

Nokia O-RAN Update

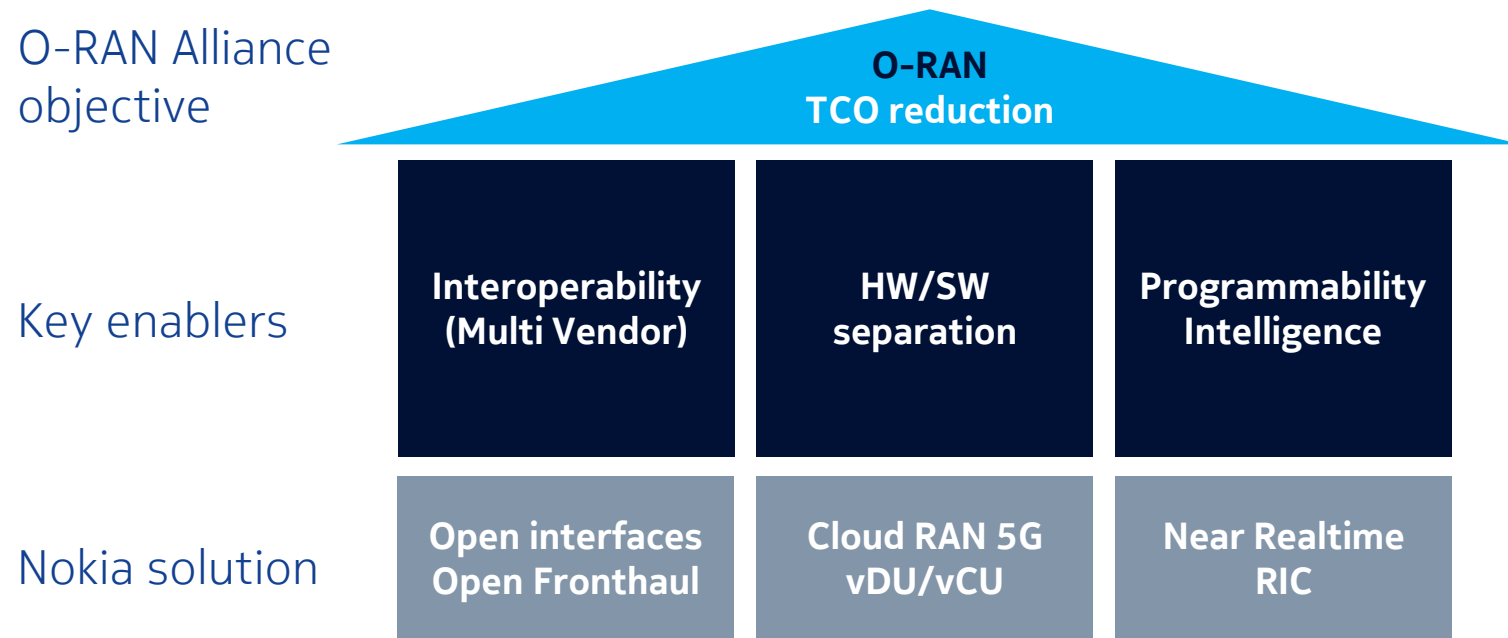
November 2021

Agenda

- Overview of O-RAN
- What is it?
- Nokia O-RAN contribution
- Way forward and questions to be answered

Key areas of O-RAN

Three main pillars build on technical specification work



O-RAN architecture

Functions and interfaces can be selected/deployed independently

Open RAN

Is **not clearly specified**. It can be interpreted in different ways. O-RAN can be considered as a subset.

O-RAN

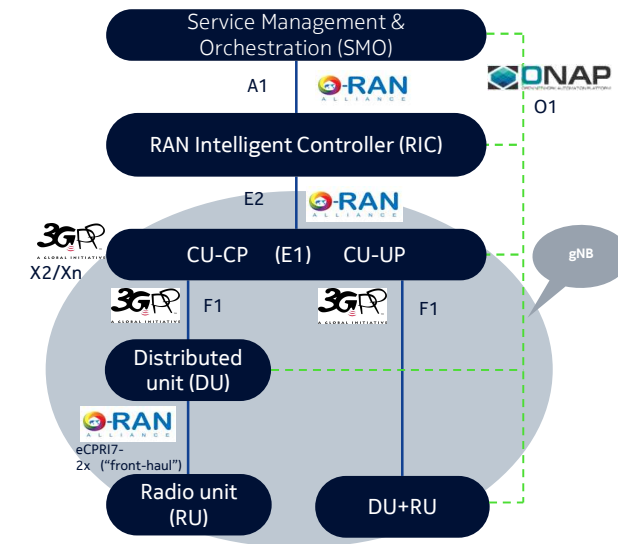
refers to the interfaces and architecture elements as shown, **specified** by the O-RAN Alliance

OpenRAN (w/o space)

Is a project group inside the TIP (Telecom Infra Project). Target is to “... define and build 2G, 3G, 4G, and 5G RAN solutions...”

Oran

A city at the Mediterranean sea in Algeria ☺



- F1 applicable in Cloud
- vRAN 1.0: vCU + (DU + RU)
 - vRAN 2.0: vCU + vDU + RU
- F1 not applicable in Classic
- AirScale BBU: CU+DU

Interface	Status in O-RAN alliance
F1	Spec not completed yet
W1	Spec not completed yet
E1	Spec not completed yet
X2	X2 spec available for Non-Stand Alone (NSA) EN-DC.
Xn	Spec not completed yet
FH	eCPRI 7-2x spec available
E2	Spec available
A1	Spec available
O1	Spec available
O2	Spec not completed yet

What about Cloud RAN? O-RAN and vRAN are inter-related

Cloudification is one of the fundamental tenants of O-RAN

vRAN / Cloud RAN

- “Vertical openness”
- Targets the separation of baseband hardware and software
- multi-vendor option
- work commenced before O-RAN

Application

vDU, vCU

Virtualization / Containerization

Hardware

DataCenter x86



O-RAN / Interfaces

- “Horizontal openness”
- Open interfaces, white box approach, Open Source
- multi-vendor option
- applicable to Classical RAN and vRAN

Example:
O-RAN with
Classical RAN



Example:
O-RAN with
vRAN2.0

