

96-48

**From:** Andy Johnson  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/26/03 8:25PM  
**Subject:** Good grief! Don't allow unlimited media consolidation!

**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

Dear Chairman Powell:

Good grief!

The U.S. has been injured severely through the terrifying consolidation of the media.

Now you propose to turn em loose almost without limits!

Are you nuts?

Good grief.

Please

Do not in any way do anything which might further relax the rules allowing for even further consolidation of the media.

Sincerely,  
Andy Johnson  
former member, Florida House of Representatives  
downtobusiness@yahoo.com  
residence:  
12260 Spiney Ridge Drive South  
Jacksonville, FL 32225

**RECEIVED**

MAR 26 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

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Do you Yahoo!?  
Yahoo! Tax Center - forms, calculators, tips, more  
<http://taxes.yahoo.com/>

**CC:** shorty36a@yahoo.com

\_\_\_\_\_  
[Signature]

96-98

SUNSHINE PERIOD

From: John Petric  
To: Mike Powell  
Date: 3/14/03 4:06PM  
Subject: Reject the Bells' Monopoly Bid

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Chairman Michael K. Powell, et.al.  
Federal Communications Commission  
445 SW 12th Street  
Washington, DC 20554

MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Dear Commissioners,

Elimination of competitive access to wholesale phone networks will do nothing but kill the not yet here, and much anticipated local competition, and leave consumers with the worst of both worlds, an unregulated monopoly.

Please reject the Bell's self serving proposals to eliminate the UNE-Ps. which would pave the way for a bigger, meaner phone monopoly unrestrained by regulatory oversight.

Verizon's director of governmental affairs, Sean M. Looney, told the Maryland House Economic Matters Committee in Annapolis that federal regulators are expected to approve Verizon's plan next week. Verizon, the dominant local carrier in the state, said that if the plan is approved it will also be allowed to provide long-distance service.

A similar plan went into effect in Virginia recently, where for about \$50 a month a residential customers may make unlimited calls to anywhere in the state, the continental U.S. and Canada, Mr. Looney said.

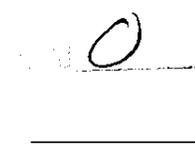
Mr. Looney appeared before the Committee to oppose the two Maryland State bills, House Bill 898. IntraCounty and Adjacent Local Calling, and House Bill 899. Countywide Local Calling, that seek to fix local telephone calling area problems and would require phone companies to provide toll-free service on all calls within the same county or calls between a point in one county and another point within 40 miles of that county's geographical area or whichever is larger, a measure that has long been supported by some area residents.

Please, DO NOT approve the monopolistic Verizon's request for long distance service until it divests itself of the monopoly control in continues to hold in the tri-state region plus. Selling inter-connection agreements is not "competition." Not close, not by even a mile. Prices with Verizon keep going up and nothing is here to keep the restraints in check.

Your expedited cooperation in this matter IS sincerely appreciated. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Ivan (John) Petric  
IPetric@Netzero.Net  
6343 Meadowland Drive  
Dunkirk, MD 20754-9535-1  
301-855-7009 (Home Metro)  
410-286-8549 (Local Line)  
<http://www.chesapeake.net/~will268/>  
<http://www.geocities.com/ipetric1945/>



CC: Kathleen Abernathy, Michael Copps, KM KJMWEB, Commissioner Adelstein

96-98

**From:** Rick Leach  
**To:** Commissioner Adelstein  
**Date:** 3/10/03 4:31PM  
**Subject:** Comments to the Commissioner

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MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Rick Leach (rleach@primus ca) writes:

I recently read an article that stated that you felt you were not fully informed on what you actually voted for in regards to the elimination of linesharing. If this is the case what are your plans to rectify this disastrous decision that essentially crippled a facilities based provider such as COVD and will lead to **less** and less broadband competition and hence increased consumer prices.

Thanks

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Server protocol: HTTP/1.0  
Remote host: 216.191.249.82  
Remote IP address: 216.191.249.82



96-98

**From:** George K Issa  
**To:** Commissioner Adelstein  
**Date:** 3/10/03 3:45PM  
**Subject:** Your Line Sharing Vote

SUNSHINE FIER

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MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Hello Mr. Adelstein.

