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December 15, 2009

VIA HAND DELIVERY AND ECFS

Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, S.W.
Room TW-B204
Washington, D.C. 20554

ORIGINAL
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DEC 15 2009

Federal Communications Commission
Office of the Secretary

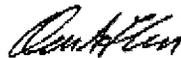
**Re: High-Cost Universal Service Support, WC Docket No. 05-337
Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service, CC Docket No. 96-45**

Dear Madame Secretary:

Attached hereto is an Exhibit (designated as "Exhibit A") to the Petition for Waiver filed on ECFS on December 14, 2009, on behalf of Smith Bagley, Inc. Also attached is a copy of the Petition for Waiver (with an indication that Exhibit A is available off-line). Because Exhibit A is too large for inclusion with the electronically-filed Petition, we hereby submit the Exhibit and request that it be incorporated into the above-referenced dockets and considered as an attachment to the Petition for Waiver filed yesterday.

If you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact undersigned counsel directly.

Sincerely,



David A. LaFuria

Attachments (2)

cc (with attachments): Sharon Gillett Thomas Buckley
 Jennifer McKee Katie King
 Theodore Burmeister Alex Minard

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DEC 15 2009

Federal Communications Commission
Office of the Secretary

Before the
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of)	
)	
High-Cost Universal Service Support)	WC Docket No. 05-337
)	
Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service)	CC Docket No. 96-45
)	

PETITION FOR WAIVER

Expedited Action Requested

Smith Bagley, Inc. ("SBI"), by counsel and pursuant to Section 1.3 of the Commission's Rules,¹ hereby requests a waiver of the interim, emergency cap imposed by the Commission on the amount of high-cost support that competitive eligible telecommunications carriers ("ETCs") may receive² in the limited circumstances described in this Petition.

The purpose of this waiver request is to benefit residents of the Eastern Navajo Agency of the Navajo Nation ("Eastern Navajo Agency" or "Agency") in the State of New Mexico, by enabling SBI and other competitive ETCs to utilize uncapped high-cost fund mechanism support to provide telecommunications services to such residents. A map of the Navajo Nation, which includes the Eastern Navajo Agency, is attached as Exhibit A.³

¹ 47 C.F.R. § 1.3.

² See *High-Cost Universal Service Support: Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service*, WC Docket No. 05-337, CC Docket No. 96-45, Order, 23 FCC Rcd 8834 (2008) ("*Interim Cap Order*" or "*Order*"), appeal docketed, *RCA v. FCC*, Nos. 08-1284 & 08-1285 (D.C. Cir. Aug. 29, 2008).

³ The size of the map provided as Exhibit A precludes its being included with this electronically filed Petition. Accordingly, the map is being submitted under separate cover to the Secretary of the Commission.

I. INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT.

SBI, which is licensed to provide cellular radiotelephone service (“cellular service”) and personal communications service (“PCS”) throughout portions of Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, and Colorado, has substantial experience in bringing wireless telecommunications services to consumers living on Tribal lands. SBI has been designated as an ETC pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934 (“Act”)⁴ in Arizona, New Mexico, and Utah, and is engaged in providing telecommunications services throughout the Navajo Nation and also on the Tribal lands of the Hopi Nation, and of the White Mountain Apache, Ramah Navajo, and Pueblo of Zuni tribes.

More specifically, SBI is licensed to provide cellular service and PCS in substantial portions of the Eastern Navajo Agency. SBI has constructed wireless telecommunications infrastructure in the Eastern Navajo Agency and is currently serving consumers who suffer from some of the lowest household telephone penetration levels in the country.

Currently, the Eastern Navajo Agency is not federally recognized reservation land. It has previously been described as a “checkerboard” area of land holdings owned by individual Navajos, the federal government, the state of New Mexico, and private landowners, all located in an area occupied almost exclusively by Navajo people from the Civil War to the present time.⁵ As

⁴ 47 U.S.C. § 214.

⁵ See *Smith Bagley, Inc., Petition for Waiver of Section 54.400(e) of the Commission’s Rules*, WC Docket No. 03-109, filed Mar. 19, 2004 (“SBI 2004 Petition”), at 2. SBI sought the waiver to enable eligible residents of the Eastern Navajo Agency to receive enhanced Lifeline and Link Up services pursuant to the Commission’s rules. See 47 C.F.R. §§ 54.405(a)(4), 54.411(a)(3). The Commission granted SBI’s petition. See *Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service, Smith Bagley, Inc., Petition for Waiver of Section 54.400(e) of the Commission’s Rules*, WC Docket No. 03-109, Memorandum Opinion and Order, 20 FCC Rcd 7701 (2005) (“SBI Waiver Order”).

