



December 5, 2001

Mark A. Mills
Director
Brown County Communications
123 South Lincoln Street
Aberdeen, SD 57401-4215

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Mr Mills:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist



March 19, 2003

Gordon Vanauken
911 Director
Brown County Regional Communications Center
25 Market St.
Aberdeen, SD 57401

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Vanauken:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Brown County, South Dakota.

As you may know, on March 31, 1997, Mark Mills from Brown County wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Brown County PSAP(s). During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Brown County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

According to FCC rules, Brown County's request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that the PSAP be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Brown County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your County. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Brown County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Brown County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a prominent initial "N" and a long, sweeping underline.

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs



March 19, 2003

David D. Hegg
Watertown Police Department
119 South Maple Street
Watertown, SD 57201

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Hegg:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Codington County, South Dakota.

As you know, Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One, and Codington County have had informal discussions in the past concerning the deployment of wireless E911 service. Western Wireless has not received a formal request for service from Codington County, however there have been discussions concerning the possible deployment of service. During the course of preparing for a possible deployment of service, it was discovered that Codington County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the county acquired the capability to receive Phase I service and had a firm desire to move forward with any deployment plans. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

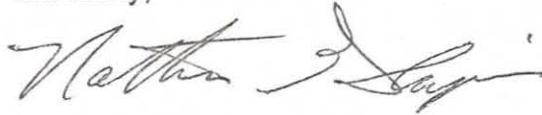
This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your county. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Codington County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

If you should desire to still receive delivery of wireless E911 service, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Codington County submit a formal request for

service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

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Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

December 4, 2001

Marlene Haines
Communications Supervisor
City of Mitchell
201 West First
Mitchell, SD 57301

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Ms. Haines:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier".

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist

Cc: Karl Koch



March 19, 2003

Marlene Haines
City of Mitchell
Department of Public Safety
201 W. First Avenue
Mitchell, SD 57301

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Ms. Haines:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Davison County, South Dakota.

As you know, on October 10, 2001, Davison County wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Davison County PSAP. During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Davison County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

According to FCC rules, Davison County's request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that the PSAP be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Davison County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your county. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Davison County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Davison County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "N" and a stylized "G".

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs



March 19, 2003

Ann Brownell
Communications Supervisor
Spearfish Police Department
625 Fifth Street
Spearfish, SD 57783

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Ms. Brownell:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Lawrence County, South Dakota.

As you know, on October 25, 2000, you wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Spearfish PSAP. During the course of deployment, it was discovered that the Spearfish PSAP was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

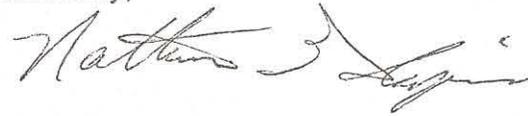
According to FCC rules, your request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that the PSAP be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your PSAP, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the PSAP's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your PSAP has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems the Spearfish PSAP's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service to your PSAP. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of the Spearfish PSAP's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that the Spearfish PSAP resubmit its request for service once it or the LEC has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable your PSAP to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier".

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Tom Sandvick, Lawrence County, SD

March 19, 2003

Tom Sandvick
Lawrence County Sheriff's Office
78 Sherman Street
Deadwood, SD 57732-0405

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Sandvick:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Lawrence County, South Dakota.

As you know, Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One, and Lawrence County have had informal discussions in the past concerning the deployment of wireless E911 service. Western Wireless has not received a formal request for service from Lawrence County, however there have been discussions concerning the possible deployment of service. During the course of preparing for a possible deployment of service, it was discovered that Lawrence County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the county acquired the capability to receive Phase I service and had a firm desire to move forward with any deployment plans. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your County. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Lawrence County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

If you should desire to still receive delivery of wireless E911 service, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Lawrence County submit a formal request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

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Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Ann Brownell



December 5, 2001

Wayne Dusterhoff
Glacier County Sheriff's Office
502 E. Main
Cut Bank, MT 59427

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Mr. Dusterhoff:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

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Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist

March 19, 2003

Wayne Dusterhoff, Undersheriff
Glacier County Sheriff's Office
502 E. Main
Cut Bank, MT 59427

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Dusterhoff:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Glacier County, Montana.

