the Company’s customers; (v) a detailed description of the CPNI that was the subject of the breach; and (vi) a detailed description of the circumstances of the breach. Each such record must be retained by the Company for at least two years after it is completed and placed in the Company’s files.

### **VIII. Disciplinary Procedures**

The Company considers compliance with the Communications Act and FCC Rules regarding the use, disclosure, and access to CPNI to be of the utmost importance.

Violation by Company employees and agents of such CPNI requirements will lead to prompt disciplinary action (up to and including remedial training, reprimands, unfavorable performance reviews, probation, and termination), depending upon the circumstances of the violation (including the severity of the violation, whether the violation was a first time or repeat violation, whether appropriate guidance was sought or received from the CPNI Compliance Officer, and the extent to which the violation was or was not deliberate or malicious).

Violation by Company independent contractors of such CPNI requirements will lead to prompt disciplinary action (up to and including remedial training, termination of the contract and/or other remedial legal actions).

**IOWA WIRELESS SERVICES, LLC**

**CPNI MANUAL POLICY ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

I hereby state and acknowledge that I have received a copy of the IOWA WIRELESS SERVICES, LLC, CUSTOMER PROPRIETARY NETWORK INFORMATION COMPLIANCE MANUAL (JANUARY 2015 VERSION), that I am responsible for reviewing and understanding this Manual, and that I understand that any violation of the Company's CPNI procedures may result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal.

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Signature

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Date

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Print Name