SBI has observed, these checkerboard land holdings have created complex jurisdictional issues, as well as obstacles for the economic development of the Eastern Navajo Agency.⁶

The Navajo Nation is comprised of five Agencies: Tuba City, Chinle, Fort Defiance, Shiprock, and Eastern Navajo. Although the Eastern Navajo Agency is not federally recognized reservation land, the Eastern Navajo Agency functions in a manner that is identical to the other agencies. Its members have the same voting rights in Navajo affairs, and it is fully represented in the Tribal government, with full rights of participation on all governing councils and committees.⁷

The Commission in the *Interim Cap Order* created a limited exception to the application of the interim cap in the case of competitive ETCs serving “Covered Locations,” which the Commission defined to mean Tribal lands and Alaska Native regions. The Commission specified that:

Covered Locations are tribal lands or Alaska Native regions as those terms are defined in section 54.400(e) of the Commission’s rules. *See* 47 C.F.R. 54.400(e) (tribal lands or Alaska Native regions are “any federally recognized Indian tribe’s reservation, pueblo, or colony, including former reservations in Oklahoma, Alaska Native regions established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (85 Stat. 688), and Indian allotments.”)⁸

Because of the checkerboard nature of land holdings in the Eastern Navajo Agency, the Agency does not fall within the Commission’s meaning of “Tribal land” (as used in the definition of Covered Locations) because the Agency is not federally recognized reservation land.

⁶ SBI 2004 Petition at 2.

⁷ SBI has largely relied upon *Chapter Images: 2004*, published by the Navajo Nation’s Division of Community Development.

⁸ *Interim Cap Order*, 23 FCC Rcd at 8848 (para. 32, n.95). The Commission also noted that additional Lifeline and Link Up support is available for eligible residents living on Tribal lands or in Alaska Native regions.

Section 54.400(e) of the Commission's Rules also includes "near reservation" land within its definition of "Tribal land," and, although SBI believes that the Eastern Navajo Agency qualifies as Tribal land pursuant to this "near reservation" criterion,⁹ the Commission stayed the application of this criterion (in the context of enhanced Lifeline and Link Up benefits) nine years ago¹⁰ and the stay remains in effect today. Because the Eastern Navajo Agency is not included within the Commission's definition of Covered Location in the *Interim Cap Order*, any competitive ETC that provides service to residents in the Eastern Navajo Agency will not receive the full amount of uncapped high-cost support.

Because of the unique and extraordinary circumstances facing consumers residing in the Eastern Navajo Agency, as described below, a waiver of the interim cap imposed in the *Interim Cap Order*, declaring that competitive ETCs providing service in the Eastern Navajo Agency may receive uncapped high-cost support disbursements, is warranted to enable SBI to expand and to continue providing services that are urgently needed by subscribers residing there, and to provide other competitive carriers with an incentive to provide services to consumers in the Agency. In support of this request, the following is respectfully shown.

II. WAIVER STANDARD.

The Commission's rules provide that the Commission may waive any provision of its rules on its own motion and for good cause shown.¹¹ The agency may waive a rule if it deter-

⁹ See SBI 2004 Petition at 6-8.

¹⁰ See *Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service*, CC Docket No. 96-45, Twelfth Report and Order, Memorandum Opinion and Order, and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 15 FCC Rcd 12208 (2000), *stayed in part*, Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 15 FCC Rcd 17112 (2000).

¹¹ 47 C.F.R. § 1.3.

mines that the particular facts of the case involved make strict compliance with the rule inconsistent with the public interest.¹²

The Commission may also take into account considerations of hardship, equity, or more effective implementation of its overall policies by acting on an individual basis.¹³ A waiver of a rule is appropriate if special circumstances are present that warrant a deviation or departure from the general rule, and the Commission finds that such deviation or departure would better serve the public interest than strict adherence to the general rule.¹⁴

III. A WAIVER OF THE INTERIM CAP IS WARRANTED TO ENHANCE THE PROVISION OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES TO RESIDENTS IN THE EASTERN NAVAJO AGENCY.

The waiver requested by SBI in this Petition should be granted for two reasons: The special circumstances that exist in the Eastern Navajo Agency warrant the reinstatement and continuation of uncapped high-cost support to competitive ETCs that serve or seek to serve residents in the Agency,¹⁵ and grant of the waiver will not in any way compromise the policy pursued by the Commission in limiting the exception to the cap to Covered Locations, thus ensuring that the public interest is served by granting the waiver.

A. The Provision of Uncapped High-Cost Support Is Needed To Accelerate Infrastructure Investment and Increase the Availability of Telephone Service in the Eastern Navajo Agency.

As noted in the preceding section, a waiver of the Commission's rules may be granted if special circumstances are demonstrated that warrant a deviation from application of the agency's

¹² *Northeast Cellular Telephone Co. v. FCC*, 897 F.2d 1164, 1166 (D.C. Cir. 1990) (“*Northeast Cellular*”); *WAIT Radio v. FCC*, 418 F.2d 1153, 1159 (D.C. Cir. 1969) (“*WAIT Radio*”), *decision on remand*, 22 FCC 2d 934 (1970), *recon. denied*, 22 FCC 2d 1016 (1970), *aff'd*, *WAIT Radio v. FCC*, 459 F.2d 1203 (D.C. Cir. 1972).