I was reading an article today which stated that, while voting for the line sharing rules during the Triennial Review proceedings, you were not fully informed about what you were voting for. If this statement is correct, it is a disgrace to every American consumer that is interested in DSL service. Unreal! If this decision is not overturned, I am calling for your resignation as a public official. You are in control of the USA's communications infrastructure and you didn't know what you were voting for?

I used that excuse in the 8th grade when I voted for the class president who ended up losing our recess privileges. The fact of the matter is this: can you give me ONE reason how phasing out line sharing will benefit the American consumer? I highly doubt it. Any clarification you can provide would be beneficial.

George Issa

**CC:** Kevin Martin



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**From:** CastelP3@aol.com  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 3/1/03 7:03PM  
**Subject:** communication

**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

96-98

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**MAR 20 2003**

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

I don't think that it's in the best interest of our country to have the power of the communication industry concentrated in so few hands.

S.Castellani

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96-98

**From:** Wavne Harris  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/22/03 9:54AM  
**Subject:** 'Very' disappointed in yesterday's ruling on broadband

**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

Dear Mr. Powell

I am not speaking for my employer, **but** as a Vice President of Technology for a local Chamber of Commerce and as a residential consumer of broadband, I am extremely disappointed in the FCC's decision yesterday freeing the major telecommunications companies to extend their monopolies to broadband Internet access.

This quote from Carl Oppedahl, founder of the Ruby Ranch Network, excerpted from a CNET article "DSL customers brace for higher prices" says it better than I could:

"The FCC seems to have given no thought to the plight of the actual customer." said Oppedahl, who helped set up the co-op in 2001 because commercial DSL service wasn't offered in his neighborhood "We're all still reeling in shock from yesterday's ruling."

I don't have a paid lobbyist in Washington, **but** you need to understand that there are a lot people like me throughout the country paying close attention to this issue.

Wayne Harris  
Tallahassee, Florida

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**MAR 20 2003**

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

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**From:** Kinsey Lowe  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/22/03 1 01 PM  
**Subject:** Telco deregulation

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Federal Communications Commission  
 Office of the Secretary

Dear Mr. Powell:

This may be long, but please bear with me.

Your position on deregulation is understandable, **but** at least in California and with SBC, consolidation has not worked out. In fact, even the 1996 law has resulted in vastly degraded service, at least from the customer service standpoint. SBC is interested in acquiring companies and increasing stock value and wealth, not providing real service.

Before the merger of SBC and Pacific Bell, dealing with the phone company was never a chore or unpleasant. Service was prompt and efficient with virtually no waiting on hold for a Pacific Bell representative. In 1998 I acquired DSL service, and the experience was excellent, download speeds sometimes as high as the initially advertised 1.5 megabytes per second. **It's** a great product, under the right circumstances. I had two phone lines in my home, one for business and internet, the other personal. I chose Pacific Bell for my mobile service.

When SBC merged with Pacific Bell, I didn't notice much change at first. Then when I purchased a new home in a different neighborhood in Los Angeles in April of 2000, I experience moderate waiting time on hold, 45 seconds to maybe 5 minutes, in making arrangements for the move. When I actually moved, I found my self-install DSL software didn't allow me to connect.. I am fairly technically adept at following instructions, and installed the software per instructions left by the wiring installer.

I experienced multiple long waits on hold, never less than 30 minutes, sometimes as long as 45. This was particularly annoying on a couple of occasions when I was disconnected after waiting, only have to dial in again and wait another 45 minutes to speak to a service representative who didn't always have the expertise to solve the problem. Since I do have to sleep and since my job does require that I actually be at work for as much as 12 hours on many days, this process of actually getting the DSL service to work took nearly two months. I remember it was definitely more than six weeks but I cannot say for sure that it actually took two months. It did however take many phone calls, two subsequent visits by technicians who gave me special phone numbers to call to attempt to minimize any waits on hold. One of them even gave me his cell phone number because he thought what was happening to me was outrageous.