As you know, on April 12, 2000, you wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Glacier County PSAP(s). During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Glacier County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

According to FCC rules, Glacier County's request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that it be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Glacier County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in Glacier County. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Glacier County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement of this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Glacier County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,



Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs



December 5, 2001

Jane Ellis
Communications Supervisor
Missoula County 911
200 W. Broadway
Missoula, MT 59802

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Ms. Ellis:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

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The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

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Thank you.

Sincerely,

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Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist



March 19, 2003

Jane Ellis
Communications Supervisor
Missoula County 911
200 W. Broadway
Missoula, MT 59802

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Ms. Ellis:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Missoula County, Montana.

As you may know, on October 28, 1997, Susan Bomstad of Missoula County wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested information on the delivery of wireless E911 Phase I service to the Missoula County PSAP(s). During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Missoula County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

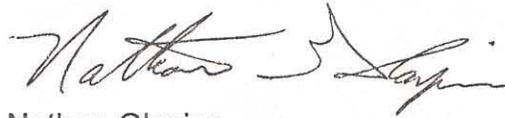
According to FCC rules, Missoula County's request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that it be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Missoula County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in Missoula County. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Missoula County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Missoula County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

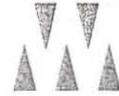
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Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

September 13, 2001



Western Wireless.

Chief Deputy Bradley Lahm
Cass County Sheriff's Office
145 North 4th
P.O. Box 10
Plattsmouth, NE 68048

Re: Non-disclosure and Confidentiality Agreement

Dear Chief Deputy Lahm:

On June 6, 2001 I wrote to you concerning your request for delivery of wireless enhanced 911 Phase I service from Western Wireless Corporation. In that letter I explained briefly about the process for deploying Phase I service in your county, and I also included a copy of a Non-disclosure and Confidentiality Agreement that Western Wireless would like to have executed between it and your county. Have you had a chance to review and sign this Agreement? I have not yet received a copy of it back from you.

As Western Wireless has begun the preparations for the delivery of Phase I service to your county, it has discovered that the Cass County PSAP does not have connectivity in place between it and the Local Exchange Carrier ("LEC") Selective Router. It is the understanding of Western Wireless that this connectivity must be in place in order to deliver Phase I service to you via the Non-Callpath Associated Signaling ("NCAS") method. It has also been explained to me that the State of Nebraska is also supporting the delivery of wireless E911 Phase I service by sending emergency calls through the LEC Selective Router to the PSAP. Without this connectivity in place, your PSAP cannot receive enhanced 911 call information. And as you may know, PSAP enhancement is a prerequisite established by the FCC for the delivery of Phase I service. Please let me know if my understanding of your PSAP capabilities and connectivity is incorrect.

Open communication and our mutual coordination is vital to ensure this project is completed in a timely manner. Western Wireless looks forward to working with you to plan for the delivery of Phase I service to your county in the near future. In the meantime, please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions.

Sincerely,

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist



December 5, 2001

Chief Deputy Bradley Lahm
Cass County Sheriff's Office
145 North 4th
P.O. Box 10
Plattsmouth, NE 68048

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Chief Deputy Lahm:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

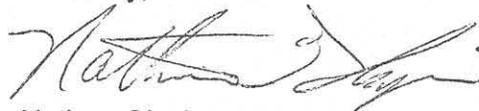
So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a prominent initial "N".

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist



March 20, 2003

Bradley Lahm
Cass County Sheriff's Office
145 North 4th
P.O. Box 10
Plattsmouth, NE 68048

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Lehm:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Cass County, Nebraska.

As you know, on May 25, 2001, you made a request to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One for delivery of wireless E911 Phase I service to the Cass County PSAP. During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Cass County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because it was not connected to a selective router.

According to FCC rules, Cass County's request for service is invalid because it does not satisfy the FCC requirement that it be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. It was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. It is my understanding that the capabilities of your county have not changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Cass County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your county. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Cass County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement of this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Cass County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Nathan" being more prominent than the last name "Glazier".