¹³ *WAIT Radio*, 418 F.2d at 1157.

¹⁴ *Northeast Cellular*, 897 F.2d at 1166.

general rule. The special circumstances in the Eastern Navajo Agency are that consumers do not have sufficient access to telephone service. Many populated areas do not have access to high-quality commercial mobile wireless service. This lack of access exacerbates a host of economic, educational, health care, and other deprivations faced by these residents.

The Commission determined four years ago, in the *SBI Waiver Order*, that telephone penetration in the Eastern Navajo Agency was approximately 33% (compared to 94% nationwide and 68% on Tribal lands).¹⁶ The Commission also found that, while per capita income nationwide was \$21,587 and per capita income on Tribal lands was \$12,452, the per capita income in the Eastern Navajo Agency was only \$6,979.¹⁷

Data gathered for the 2000 Decennial Census also showed that the telephone subscriber-ship rate in Navajo Nation was approximately 38%.¹⁸ While telephone penetration and per capita income data have not been updated for the Eastern Navajo Agency since the 2000 Decennial Census, more recent survey information indicates that, overall, approximately 39% of the people in Navajo Nation live below the poverty level.¹⁹

As a result of the Commission's action in the *SBI Waiver Order*, and SBI's subsequent efforts to enroll residents of the Eastern Navajo Agency in the Lifeline support program, SBI be-

¹⁵ As stated in Section IV, *infra*, SBI requests that relief should be granted as of the effective date of the *Interim Cap Order*.

¹⁶ *SBI Waiver Order*, 20 FCC Rcd at 7705 (para. 11) (citing figures prepared by the Industry Analysis Division of the Wireline Competition Bureau based upon 2000 Decennial Census data).

¹⁷ *Id.* (citing 2000 Decennial Census figures).

¹⁸ See GAO, Report to Congressional Requesters, "Challenges to Assessing and Improving Telecommunications for Native Americans on Tribal Lands," GAO-06-189, rel. Jan. 2006 at 13, *cited in* SBI, Petition for Rulemaking Regarding the Expansion of Support Available Pursuant to the Fourth Tier of the Universal Service Lifeline Program, RM-11529, filed Mar. 27, 2009 ("SBI Tier 4 Waiver Petition"), at 10.

¹⁹ U.S. Census, 2005-2007 American Community Survey 3-Year Estimates, Table S1703, "Selected Characteristics of People at Specified Levels of Poverty in the Past 12 Months," *cited in* SBI Tier 4 Waiver Petition at 12.

believes that subscribership levels in the Agency have improved during the last four years. The fact remains, however, that there is no evidence suggesting that telephone penetration levels in the Eastern Navajo Agency are approaching the levels for Tribal lands generally—let alone the national level of telephone penetration—and low telephone penetration rates among residents of the Agency continue to be a pressing problem. A big reason for low penetration rates is the lack of access to commercial mobile wireless services that can only be remedied by the construction of new cell sites.

The level of poverty that plagues the people living in the Eastern Navajo Agency adversely affects the ability of these residents to obtain housing, to pursue educational opportunities, and to take advantage of health care benefits and facilities. These residents' lack of sufficient access to telephone service can work to compound these problems in a variety of ways, *e.g.*, by making it more difficult to pursue economic opportunities, hindering their access to public safety services, interfering with their obtaining medical care, and curtailing their opportunity to utilize the benefits and resources of the Internet. In short, as SBI observed with respect to the Eastern Navajo Agency four years ago, "there are few, if any, other areas in the country that suffer from these types of conditions."²⁰

Allowing competitive ETCs to receive uncapped support will accelerate infrastructure investment in the Eastern Agency. SBI currently has plans to construct new cell sites in many areas, including at least four sites in the near term that will serve areas in the Eastern Navajo

²⁰ SBI 2004 Petition at 5.

Agency.²¹ Uncapping support to these areas will enable SBI to accelerate construction of new cell sites to these and other areas.

SBI believes that the special circumstances present in the Eastern Navajo Agency that have been described in the preceding paragraphs demonstrate that a grant of SBI's Petition will serve the public interest. Permitting SBI to receive uncapped high-cost support for lines served in the Agency (and extending uncapped support to any competitive ETCs choosing to deploy facilities and provide service to subscribers in the Agency) will contribute to increasing the level of telephone penetration because it will assist carriers in extending service to areas in the Agency that currently are unserved, and in improving and enhancing service in currently underserved areas. This deployment of facilities will also increase access to broadband services for people living in the Agency as all of SBI's new cell sites are 3G-ready on day one.