It turns out because I am at the outer limit of the maximum distance from the telephone exchange that my service had to be capped at 384K download speed (in practice, 327K) but I still pay the full \$49.95 per month. A technician obtained a static IP address to ensure stability, on the grounds that I was not a new customer but an existing customer

I have tried to upgrade to increased speeds, but I have been unable to get via e-mail an indication that anyone knows what I am talking about when I explain my situation. I asked if there was any time frame for SBC to upgrade its system with satellite DSL hubs or connection points that would bring it closer to my home. Some e-mails to SBC received NO response, and most received what amounted to form responses that indicated the person on the service end either had not actually read my e-mail or did not understand it. A person I reached by phone said it was not possible to upgrade, but the SBC website indicates otherwise.

My cable company (Adelphia, **ahem**) does not yet offer high-speed internet service. so I stuck with SBC another year or so since I was reasonably satisfied with the service but not thrilled as I had been at the old location. Then the other day I e-mailed Covad, explaining my situation, and I received a response within **24** hours offering a guaranteed speed of 1 megabyte per second and possibly as high as 1.5, for about \$20 more a month. I signed up, but I could cancel at any time for 30 days.

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I decided to give SBC another try. Previously I had found that someone answered the phone much more quickly when SBC was selling something, but this did not happen. After waiting for 2 minutes while I was busy at work, my memory came back of all the headaches of waiting endlessly on hold for someone in DALLAS who might or might not be able to answer my questions, I hung up. I'll see what happens with Covad, which maintains some of its own equipment. I managed to sign a contract that will freeze my rate for two years so the FCC's recent telco decision will not affect my rates.

Because I have two phone lines, I was able to switch my local service this year to MCI. which was my long distance carrier long before the crook Bernie Ebbers got involved. I've had no problems with MCI and I get a flat rate for a package including long distance, voice mail, call forwarding and waiting and caller i.d. on that line, for about the same as my lowest bill under SBC. I had kept my separate DSL and work phone line with SBC out of loyalty to PacBell to see if anything got better, but I see that it hasn't. SBC will get the \$20 or so for a simple tone service but that line is not used for long distance, and soon they won't get my DSL service either.

The federal government has been listening too long to lobbyists who want to make it easier for stock traders to make money swapping stock and arranging mergers rather than creating products or delivering real service. The real reason regulation came into being in the first place is because business as a whole ultimately could not be relied upon to police itself. Self-regulation is a fiction, and the situation in the airline industry contrary to popular belief, I think demonstrates it perfectly, at least in terms of the big carriers.

Thank you for your attention

Incidentally, I have no complaint about any my taxes. Someone has to pay for upkeep. Unlike a lot of Republicans and some Democrats in Congress, I understand that bills have to be paid.

Respectfully,

(Ronald) Kinsey Lowe  
Citizen, homeowner, taxpayer and voter  
4156 Ranons Avenue  
Los Angeles

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**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

MAR 20 2003

**From:** Robin Hood  
**To:** Mike Powell

**Date:** 2/22/03 1:15PM  
**Subject:** Your efforts

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Mr. Powell,  
Thank you for your efforts to stop the unfair utilization of the Bell's network by the likes of World Com. I am a shareholder in SBC and a former one in World Com. I lost \$16,000 in World Com because of their fraudulent lying and cheating. How can the other commissioners back the likes of World Com against the Bells who are honest? I am stuck in a small town in Kansas, I have no DSL and I want it through SBC. It doesn't sound like SBC will risk further investment when they can't make money on their basic telephone business. Tell Mr. Martin I am disappointed with his judgment ..tellhim I think he is an idiot.  
Dr. R.P.Hood  
rph@dustdevil.com

96.98

**From:** Nigel Stepp  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/23/03 4:34PM  
**Subject:** Can anything be done? (CC 01-338)

**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

This message is regarding CC Docket No. 01-338

Chairman Powell, after reading your dissenting opinion, I see that you indeed have an excellent grasp of the current DSL market and community.

I, especially as a business owner who requires the superior service of non-Bell DSL, am worried, and close to frightened, of what may come of this recent ruling.

I am confident that Covad in particular will make it, but my worry lies with resellers such as Speakeasy. If their service is priced prohibitively, or taken away all together, then choice of DSL provider will be limited, essentially, to the ILECs. ILEC DSL service, in my experience, is nothing short of abysmal.

Is there anything that individuals and business owners such as myself can do to help correct this egregious mistake?