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Kara Thielen



December 5, 2001

Sherry Peterson
Communications Supervisor
Department of Public Safety
City of Norfolk Communications Center
202 N. Seventh St.
Norfolk, NE 68701

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Ms. Peterson:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,



Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist

July 24, 2002



Sherry Peterson
Communications Supervisor
Department of Public Safety
City of Norfolk Communications Center
202 N. Seventh St.
Norfolk, NE 68701

Re: Postponement of E911 Deployment

Dear Ms. Peterson:

I am writing in response to the Madison County/City of Norfolk request to Western Wireless to begin deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service to your PSAP(s). As you know, the FCC established, as a prerequisite to service, that a PSAP must be capable of receiving and utilizing a Phase I signal as delivered from a wireless carrier. This includes having the necessary network connectivity and contractual arrangements in place between your PSAP and the Local Exchange Carrier ("LEC") that will carry the E911 signal.

It has been brought to the attention of Western Wireless that Madison County and the City of Norfolk do not, as of yet, have the necessary connectivity and contractual arrangements with Qwest that are necessary for your PSAP(s) to successfully receive and utilize the Phase I signal that Western Wireless is preparing to deliver to your PSAP(s). Without these critical network components, and absent a billing arrangement between you and Qwest, Western Wireless can no longer proceed with its deployment activities in your area. It is my understanding that Qwest will not provision trunking facilities necessary for Western Wireless to deliver E911 calls to your PSAP(s) unless and until such contractual arrangements between your City and County are established and any other outstanding issues are resolved. Furthermore, should Western Wireless be able to obtain the necessary trunking facilities from its Mobile Switching Center ("MSC") to the LEC Selective Router, without trunks connecting into your PSAP, the E911 signal will not be able to be received by your PSAP. Such a situation would make Western Wireless' deployment efforts worthless.

For the above reasons, it appears that Madison County and the City of Norfolk have not yet satisfied the FCC's prerequisites for E911 service. Western Wireless is hereby providing notice that it is postponing its E911 deployment efforts in Madison County and the City of Norfolk until it hears from you that the necessary network components and contractual arrangements with Qwest have been established. Western Wireless will take no additional steps at this time to continue its deployment of E911 service to your PSAP(s).

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist

Cc: Kara Thielen



March 20, 2003

Sherry Peterson
Communications Supervisor
Department of Public Safety
City of Norfolk Communications Center
202 N. Seventh St.
Norfolk, NE 68701

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Ms. Peterson:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Madison County, Nebraska.

As you may know, on September 14, 2001, Madison County requested delivery of wireless E911 Phase I service from Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One. During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Madison County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings, the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP, or the absence of the necessary contractual arrangement between your county and the LEC. I understand that this situation has not changed.

According to FCC rules, Madison County's request for service is invalid because it does not satisfy the FCC requirement that the PSAP be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. In earlier discussions with your county, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. This assessment was confirmed in a letter addressed to you on July 24, 2002. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. To date, Western Wireless has not been made aware that the deployment status of your county has changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Madison County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your county. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Madison County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can

resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Madison County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial "N" and "G".

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Kara Thielen



December 5, 2001

Margaret Emanuel
911 Communications
Grand Forks County
122 South 5th Street, Room 228
Grand Forks, ND 58201

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Ms. Emanuel:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless has not yet received confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. In order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its recent amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to locate the caller's location for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period.

Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. Also, the PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary

upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with additional information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline.

Western Wireless desires to work with you in a cooperative manner to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the requests above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier", written in a cursive style.

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist



April 3, 2002

Margaret Emanuel
911 Communications
Grand Forks County
122 South 5th Street, Room 228
Grand Forks, ND 58201

Re: Withdrawal of Request for E911 Service

Dear Ms. Emanuel:

This letter serves to confirm various conversations that I have had with North Dakota public safety officials regarding the delivery of wireless E911 service in Grand Forks County, North Dakota, and my understanding that its request for Phase I service has been withdrawn.