B. Granting the Waiver Would Better Serve the Public Interest Than Strict Adherence to the Interim Cap Because Permitting Uncapped High-Cost Funding for the Eastern Navajo Agency Would Be Consistent with the Policy of the Covered Location Exception.

In weighing whether to adopt a limited exception to the high-cost cap in the *Interim Cap Order*, the Commission decided in favor of the exception because of its finding that there continue to be low telephone penetration rates in many Tribal lands, and that providing uncapped high-cost support to carriers serving Tribal lands would not result in these carriers' merely providing complementary telephone service but instead would enable them to bring telephone service to new subscribers on Tribal lands.²²

²¹ The exact locations of these sites are confidential and for competitive purposes are withheld here. SBI would be pleased to share its plans in more detail with the Commission if such information is accorded confidential treatment.

²² See *Interim Cap Order*, 23 FCC Rcd at 8848 (para. 32).

The Commission's rationale for the limited exception in the *Interim Cap Order* provides a compelling basis for the grant of SBI's Petition, for three reasons. First, the demographics and other characteristics of the Eastern Navajo Agency are among the lowest in the Navajo Nation. SBI has previously shown, for example, that, in the Agency, 92% of the residents are Navajo (based on the 2000 Decennial Census), and that residents of the Agency vote as members of the Navajo Nation and are elected to offices in the same fashion as members of the other Agencies of Navajo Nation.²³ Thus, the Commission's decision to provide an exception to the interim cap in the case of Tribal lands argues for inclusion of the Eastern Navajo Agency because of the demographics and other characteristics that the Agency shares with the Navajo Nation and other Tribal lands.

Second, the exception in the *Interim Cap Order* was driven by the Commission's concern regarding low telephone penetration rates on Tribal lands. The presence of these low penetration rates was the explicit reason given by the Commission as the basis for its not imposing the cap on carriers serving lines on Tribal lands. As SBI has discussed, in addition to the fact that the Eastern Navajo Agency has demographics and other characteristics that are similar to those found on Tribal lands, the level of telephone penetration in the Agency is at least as low as the penetration level on Tribal lands.²⁴

Third, permitting SBI and other competitive ETCs to receive uncapped high-cost mechanism support for lines served in the Eastern Navajo Agency will enhance the ability of these carriers to provide service to new subscribers in the Agency. As SBI has previously explained, a

²³ SBI 2004 Petition at 6-7. See *SBI Waiver Order*, 20 FCC Rcd at 7707 (para. 17) (finding that "the [Eastern Navajo Agency] area is almost exclusively populated by Native Americans that suffer from the same conditions present on other federally-recognized Tribal lands") (footnote omitted).

²⁴ As SBI has indicated, the Commission pointed out in the *SBI Waiver Order* that penetration levels in the Eastern Navajo Agency were less than half of the levels for all Tribal lands.

major part of its business involves deploying wireless facilities and infrastructure on Tribal lands in order to increase subscribership levels:

SBI's deployment of wireless infrastructure on tribal lands and its construction of facilities used in the provision of telecommunications services to tribal communities has played an important role in increasing access to telecommunications services and improving subscribership levels on tribal lands served by SBI. The support available from the USF high-cost and Lifeline programs has helped make it possible for SBI to make substantial investments in pursuit of its commitment to bring wireless services to tribal reservations. SBI's network on tribal lands has grown significantly, now providing high-quality service to most of the areas where SBI is licensed to serve. High-cost support has also enabled SBI to upgrade its analog network to digital.²⁵

SBI is currently using high-cost support to construct new facilities throughout the Navajo Reservation, including in the Eastern Navajo Agency. The provision of uncapped support will provide additional funds that can be used to build new cell sites that will benefit rural citizens living on the Eastern Navajo Agency lands.

SBI has included as Exhibit B to this Petition, pages from *Chapter Images: 2004* providing demographic information for each of the chapters within the Eastern Navajo Agency. The Navajo data include educational levels, poverty levels, per capita income, access to plumbing, and access to telephone service. The data represent extraordinary living conditions and poverty levels that we can find nowhere else in the country. In some chapters, more than 90% of households do not have access to a telephone, and household telephone penetration rates are commonly below 50%.

Over the past several years, SBI's efforts to construct new cell sites and conduct outreach efforts through the Commission's Lifeline and Link Up programs have resulted in approximately 2,000 households in the Eastern Navajo Agency receiving telephone service. Clearly, there is more work to be done. The Eastern Navajo Agency's nearly 40,000 citizens, spread across 5,255

²⁵ SBI Tier 4 Waiver Petition at 23.

square miles, require significant new investment in telecommunications infrastructure, and wireless technology offers the best chance of improving their lives.