I hope that this message, in some way, reaches your attention, and that my concern (which I believe is the concern of many) comes through.

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**MAR 20 2003**

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

**From:** jmk  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/24/03 1:52PM  
**Subject:** Linesharing and the STATES

**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

96-98

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MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

On February 4, 2003, the California Public Utility Commission (CPUC) upheld line sharing, claiming the right to increase unbundling requirements irrespective of the FCC's policy or Triennial Review

Because cable modem services are not available to a substantial percentage of California residents and since

line sharing is critical to driving a competitive DSL market, in addition to supporting existing DSL service to one million California residents, the CPUC mandated line sharing as an unbundled network element (UNE).

Further, as ILECs have indicated they recover loop costs from tariffed services (i.e., voice) and because CLECs cannot offer a competitive DSL product while paying a monthly fee, the CPUC mandated that ILECs

offer competitors access to high frequency portions of loops (HFPL) at zero cost

The CPUC believes states have authority to mandate UNEs to be unbundled regardless of the necessary and

impair test of the FCC

We believe the decision has implications for other state postures towards broadband UNEs. Further, it underscores that the Triennial Review, which calls for a three-year phase-out of line sharing among other UNEs, has not provided clarity to the market. It may set a floor for unbundling but not a cap on the list of UNEs that states make available to competitors, which could have positive implications for competitors

From CPUC

Regards.

Joshua Kuhn



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9/6-98 RECEIVED

From: JEREMY A SCOTT

SUNSHINE PERIOD

To: Mike Powell  
Date: 2/24/03 3:55PM

MAR 2 0 2003

Subject: Congratulations on a Job Well Done! -- Just a few questions though  
Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

I want to take this opportunity to congratulate the FCC on completing the Triennial Review. I've always admired the FCC for their prudent thinking and well thought out decisions. I prefer a rather "laissez-faire" approach to most markets, with little government intervention, with the exception of very few. It is such a relief these days to know that there are still smart hardworking Americans who apply sound economic principles when making rules to ensure that their employers receive the most benefit.

Over the last few years, and more so during the past week, I have been quite confused as to whom the FCC is employed by. I had thought that the FCC was established by the federal government to bring order to chaos by dividing up the radio frequency spectrum and licensing parts of it to broadcasters and two way communications providers. In 1996 the legislative branch gave the FCC expanded powers to regulate fixed wire line telecommunications for the purposes of stimulating competition in the local telephone market.

Why did Congress do this? As we all know, the legislative branch of the government are not technological experts - nor should they be, their most attractive qualities lie in that of deciding who gets when what and how. Congress put **its** trust in the FCC's expertise to craft rules from complicated technological matters that would result in increased competition for wire line services.

We all know that Congress is lobbied constantly by various interests and is very much subject to various agendas of various groups, the least of which is that of the will of the American people. To their credit, they know this. That's why the FCC, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies exist. It is up to the judicial branch, the executive branch, and when necessary, regulatory agencies to make sure that there is an adequate separation of powers so that Americans do not have to continually suffer from alternate agendas. It is only because of this balance that the United States is the most powerful economy in the world.

It appears to me that in the course of about an hour and a half, the kind of politicking and horse trading normally reserved for our esteemed members of Congress has occurred at the FCC to the detriment of all. It's too bad that the FCC Commissioners didn't pay attention to the economic concept of "game theory", but instead relied upon selfish agendas which I can find no basis for other than to further their political careers.

(Is it true that Commissioner Kevin Martin is resigning?)

I have many more questions, among them:

- o Were there any unofficial communications from the White House to Commissioner Kevin Martin that might have persuaded him to act in a manner that we typically prescribe to French Olympic figure skating judges?
- o Did anyone from the Bully Pulpit promise Martin the chairman's job in exchange for railroading Powell's agenda?
- o Did someone decide at the last minute that eliminating Covad Communication's right to compete was more politically expendable than AT&T's right to compete? (Side note: Haven't **we** learned our lesson with AT&T?)
- o Did you know that Covad Communications has a broadband infrastructure that is currently capable of serving 40 million homes (%40 of the DSL market) and only shares components of the RBOC infrastructure that cannot be easily duplicated?