In May 2000, Grand Forks County requested delivery of Phase I service from Western Wireless. During the course of preparing to deliver service to your county, Western Wireless discovered that the county employee making the request, Pete Eggiman, had left the employment of the county. For some period of time, the county did not replace Mr. Eggiman. Western Wireless inquired with the county whether or not it still wanted to move forward with the deployment of Phase I service and was told that, at that time, there were no employees available to work with the company to assist in the coordination of the deployment process.

On December 5, 2001, Western Wireless inquired in writing regarding the current status of the Grand Forks PSAP and its preparedness to receive a Phase I call. I also asked whether or not the county still desired to receive Phase I service. I received no response to my letter. In recent conversations with Russ Lindblom, the Wireless Project Manager with the North Dakota Association of Counties I was told that Grand Forks County would not be deploying Phase I service until a later time, and that when it chose to do so it would make a new request for service to Western Wireless.

This letter confirms the withdrawal of the May 2000 request for E911 Phase I service from Grand Forks County. Western Wireless looks forward to working with your county on the deployment of Phase I service once you are ready to begin the deployment process. Please send your new request for service to me at the address below. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier".

Nathan Glazier
Regulatory Specialist

Cc: Rick Hessinger
Russ Lindblom

July 19, 2002



Brad Homman
Director of Emergency Communications
Dickinson County Emergency Communications Center
109 East First Street, Suite 106
Abilene, KS 67410

Re: FCC Enhanced 911 Rule Clarification
Petition of City of Richardson, Texas

Dear Mr. Homman:

On October 17, 2001, the FCC amended its Enhanced 911 ("E911") rules in response to a Petition from the City of Richardson, Texas to clarify when and how a PSAP can request delivery of service from a wireless carrier. The change was aimed at ensuring that deployment efforts by carriers and PSAPs are maximized to achieve the most effective implementation results. The new rules will help prevent squandering valuable time attempting to deploy service in areas with prevailing technical problems or where the PSAP is not ready to truly receive delivery of the service.

The FCC rule change clarified when a PSAP's request for E911 service can be deemed "valid." Specifically, the amendment changed FCC rules Section 20.18(j), which sets forth the conditions of PSAP readiness under which a PSAP can request E911 service from a wireless carrier.

The rules require that a PSAP (1) make a request for service to a wireless carrier; (2) is capable of receiving and utilizing the Automatic Location Identification ("ALI") and Automatic Number Identification ("ANI") data elements associated with the service; and (3) have a mechanism for recovering the PSAP's costs. Western Wireless must receive confirmation from your county that these three criteria have been met. Furthermore, in order for Western Wireless to proceed with E911 deployment activities in your county, it requires that you respond with the status of your county and PSAP regarding the above three prerequisites.

In its amendment, the FCC further clarified its rules regarding PSAP readiness by requiring a PSAP, upon request from a carrier, to demonstrate that it has met the capability requirements by providing proof that it has ordered the necessary equipment and has commitments from suppliers to have it installed and operational within the applicable six-month deployment period. The FCC determined that such equipment includes, but is not limited to, CPE necessary to identify and/or locate the caller's location, as sent by a wireless carrier, for purposes of dispatching assistance, and that such equipment is scheduled to be installed and operable by the end of the six-month period. Additionally a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to its local exchange carrier for the necessary trunking and other facilities between the selective router and the PSAP. This includes having the necessary contracts in place between your county and the LEC providing your county with such services. Also, the

PSAP is required to substantiate that the necessary upgrades to the 911 selective router, trunking and ALI database are in place or will be in place by the deadline.

For Phase II requests, a PSAP must demonstrate that it has made a timely request to the appropriate local exchange carrier for the ALI database upgrade necessary to receive the Phase II information. This can be satisfied by having the "E2" interface between the PSAP's ALI database and the carrier's mobile positioning center ("MPC").

Lastly, the PSAP must demonstrate that a funding mechanism exists for recovering its costs of facilities and equipment necessary to receive and utilize the E911 data elements to be supplied by the carrier. Satisfying this requirement can be accomplished by citation to or a copy of the relevant funding legislation.