Given that the purpose of the exception to the cap in the *Interim Cap Order* is to enable competitive ETCs to utilize uncapped high-cost funding to increase investment in facilities and services on Tribal lands, and given that SBI's track record demonstrates that it has utilized its high-cost funding largely for this precise purpose, granting SBI's Petition will best serve the public interest.

If the Petition were to be denied, and the Commission thus continued to adhere to its general rule by capping high-cost funding for lines served in the Eastern Navajo Agency, this adherence would interfere with the Commission's own goal of enabling the use of uncapped high-cost funding to increase investment and subscribership in areas suffering from sub-standard facilities and low telephone penetration rates. Grant of the waiver requested by SBI, on the other hand, will advance the Commission's policy of improving infrastructure and raising telephone penetration rates, thus serving the public interest.

IV. REQUEST FOR RELIEF.

SBI requests the following relief: Waive the application of the interim, emergency cap established by the *Interim Cap Order* on the disbursement of high-cost mechanism support to competitive ETCs serving the Eastern Navajo Agency, thus allowing such competitive ETCs to receive such support in a manner consistent with the exception established in paragraph 32 of the *Order*.²⁶ SBI requests that relief be granted as of the effective date of the *Interim Cap Order*, August 1, 2008.

²⁶ *Interim Cap Order*, 23 FCC Rcd at 8848 (para. 32).

V. REQUEST FOR EXPEDITED ACTION.

An expedited grant of SBI's Petition is necessary to avoid continuing harm to residents of the Eastern Navajo Agency, whose ability to obtain affordable and sufficient telephone service is being adversely affected by the ongoing application of the interim, emergency cap. Restoration of full, uncapped high-cost mechanism support for lines served in the Eastern Navajo Agency will eliminate this harm, which should not be left for resolution through the Commission's normal administrative processes.

Section 1.3 of the Commission's Rules²⁷ is designed to address the type of situation presented here, in which immediate action is necessary to provide relief to consumers who are being denied critically important benefits as the result of strict adherence to a Commission rule.

VI. CONCLUSION.

There is good cause for the Commission to waive the interim, emergency cap adopted in the *Interim Cap Order* in the case of telephone lines served in the Eastern Navajo Agency of the Navajo Nation. The Commission in the *Order* adopted the policy that the cap should not apply on Tribal lands, where investment in infrastructure and telephone penetration rates are exceptionally low in comparison to the rest of the country, so that competitive ETCs could utilize uncapped high-cost mechanism funding to invest in infrastructure and increase subscribership levels in these areas.

Although the Eastern Navajo Agency is not a federally recognized reservation and therefore is not a Covered Location under the terms of the *Interim Cap Order*, the Agency is recognized by the Navajo as an integral part of the Navajo Nation and shares with other Navajo agencies demographic and other characteristics (including the extraordinarily low telephone penetra-

²⁷ 47 C.F.R. § 1.3.

tion levels in the Agency). Grant of the waiver will therefore serve the public interest, and advance the goals of the exception to the cap adopted in the *Order* with respect to Tribal lands, by enabling SBI and other competitive ETCs to use uncapped high-cost funding to invest in much needed infrastructure and to improve telephone subscription rates in the Agency.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH BAGLEY, INC.



David A. LaFuria
Its Counsel

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December 14, 2009

EXHIBIT A

MAP OF EASTERN NAVAJO AGENCY

DOCKET NO. 05-337 and 96-45

DOCUMENT OFF-LINE

This page has been substituted for one of the following:

- This document is confidential (NOT FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION)**
- An oversize page or document (such as a map) which was too large to be scanned into the ECFS system.**
- Microfilm, microform, certain photographs or videotape.**
- Other materials which, for one reason or another, could not be scanned into the ECSF system.**

The actual document, page(s) or materials may be reviewed (EXCLUDING CONFIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS) by contacting an Information Technician at the FCC Reference Information Center at 445 12th Street, S.W., Washington, D.C., Room CY-A257. Please note the applicable docket or rulemaking number, document type and other relevant information about the document in order to ensure speedy retrieval by the Information Technician.

EXHIBIT B

**DEMOGRAPHIC DATA PROVIDED BY
NAVAJO NATION DIVISION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT**

ALAMO

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	2,072	100.0
SEX AND AGE		
Male	984	47.5
Female	1088	52.5
Under 5 years	179	8.6
5 to 9 years	245	11.8
10 to 14 years	252	12.2
15 to 19 years	233	11.2
20 to 24 years	161	7.8
25 to 34 years	303	14.6
35 to 44 years	272	13.1
45 to 54 years	187	9.0
55 to 59 years	59	2.8
60 to 64 years	56	2.7
65 to 74 years	75	3.6
75 to 84 years	33	1.6
85 years and over	17	0.8
Median age (yrs)	24	(X)