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But I digress, those are the hard questions. What I really want to know *is* how the most recent rulemakings align with the Telecommunications Act of 1996. I want to know where, explicitly, in the Act it mandates that the FCC must prefer one form of competition over another. I want to know the justification for reinstating one monopoly so that it may compete with another, and how all that translates into something better for the consumer.

Now that you have impeded Covad from servicing 40 million residential customers, it's time to break out the economic text books. I want to know how deregulating a natural monopoly that holds 90% of market share brings lower prices and more choices to consumers. I want to know how rules that shirk Congress's 1996 intent and maintain the current broadband cartel benefit the consumer.

For all the negativity I may seem to express here, I'm really not that perturbed at all. After all, the Bells have claimed they're just a few rule changes (re: elimination of competition) away from deploying advanced next generation broadband services. I think now that Covad is effectively out of the picture, they got their wish.

When can I expect a fiber optic loop to my house?

**CC:** Kathleen Abernathy, Michael Copps, KM KJMWEB. Commissioner Adelstein

### SUNSHINE PERIOD

96-98

# RECEIVED

MAR 20 2003

**From:** Precursor Group - Scott Cleland  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/24/03 8:17PM  
**Subject:** Return to Negative Telecom Outlook

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Summary: Precursor advises an abrupt flip to underweight of telecom services and telecom equipment. We were flat wrong that FCC Chairman Powell had the votes in the Triennial Review to deliver on his planned deregulatory telecom agenda. Precursor now advises an underweight for SBC, BLS, and Q and a marketweight for VZ, which is relatively the safest telecom big cap. We also advise an underweight of telecom equipment, because their primary customers face more profit pressure, but we maintain an overweight for CSCO, which is relatively unaffected. This FCC vote was the most important telecom policy decision since passage of the Telecom Act in 1996. Contrary to our deregulatory expectations, the prevailing Democratic majority coalition increased phone regulation, expanded UNE-P, and added investment uncertainty to the core business that comprises most of the telecom industry's profitability. Simply, the FCC majority chose more government price reductions for consumers over stimulating job creation and investment. The FCC also increased its anti-investment bias by favoring resellers over infrastructure owners and equipment suppliers. Why we were wrong: We were wrong that a Republican majority would vote to deregulate telecom to spur investment and growth in the sector and that the White House could/would deliver Republican unity on this decision. (The full research can be accessed by viewing the attached PDF file.)

Registered Clients visit Precursor Research Archives. Forgotten your password? Email [websupport@precursorgroup.com](mailto:websupport@precursorgroup.com) or call Daniel Pfenenger at (202) 828-7823.

Scott C. Cleland, CEO  
The Precursor Group  
202-828-7800 phone  
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[scleland@precursorgroup.com](mailto:scleland@precursorgroup.com)

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96-98

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From: tbuccelli@ieee.org  
To: Mike Powell  
Date: 2/26/03 11:59AM  
Subject: Will the Bells crush Net calling?

MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

This NEWS COM (<http://www.news.com/>) story has been sent to you from tbuccelli@ieee.org

Message from sender:

I was recently disappointed in the manner in which the FCC let the Bell ILEC companies off the hook and hurt the possibility for improved service levels and increased competition in the broadband market.

I am a University of Chicago MBA grad and firm believer in the free market, but only when a position is determined by market forces. The Bells were allowed to build their networks risk-free on the backs of consumers and now they are hoarding them to the detriment of their competitors and consumers.

The attached column for news.com is better able to articulate the issues, but as a concerned citizen, I felt the need to pass it on

Thank you for your time.

Thomas Buccelli

Will the Bells crush Net calling?  
By Sue Ashdown February 26, 2003, 4:00 AM PT  
<http://news.com.com/2100-1069-985856.html>

Sue Ashdown, executive director of the American ISP Association, **sees** dangerous precedent if the Bells lobby successfully to get fees slapped on Internet phone calls.

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SUNSHINE PERIOD 96-98

RECEIVED

**From:** xspook@cuisp.com  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/26/03 5:05PM  
**Subject:** Bells no longer share lines

MAR 20 2003

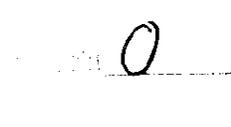
Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Dear Mr. Powell,

You have just made a big mistake ruling that the Bells no longer need to share their lines. Over time the mistake will become clear.

