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October 9, 2014

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**Ex Parte**

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Ms. Marlene H. Dortch  
Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
445 12<sup>th</sup> Street, SW  
Washington, DC 20554

**Re: Acceleration of Broadband Deployment by Improving Wireless Facilities Siting Policies, WT Docket No. 13-238**

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On October 7 and 8, 2014, Tamara Preiss and Andy Lachance of Verizon spoke by telephone with Chad Breckinridge, Deputy Chief of the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, to discuss issues in the above-referenced proceeding.

We discussed Verizon's support for measures designed to streamline wireless facilities siting in order to meet growing demand for wireless broadband services.<sup>1</sup> With respect to small cell and DAS deployments, we reiterated our support for PCIA's request for a categorical exclusion from NHPA review of facilities that meet certain volumetric limitations.<sup>2</sup> In particular we asked that the antenna volume limit be applied to *each* antenna, rather than cumulatively (so that all antennas combined do not exceed three cubic feet in volume). This will enable carriers to deploy equipment operating on different frequency bands (i.e., 700 MHz and AWS) and/or technologies (i.e., LTE and Wi-Fi), which require two small antennas that together may exceed the three cubic feet volume limit. To address situations where a wireless provider proposes to locate more than one antenna on the structure, the Commission could adopt a rule stating that the total volume of the antennas may not exceed six cubic feet.

We also asked that the Commission expand the historic preservation relief for small cells and DAS by adopting a set of conditions which if met by any facility would allow the Commission to conclude that no historic properties would be affected. The Commission would

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<sup>1</sup> *Acceleration of Broadband Deployment by Improving Wireless Facilities Siting Policies*, WT Docket No. 13-238, Comments of Verizon and Verizon Wireless (filed February 3, 2014) ("Verizon Comments"); Letter from Tamara Preiss, Verizon, to Marlene H. Dortch, FCC (filed July 14, 2014) ("Verizon July 14 Ex Parte").

<sup>2</sup> Letter from D. Zachary Champ, PCIA HetNet Forum, to Marlene H. Dortch, FCC, WC Docket No. 11-59, GN Docket No. 12-354 (filed July 22, 2013); *see also Verizon Comments* at 10-11.

meet its twin goals of streamlining small cell and DAS deployment and ensuring that historic preservation concerns are addressed by adopting the following conditions:

- That the facility meet the above-referenced volumetric limits proposed by PCIA;
- That the facility not involve ground disturbance beyond that permitted by Section VI.D.2.c.1 of the Nationwide Programmatic Agreement;<sup>3</sup>
- That the facility requires historic preservation review solely due to the age of the structure; and
- That the structure is neither listed in the National Register of Historic Places nor formally determined eligible for listing by the Keeper of the National Register.

We discussed how to define “substantially change the physical dimensions” with respect to non-tower structures under Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act.<sup>4</sup> This statutory provision recognizes that placing additional facilities on existing structures is an ideal way to extend capacity and coverage while limiting the effect on surrounding areas. We suggested adoption of three measures to ensure the appropriate balance is struck: First, if the Commission concludes that different definitions of “substantial change” should apply to tower and non-tower structures, it should apply the definition of substantial change for towers to utility poles. That definition is appropriate because of the significant similarities among wireless towers, on the one hand, and utility poles on the other. Second, the definition for other non-tower structures should allow new facilities to extend up to six feet wider than the widest point on the structure (which may be an appurtenance attached to the structure) and up to 15 feet above the highest point on the structure (which may be an appurtenance attached to the structure). Third, if the Commission adopts a height limitation stated in terms of a percentage of the height of the structure, it should also adopt a minimum allowable height increase to account for circumstances where the structure (i.e., a two-story building) is short, thus making the percentage too small to accommodate wireless facilities. That minimum height should be no less than ten feet above highest point of the structure.

Finally, we discussed the length of the “shot-clock” that applies to a local jurisdiction’s consideration of an application to approve a request for eligible facilities under Section 6409. We stated that an applicant should not be required to wait more than 90 days for action by a local jurisdiction.<sup>5</sup> Thus, if jurisdictions are permitted some period of time (i.e., thirty days) at the end

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<sup>3</sup> Nationwide Programmatic Agreement Regarding the Section 106 National Historic Preservation Act Review Process, 47 C.F.R. Part 1, Appendix C, § VI.D.2.c.1.

<sup>4</sup> Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012, Pub. L. No. 112-96, § 6409(a), 126 Stat. 156 (2012)(codified at 47 U.S.C. § 1455(a)).

<sup>5</sup> See *Acceleration of Broadband Deployment by Improving Wireless Facilities Siting Policies*, WT Docket No. 13-238, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 28 FCC Rcd 14238, 14287 (para. 134) (2013) (seeking comment on a shot clock shorter than the 90 days applicable to Section 332, “given that Section 6409(a) considerably narrows the scope of review”).

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of the shot-clock period to bring action in a court of competent jurisdiction, during which time an applicant may not proceed with its build, then the shot-clock should be no more than 60 days so that the total time allowed is not more than 90 days.

This letter is being filed pursuant to Section 1.1206 of the Commission's Rules. Should you have any questions, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jonathon L. Stein". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

cc: (via e-mail)

Chad Breckinridge