	Number	Percent
RACE		
White	60	2.9
Black or African American	1	0.0
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	1,982	95.7
Asian	1	0.0
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0
Some other race	17	0.8
Two or more races	11	0.5
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	1,987	95.9

	Number	Percent
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		
Total households	485	100.0
Family households	410	84.5
Non-family households	75	15.5
Average household size	4.27	(X)
Average family size	4.68	(X)

	Number	Percent
HOUSING TENURE		
Occupied housing units	485	100.0
Owner-occupied housing	407	83.9
Renter-occupied housing	78	16.1

	Number	Percent
MARITAL STATUS		
Population 15 years & over	1,443	100.0
Never married	614	42.6
Now married	685	47.5
Separated	22	1.5
Widowed	28	1.9
Divorced	94	6.5

	Number	Percent
VETERAN STATUS		
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	1,263	100.0
Civilian veterans	73	5.8

	Number	Percent
LANGUAGE AT HOME		
Population 5 years and over	1,964	100.0
English only	352	17.9
Navajo/Native American	1,612	82.1
Speak English not very well	1,060	54.0
Spanish & Other	18	1.0
Speak English not very well	16	0.9

	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT		
Population 3 years & over	851	100.0
Nursery school, preschool	49	5.8
Kindergarten	65	7.6
Elem school (grades 1-8)	438	51.5
High school (grades 9-12)	193	22.7
College or graduate school	106	12.5
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		
Population 25 years & over	1,025	100.0
Less than 9th grade	227	22.1
9th to 12th grd, no diploma	163	15.9
High school grad (inc GED)	400	39.0
Some college, no degree	143	14.0
Associate degree	21	2.0
Bachelor's degree	35	3.4
Graduate/professional deg	36	3.5
Perc HS graduate/higher	62	(X)
Perc bachelor's deg/higher	6.9	(X)

	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years & over	1,372	100.0
In labor force	548	39.9
Civilian labor force	548	39.9
Employed	351	25.6
Unemployed	197	14.4
Percent Unemployed	35.9	(X)
Not in labor force	824	60.1

	Number	Percent
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years & over	332	100.0
Car/truck/van (drove alone)	186	56.0
Car/truck/van -- carpooled	91	27.4
Public transportation	0	0.0
Walked	27	8.1
Other means	25	7.5
Worked at home	3	0.9
Travel time to work (minutes)	22.6	(X)

	Number	Percent
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage/salary workers	118	33.8
Government workers	212	60.4
Self-employed workers	18	5.1
Unpaid family workers	3	0.9

	Number	Percent
INCOME IN 1999		
No. of Households	511	100.0
Median household income	\$19,306	(X)
No. of Families	442	100.0
Median family income	\$18,646	(X)
Per capita income	\$6,528	(X)
Median earnings:		
Male full-time, year-round	\$25,000	(X)
Female full-time, year-round	\$26,875	(X)

	Number	Percent
POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
No. & (%) of families in poverty	236	53.4
No. & (%) of persons in poverty	1,205	55.7

	Number	Percent
Total housing units	581	100.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
1-unit, detached	409	70.4
1-unit, attached	31	5.3
2 units	5	0.9
3 or 4 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 units	0	0.0
10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 or more units	0	0.0
Mobile home	136	23.4
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
1999 to March 2000	42	7.2
1995 to 1998	78	13.4
1990 to 1994	68	11.7
1980 to 1989	156	26.9
1970 to 1979	116	20.3
1960 to 1969	71	12.2
1940 to 1959	33	5.7
1939 or earlier	15	2.6

	Number	Percent
ROOMS		
Median (rooms)	4.5	(X)

	Number	Percent
VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
None	68	13.7
1	199	40.1
2	195	39.3
3 or more	34	6.9

	Number	Percent
HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
Utility gas	9	1.8
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	128	25.8
Electricity	18	3.6
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	6	1.6
Coal or coke	0	0.0
Wood	319	64.3
Solar energy	0	0.0
Other fuel	7	1.4
No fuel used	7	1.4

	Number	Percent
PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
Lacking complete plumbing	105	21.2
Lacking kitchen facilities	97	19.6
No telephone service	248	50.0

	Number	Percent
OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Occupied housing units	496	100.0
1.00 or less	305	61.5
1.01 to 1.50	94	19.0
1.51 or more	97	19.6

	Number	Percent
MORTGAGE & RENT		
Owner-occupied units	271	100.0
VALUE in Median dollars	\$41,700	(X)
With a mortgage	29	10.7
Median mortgage payments	\$517	(X)
Renter-occupied units	76	100.0
No cash rent	36	47.4
Median rent payments	\$295	(X)

