

February 27, 2009

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Via ECFS

Ms. Marlene H. Dortch
Office of the Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, SW
Suite TW-A325
Washington, D.C. 20554

**RE: Annual 47 CFR 64.2009(e) CPNI Certification
EB Docket No. 06-36**

Dear Secretary Dortch:

Pursuant to Section 64.2009(e), please find enclosed DigitalBridge Communications Corp.'s (Filer ID # 827208) annual CPNI compliance certificate and accompanying statement of operating procedures for the 2008 reporting period.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 202-457-5312.

Sincerely,



Rebecca L. Murphy
Associate

cc: Best Copy and Printing, Inc. (via email)

Annual 47 CFR 64.2009(e) CPNI Certification
EB Docket 06-36
2008

Date filed: February 27, 2009

Name of company covered by this certification: DigitalBridge Communications Corp.

Form 499 Filer ID: 827208

Name of signatory: Joseph S. Kochan

Title of signatory: Secretary

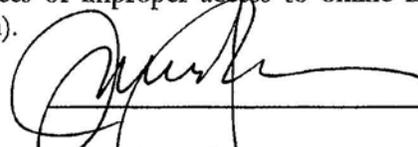
Reporting Period: July 23, 2008¹ – December 31, 2008

I, Joseph S. Kochan, certify that I am an officer of DigitalBridge Communications Corp. ("DBC"), and acting as an agent of DBC, that I have personal knowledge that DBC has established operating procedures that are adequate to ensure compliance with the Commission's CPNI rules. See 47 C.F.R. § 64.2001 *et seq.*

Attached to this certification is an accompanying statement explaining how DBC's procedures ensure that DBC is in compliance with the requirements set forth in section 64.2001 *et seq.* of the Commission's rules.

DBC has not taken any actions (proceedings instituted or petitions filed by a company at either state commissions, the court system, or at the Commission against data brokers) against data brokers in the past year. DBC must report on any information that they have with respect to the processes pretexters are using to attempt to access CPNI, and what steps DBC is taking to protect CPNI.

DBC has not received any customer complaints in the past year concerning the unauthorized release of CPNI (number of customer complaints a company has received related to unauthorized access to CPNI, or unauthorized disclosure of CPNI, broken down by category or complaint, *e.g.*, instances of improper access by employees, instances of improper disclosure to individuals not authorized to receive the information, or instances of improper access to online information by individuals not authorized to view the information).



Joseph S. Kochan
Secretary
DigitalBridge Communications Corp.

¹ DBC initiated VoIP service on July 23, 2008. Therefore DBC is reporting only for the period in which it provided VoIP service in 2008.

Accompanying CPNI Compliance Statement

Pursuant to Section 64.2009(e) of the Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC") rules, this statement explains how DigitalBridge Communications Corp.'s ("DBC") operating procedures ensure compliance with Part 64, Subpart U of the FCC's rules. DBC prohibits the use of its VoIP customers' CPNI for marketing purposes by itself and between its affiliates.

DBC's CPNI Policies and Procedures Manual includes an explanation of what CPNI is and when it may be used without customer approval. Employees with access to DBC's VoIP customers' CPNI have been trained as to when they are and are not authorized to use CPNI. DBC's CPNI Policy Manual describes the disciplinary process related to noncompliance with CPNI obligations, and sets forth the penalties for non-compliance, which can include termination of employment. DBC has established a supervisory review process regarding DBC compliance with the FCC's CPNI rules. DBC requires affirmative written/electronic subscriber approval for the release of CPNI to DBC's joint venture partners, independent contractors, or third parties.

Joseph S. Kochan, a corporate officer, has been named as the CPNI Compliance Officer and is held responsible for annually certifying that DBC is in compliance with the FCC's CPNI rules and submitting the certification and an accompanying statement explaining how DBC complies with the FCC's CPNI rules by March 1.

Prior to any solicitation for customer approval, DBC provides notification to the customer of the customer's right to restrict the use of, disclosure of, and access to that customer's CPNI. DBC maintains written record of any notification for at least one year. DBC understands that individual notice to customers must be provided when soliciting approval to use, disclose or permit access to a customer's CPNI.

DBC takes reasonable measures to discover and protect against attempts to gain unauthorized access to CPNI. DBC authenticates a customer prior to disclosing CPNI based on customer initiated telephone contact, online account access, or an in-store visit.

DBC only discloses call detail information over the telephone, based on customer-initiated telephone contact, if the customer first provides a password that is not prompted by the carrier asking for readily available biographical information or account information. If a customer does not provide a password, DBC only discloses call detail information by sending it to an address of record or by calling the customer at the telephone of record. If the customer is able to provide call detail information during a customer-initiated call without DBC's assistance, then DBC is permitted to discuss the call detail information provided by the customer.

DBC has established a system of passwords and password protection. For all new VoIP customers, DBC requests that the customer establish a password at the time of service initiation. DBC initiated VoIP service on July 23, 2008. DBC did not have existing VoIP customers when the FCC's new CPNI rules went into effect. For VoIP customers that elected not to establish a password at initiation to now establish a password, DBC must first authenticate the customer without the use of readily available biographical information or account information. DBC authenticates a customer using non-public information such as calling the customer at the telephone number of record or using a Personal Identification Number (PIN) method to authenticate a customer. For accounts

that are password protected, DBC cannot obtain the password by asking for readily available biographical information or account information to prompt the customer for his password. A customer may also access call detail information by establishing an online account or by visiting a carrier's retail location. If a password is forgotten or lost, DBC uses a back-up customer authentication method that is not based on readily available biographical information or account information. If a customer does not want to establish a password, the customer may still access call detail based on a customer-initiated telephone call, by asking DBC to send the call detail information to an address of record or by DBC calling the telephone number of record.

DBC password-protects online access to all CPNI, call detail and non-call detail.

DBC may provide its VoIP customers' with access to CPNI at a carrier's retail location if the customer presents a valid photo ID and the valid photo ID matches the name on the account.

DBC notifies a customer immediately when a password, customer response to a back-up means of authentication for lost or forgotten passwords, online account, or address of record is created or changed through a carrier-originated voicemail or text message to the telephone number of record, or by mail to the address of record.

In the event of a CPNI breach, DBC delays customer notification of breaches until law enforcement has been notified of a CPNI breach. DBC will notify law enforcement of a breach of its customers' CPNI within seven business days after making a reasonable determination of a breach by sending electronic notification through a central reporting facility to the United States Secret Service (USSS) and the FBI. If the relevant investigating agency determines that public disclosure or notice to customers would impede or compromise an ongoing or potential criminal investigation or national security, that agency may direct DBC not to disclose the breach for an initial 30-day period. The law enforcement agency must provide in writing to DBC its initial direction and any subsequent direction. DBC may immediately notify a customer or disclose the breach publicly after consultation with the relevant investigative agency, if DBC believes there is an extraordinarily urgent need to notify a customer or class of customers to avoid immediate and irreparable harm.

DBC maintains a record of any discovered breaches and notifications to the USSS and the FBI regarding those breaches, as well as the USSS and the FBI response to the notifications for a period of at least two year.