So that Western Wireless might efficiently use its resources in deploying E911 services, Western Wireless requests, in accordance with FCC rules, that you provide it with this specific information on the current status of your county and PSAP, and confirm that the above mentioned three prerequisites have been or will be fully established or operational in your county or PSAP by the end of the deadline. To help facilitate the gathering of this information, Western Wireless has put together a PSAP Preparation Checklist for your county. The information on the Checklist is extremely valuable for a smooth and efficient deployment of service, and will greatly speed along the deployment process for both your county and Western Wireless. Please respond to the questions on the Checklist and complete and sign the Certification box on the back page and return all four pages to me.

Western Wireless desires to work with you to ensure that service can be rolled out in as quick and efficient time frame as possible, and in order to do this a great deal of cooperation and communication between all of the parties is necessary. Having a clear understanding as to the state of preparedness for your PSAP will help tremendously. Your detailed responses to the questions above are required to move forward in the deployment process.

Western Wireless is eager to implement E-911 service in your county and seeks your cooperation and teamwork to make this happen smoothly. Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I look forward to working with you, and can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com.

Thank you.

Sincerely,



Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

Enclosure



March 19, 2003

Brad Homman
Director of Emergency Communications
Dickinson County Emergency Communications Center
109 East First Street, Suite 106
Abilene, KS 67410

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Homman:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Dickinson County, Kansas.

As you know, on July 10, 2002, Dickinson County wrote a letter to Western Wireless Corporation, dba Cellular One and requested delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Dickinson County PSAP. During the course of deployment, it was discovered that Dickinson County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because of PSAP technical shortcomings or because of the LEC's inability to support delivery of Phase I service to your PSAP. I understand that this situation has not changed.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Dickinson County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in your county. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Dickinson County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement with this assessment known to Western Wireless.

According to FCC rules, Dickinson County's request for service is invalid because it does not satisfy the FCC requirement that the PSAP be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. Until the PSAP's capability is upgraded and it can, in fact, receive the service Western Wireless is attempting to deliver to it, the deployment cannot be completed. In the meantime, according to FCC rules, the six-month deployment timeline has been tolled and will not resume until you confirm your ability to receive service.

If this delay continues for an indefinite period of time, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Dickinson County resubmit its request for service once

it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Nathan Glazier". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs



March 19, 2003

Tommy Keesee
Nortex Regional Planning Commission
P.O. Box 5144
Wichita Falls, TX 76307-5144

Re: Wireless E911 Phase I Deployment Status

Dear Mr. Keesee:

I am writing in regard to the deployment of wireless E911 Phase I service in Cottle County, Texas in the Nortex Regional Planning Commission.

As you know, on December 13, 1999, the Texas Commission on State Emergency Communications ("CSEC"), on behalf of the Texas Council of Governments, made a request to Western Wireless Corporation for delivery of E911 Phase I service to the Cottle County PSAP(s). During the course of deployment, it was discovered that the Cottle County was unable to receive delivery of wireless E911 service because it was not connected to a selective router.

According to FCC rules, Cottle County's request for service was invalid because it did not satisfy the FCC requirement that it be able to receive and utilize the Phase I service it had requested. CSEC acknowledged the county's deficiencies and its inability to receive service. In discussions with CSEC, it was Western Wireless' understanding that no deployment of service could be completed in the county's current state of readiness. Furthermore, the Company believed it would be notified once the PSAP acquired the capability to receive Phase I service. As recently as February 20, 2003, Western Wireless received confirmation from you that Cottle County was still not able to receive delivery of E911 Phase I service from wireless carriers.

This letter is to formally notify you according to the FCC's *Richardson Order* that Western Wireless deems Cottle County's request for service to be invalid and that Western Wireless will no longer be continuing its efforts to deploy service in Cottle County. If you disagree with Western Wireless' assessment of Cottle County's capabilities, please contact me immediately so Western Wireless can resume its efforts to deploy service. According to FCC rules, you have 21 days to make your disagreement of this assessment known to Western Wireless.

Furthermore, Western Wireless respectfully requests that Cottle County resubmit its request for service once it has successfully completed the necessary upgrades to enable it to receive wireless E911 Phase I service.

Please don't hesitate to contact me with any questions. I can be reached at (425) 586-8432, or via email at nathan.glazier@wwireless.com. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Nathan Glazier".

Nathan Glazier
Manager of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Kelli Merriweather