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Before the Federal Communications Commission  
Washington DC

In the Matter of )  
Petition for Rule Making )  
in the Universal Service ) CC docket no 96-45  
E-Rate Program=09 )

I petition today on two matters of some urgency regarding the Universal=20  
Service E-Rate program. First, I have learned that the Common Carrier Bureau=  
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at the request of long distance carriers, has instructed the Universal=20  
Service Administrative Company to  
allow E-Rate vendors to issue non-discounted bills to schools and libraries=20  
through the end of 1999. I ask the Commission to reconsider this decision an=  
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allow certain applicants to self-discount E-Rate eligible bills after=20  
receiving Commitment Letters. Second, the Schools and Libraries Division has=20  
reported that it expects at least \$200 million to be carried over from=20  
funding year one to funding year two. I ask that this substantial carryover=20  
amount be added to the \$2.25 billion Commission approved year two funding,=20  
allowing full funding of all applications received during the year two filin=  
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window.=20

Universal Service legislation in the 1996 Telecommunications Act=20  
specifically called for the FCC to set discount rates for interstate=20  
telecommunications services and that telecommunications carriers shall=20  
provide services =93...at rates less than the amounts charged for similar=20  
services to other parties.=94 Due to a number of circumstances, very few=20  
invoices from local and long distance carriers have been discounted during=20  
the first 18 months of the program. The Commission allowed retroactive=20  
payments to applicants for the entire period because of well documented=20  
problems associated with the roll-out  
of a program of this magnitude.

Retroactive payments to applicants during the first year (18 months)=  
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was an inconvenience to many applicants. Schools and libraries, particularly=20  
those with higher discounts, did not order services until Funding Commitment=20  
Letters arrived between November 1998 and February 1999. These applicants ha=  
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budgeted sufficient funds to cover the non-discounted portion of their=20  
services from the time they had intended to begin service - usually long=20  
before Commitment Letters arrived. Since installations and service start wer=  
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delayed because applicants were awaiting Commitment  
Letters, applicants had sufficient funds in their budgets to =93float=94 ful=  
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payment while waiting for reimbursement checks to arrive.

As we enter the second year of the program, applicants no longer hav=  
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the luxury of delaying service implementation as most have already begun=20  
service and are now faced with on-going charges - charges which they have=20

budgeted at discounts of 40 to 90 percent - in the case of Virginia public school applicants. Applicants in 80 and 90 percent discount categories do not have the option of floating loans this year because telecommunications and Internet budgets will be completely depleted by September or October if they must pay full price for services. If the second year is a repeat of the first, retroactive payments to applicants will be made well into next fiscal year, leaving some applicants over budget.

I ask that applicants with discounts of 70 percent and above be allowed to self discount invoices and place the burden on vendors to collect their undiscounted share. Schools and libraries should not be faced with the prospect of reduced service because they cannot afford to pay non-discounted invoices. A number of Virginia applicants reported that they may be forced to curtail services if required to pay full price for six months. Florida and Michigan both estimate ten percent of their applicants would have difficulty with retroactive payments.

The second issue is equally important to applicants in lower discount bands. For a number of reasons I am sure the Commission will wish to explore, the SLD will have a significant sum of money left over from year one. The SLD recently estimated that figure at \$200 million. I suspect it could be substantially larger.

Under current rules, all applicants receive funding for priority one services and the highest discount applicants receive funding for internal connections in descending order. 1999-2000 demand for funds is estimated at \$2.44 billion and funding set at \$2.25 billion. If the Commission allows year one carryover funds to be additive, sufficient funds will be available to fund all year two applicants for all services. I ask that the Commission allow carryover funds to be added to 1999-2000 contributions and that those contributions remain at the \$2.25 billion level.

Respectfully Submitted,

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