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

BACA/PREWITT

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	889	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	362	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	409	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	432	48.6	Nursery school, preschool	33	8.1	1-unit, detached	240	66.3
Female	457	51.4	Kindergarten	34	8.3	1-unit, attached	37	10.2
Under 5 years	120	13.5	Elem school (grades 1-8)	224	54.8	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	98	11.0	High school (grades 9-12)	61	19.8	3 or 4 units	0	0.0
10 to 14 years	114	12.8	College or graduate school	37	9.0	5 to 9 units	0	0.0
15 to 19 years	87	9.8	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	80	9.0	Population 25 years & over	428	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	109	12.3	Less than 9th grade	114	26.6	Mobile home	60	22.1
35 to 44 years	98	11.0	9th to 12th grd, no diploma	65	15.4	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	93	10.5	High school grad (inc GED)	178	41.6	1999 to March 2000	6	1.7
55 to 59 years	22	2.5	Some collage, no degree	54	12.6	1995 to 1998	29	8.0
60 to 64 years	16	1.8	Associate degree	6	1.4	1990 to 1994	32	8.8
65 to 74 years	36	4.0	Bachelor's degree	0	0.0	1980 to 1989	126	34.8
75 to 84 years	15	1.7	Graduate/professional deg	10	2.3	1970 to 1979	115	31.8
85 years and over	1	0.1	Perc HS graduate/higher	57.9	(X)	1960 to 1969	42	11.6
Median age (yrs)	21.3	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	2.3	(X)	1940 to 1959	7	1.9
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	5	1.4
White	9	1.0	Population 16 years & over	577	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	0	0.0	In labor force	264	45.8	Median (rooms)	3.3	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	879	98.9	Civilian labor force	264	45.8	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	222	38.5	None	21	9.6
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	1	0.1	Unemployed	42	7.3	1	109	50.0
Some other race	0	0.0	Percent Unemployed	15.9	(X)	2	73	33.5
Two or more races	0	0.0	Not in labor force	313	54.2	3 or more	15	6.9
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	879	98.9	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 16 years & over	217	100.0	Utility gas	0	0.0
Total households	216	100.0	Car/truck/van (drove alone)	111	51.2	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	69	31.7
Family households	192	88.9	Car/truck/van -- carpooled	76	35.0	Electricity	0	0.0
Non-family households	24	11.1	Public transportation	0	0.0	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	4.12	(X)	Walked	0	0.0	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.42	(X)	Other means	0	0.0	Wood	149	68.3
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	30	13.8	Solar energy	0	0.0
Occupied housing units	216	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	59.4	(X)	Other fuel	0	0.0
Owner-occupied housing	210	97.2	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	6	2.8	Private wage/salary workers	154	59.4	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	34	15.3	Lacking complete plumbing	90	41.3
Population 15 years & over	589	100.0	Self-employed workers	34	15.3	Lacking kitchen facilities	74	33.9
Never married	269	45.7	Unpaid family workers	0	0.0	No telephone service	107	49.1
Now married	277	47.0	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	10	1.7	No. of Households	206	100.0	Occupied housing units	218	100.0
Widowed	24	4.1	Median household income	\$17,708	(X)	1.00 or less	110	50.5
Divorced	9	1.5	No. of Families	173	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	29	13.3
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$19,427	(X)	1.51 or more	79	36.2
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	526	100.0	Per capita income	\$5,544	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	49	9.3	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	164	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$24,545	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	10,000-	(X)
Population 5 years and over	846	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$16,012	(X)	With a mortgage	0	0.0
English only	232	27.4	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$0	(X)
Navajo/Native American	614	72.6	No. & (%) of families in poverty	77	44.5	Renter-occupied units	6	100.0
Speak English not very well	238	28.1	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	429	45.3	No cash rent	0	0.0
Spanish & Other	6	0.7				Median rent payments	\$475	(X)
Speak English not very well	0	0.0						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

