

Before the  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION  
Washington, DC, 20554

In the Matter of )  
Creation of a Low ) MB Docket No. 99-25  
Power Radio Service )

My name is Joseph D'Alessandro (WREBG-LP), and I strongly support any actions the Federal Communications Commission can take to expand and support the Low Power FM radio service.

"Substantive Due Process of Law, and Civil, and Legal Rights."

(I) I must have have Primary Status, i have \$20,000.00 thousand dollars in my station now. As of Tuesday, 26 July, 2005 i am investing another \$10,000.00 thousand

(II) Saturday, July 09, 2005

Ms. Marlene H. Dortch  
Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
445 Twelfth Street, S.W.  
12th Street Lobby - TW - A325  
Washington, D.C. 20554

DOCKET FILE COPY

ORIGINAL

Re: Petition for Rule Making  
Amendment of 73.801 MB Docket No.  
Millsboro, Delaware (Channel 300)

Dear Ms. Dortch:

Enclosed is an original Petition AND 4 COPYS f o r Rule Making for ( Medium Power FM RADIO ) WRBG-LP, Channel (300), at Millsboro, Delaware.

Respectfully submitted,  
23136 Prince George Drive  
Angola Estates

Lewes, delaware 19958-9342  
(302) 945-1554

Before the  
Federal Communications Commission  
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of MB Docket 04-41  
(MPFM) RADIO  
Amendment of 73.801 MB Docket No.  
F'M Broadcast Stations )  
Millsboro, Delaware (Channel 300)

To: John Karousos, Assistant Chief  
Audio Division of the  
Media Bureau

PETITION FOR RULE MAKING

Pursuant to 47 C.F.R. 1.401, Joseph D'Alessandro  
respectfully petitions the FCC to institute a Rule Making  
proceeding to amend to add  
(300) Millsboro, Delaware as MPFM Station

DISCUSSION

DIVERSIFYING OWNERSHIP IN THE  
COMMERCIAL FM RADIO BAND (92.1 – 107.9 mHz)  
deregulatory

Create Medium Power FM Stations

A relatively easy first step toward efficient spectrum utilization would be the creation of new classes of FM stations. By way of illustration, two new classes of stations, to be known as “Medium Power FM” (“MPFM”) could be created as follows:

Class A1: 1,500 watts at 100 meters HAAT  
Class A2: 1,000 watts at 50 meters HAAT

These stations would be considerably less powerful than a Class A facility. MPFM stations would principally be designed for communities where even a Class A facility is not necessary to serve the entire public, or for niche service to neighborhoods in large markets.

LPFM power levels are extremely low, and LPFM is entirely noncommercial. Consequently, MPFM would achieve public service goals that LPFM was not designed to achieve.

While MPFM might not be viable in every region of the nation, it could have substantial usefulness in the less populated areas of the southern, midwestern, mountain and northwestern states, many of which are likely to experience rapid population growth and diversification over the next generation. MPFM stations would be particularly beneficial to minorities by making possible cost-effective geographic niche service in large markets, and by making possible full market coverage in medium or small markets where new entrants often begin to build their companies.

MPFM stations would be subject to the same interference criteria as full power stations, and they would be regulated like full power stations. Their 60 mV/m contours might, for example, extend about 8-12 miles from the tower. Thus, they would be suitable for full coverage of a small town or county, or of a neighborhood or borough of a large city.

The process of licensing MPFM stations could be tailored so as to provide points of entry for small entrepreneurs. For example, the Commission should consider using eligibility criteria to directly promote ownership by socially and economically disadvantaged businesses. And Disabled.

Signed Mr. Joseph D'Alessandro  
23136 Prince George Drive  
Angola Estates  
Lewes, Delaware, 19958-9342