In such matters one should never "believe" their decision is correct. Rather, one must always "know" their decision is correct.

Sincerely,  
CR Hyde  
17694 Ryland Chapel Road  
Rixeyville, VA 22737



SUNSHINE PERIOD 96-98 RECEIVED

**From:** aduran@rmail.utexas.edu  
**To:** Mike Powell  
**Date:** 2/26/03 5:26PM  
**Subject:** ILECs and CLECs

MAR 20 2003  
Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

Mr. Powell:

When will the FCC consider reversing its worst decision in its 69 year history? Forcing local carriers to open their networks to other carriers, namely long distance behemoths such a at&t and WorldCom, at an operating loss is criminal. The telecoms have been crippled by the recent recession, and finally after showing some signs of life and stability, they are now in serious trouble, and will soon cut spending, as SBC vowed and Verizon suggested, jobs, and technology improvements as well. I guess this is what generally happens when government interferes in the private sector.

I do not expect Mr. Powell to read this, but I do hope you guys have received enough mail to consider reviewing this decision that will have such a detrimental effect on an already weak recovery.

Regards,  
Alex Duran

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**SUNSHINE PERIOD**

96-98

**From:** George K Issa  
**To:** glandrith@ff.org  
**Date:** 2/26/03 5:29PM  
**Subject:** Hello George

Hello George,

My name is George Issa and I am a 21 year old college student in Boston, Ma.

After reading your statement in the FF press release today, I am disgusted with your organization.

Plain and simple. long distance charges have come down 33% each year for the last 3 years. Competition? Yes, definitely! That is great! At some point, profitable CLEC's who enjoy une-p should be required to purchase their own switches. It is good for the economy and for the capitalistic system we call USA.

The biggest problem from the Triennial Review was the removal of line sharing as a **UNE**. Absolutely no point. This will kill competitive DSL broadband options in the residential market and re-monopolize the Bells in this arena. No one seems to have read Monopolists 101. That includes the gang of 5 as well (even though 4 of 5 rejected this in their statements... how did it pass again?), as evidenced by their stupid commentary on Bell quid pro "investment" today in the hearing.

Little Covad was certainly no threat to Bells DSL market share, but guess what. Covad was sure as hell a threat to their pricing power on DSL, and that is the ball game. The only real competition to that pricing power in wireline broadband. That has to be Martin's motivation per Bells for pushing so hard on the line sharing issue.

Tell me, why would the Bells now invest in fiber? **THEY WON'T**. Because now that they are the only game in town (even with HYBRID line access, unbelievable), they have no reason to get off copper which already exists. No one is competing with them. If you are a kid on the corner selling lemonade, you can charge anything you want and use the worst ingredients. Same as what the Bells will do now. They know that customers don't really care whether it is copper or fiber, they care about price!

Also, deregulating the hybrid lines, now every copper line in the country will have 20 ft of fiber so it is considered hybrid and off limitations! Line sharing must be reinstated! Last Thursday made me feel sorry for being American. Big money rules. Your comments support that.

Kind Regards,  
 George Issa  
 617201.0207

O \_ \_

**CC:** Mike Powell, Kevin Martin

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MAR 20 2003

Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

SUNSHINE PERIOD

96-98

**From:** tom barger  
**To:** Commissioner Adelstein  
**Date:** 3/7/03 10:07AM  
**Subject:** [Fwd: pho: History of Payola]

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Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

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Federal Communications Commission  
Office of the Secretary

From: owner-pho@onehouse.com  
To: Vietnamese Beef Noodle Soup  
C  
Subject: pho: History of Payola

SAME OLD SONG AND DANCE

The recording companies are tired of paying radio to play  
their songs No wonder They've been doing it for 80 years

<http://www.washingtoncitypaper.com/archives/cover/2003/cover0228.html>

Art

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This is the pho mailing list, managed by Majordomo 194.4.

To send a message to the list, email [pho@onehouse.com](mailto:pho@onehouse.com)  
To send a request to majordomo, email [majordomo@onehouse.com](mailto:majordomo@onehouse.com) and put your  
request in the body of the message (use request "help" for help).  
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