BECENTI

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	506	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	276	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	216	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	252	49.8	Nursery school, preschool	0	0.0	1-unit, detached	256	92.8
Female	254	50.2	Kindergarten	8	3.7	1-unit, attached	0	0.0
Under 5 years	42	8.3	Elem school (grades 1-8)	122	56.5	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	56	11.1	High school (grades 9-12)	73	33.8	3 or 4 units	0	0.0
10 to 14 years	67	13.2	College or graduate school	13	6.0	5 to 9 units	0	0.0
15 to 19 years	60	11.9	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	36	7.1	Population 25 years & over	236	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	58	11.5	Less than 9th grade	60	25.4	Mobile home	20	7.2
35 to 44 years	74	14.6	9th to 12th grd, no diploma	23	9.7	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	46	9.1	High school grad (inc GED)	102	43.2	1999 to March 2000	15	5.4
55 to 59 years	7	1.4	Some college, no degree	22	9.3	1995 to 1998	27	9.8
60 to 64 years	15	3.0	Associate degree	21	8.9	1990 to 1994	42	15.2
65 to 74 years	30	5.9	Bachelor's degree	8	3.4	1980 to 1989	81	29.3
75 to 84 years	9	1.8	Graduate/professional deg	0	0.0	1970 to 1979	86	31.2
85 years and over	6	1.2	Perc HS graduate/higher	64.8	(X)	1960 to 1969	25	9.1
Median age (yrs)	23.8	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	3.4	(X)	1940 to 1959	0	0.0
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	0	0.0
White	6	1.2	Population 15 years & over	323	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	1	0.2	In labor force	143	44.3	Median (rooms)	3.7	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	498	98.4	Civilian labor force	143	44.3	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	106	32.8	None	7	5.0
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0	Unemployed	37	11.5	1	56	40.3
Some other race	1	0.2	Percent Unemployed	25.9	(X)	2	61	43.9
Two or more races	0	0.0	Not in labor force	180	55.7	3 or more	15	10.8
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	498	98.4	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 16 years & over	106	100.0	Utility gas	0	0.0
Total households	133	100.0	Car/truck/van (drove alone)	87	82.1	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	55	39.6
Family households	108	81.2	Car/truck/van -- carpooled	19	17.9	Electricity	0	0.0
Non-family households	25	18.8	Public transportation	0	0.0	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	3.80	(X)	Walked	0	0.0	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.29	(X)	Other means	0	0.0	Wood	84	60.4
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	0	0.0	Solar energy	0	0.0
Occupied housing units	133	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	70.2	(X)	Other fuel	0	0.0
Owner-occupied housing	77	57.9	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	56	42.1	Private wage/salary workers	16	15.1	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	90	84.9	Lacking complete plumbing	55	39.6
Population 15 years & over	349	100.0	Self-employed workers	0	0.0	Lacking kitchen facilities	49	35.3
Never married	191	54.7	Unpaid family workers	0	0.0	No telephone service	71	51.1
Now married	107	30.7	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	0	0.0	No. of Households	137	100.0	Occupied housing units	139	100.0
Widowed	39	11.2	Median household income	\$15,865	(X)	1.00 or less	101	72.7
Divorced	12	3.4	No. of Families	108	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	25	18.0
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$20,167	(X)	1.51 or more	13	9.4
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	284	100.0	Per capita income	\$5,113	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	5	1.8	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	35	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$17,813	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	\$44,400	(X)
Population 5 years and over	493	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$21,528	(X)	With a mortgage	15	42.9
English only	90	18.3	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$1,016	(X)
Navajo/Native American	403	81.7	No. & (%) of families in poverty	42	38.9	Renter-occupied units	68	100.0
Speak English not very well	206	41.8	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	235	44.0	No cash rent	11	16.2
Spanish & Other	6	1.2				Median rent payments	\$309	(X)
Speak English not very well	0	0.0						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

BREAD SPRINGS

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	1,017	100.0
SEX AND AGE		
Male	507	49.9
Female	510	50.1
Under 5 years	102	10.0
5 to 9 years	101	9.9
10 to 14 years	130	12.8
15 to 19 years	107	10.5
20 to 24 years	72	7.1
25 to 34 years	107	10.5
35 to 44 years	158	15.5
45 to 54 years	98	9.6
55 to 59 years	33	3.2
60 to 64 years	35	3.4
65 to 74 years	42	4.1
75 to 84 years	18	1.8
85 years and over	14	1.4
Median age (yrs)	24.7	(X)

	Number	Percent
RACE		
White	17	1.7
Black or African American	1	0.1
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	986	97.0
Asian	0	0.0
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0
Some other race	8	0.8
Two or more races	5	0.5
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	990	97.3

	Number	Percent
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE		
Total households	275	100.0
Family households	226	82.2
Non-family households	49	17.8
Average household size	3.70	(X)
Average family size	4.20	(X)

	Number	Percent
HOUSING TENURE		
Occupied housing units	275	100.0
Owner-occupied housing	265	96.4
Renter-occupied housing	10	3.6

	Number	Percent
MARITAL STATUS		
Population 15 years & over	707	100.0
Never married	249	35.2
Now married	375	53.0
Separated	12	1.7
Widowed	53	7.5
Divorced	18	2.5

	Number	Percent
VETERAN STATUS		
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	625	100.0
Civilian veterans	52	8.3

	Number	Percent
LANGUAGE AT HOME		
Population 5 years and over	934	100.0
English only	210	22.5
Navajo/Native American	724	77.5
Speak English not very well	410	43.9
Spanish & Other	8	0.9
Speak English not very well	8	0.9

	Number	Percent
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT		
Population 3 years & over	431	100.0
Nursery school, preschool	14	3.2
Kindergarten	18	4.2
Elem school (grades 1-8)	186	43.2
High school (grades 9-12)	178	40.8
College or graduate school	37	8.6

	Number	Percent
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT		
Population 25 years & over	537	100.0
Less than 9th grade	182	33.9
9th to 12th grd, no diploma	146	27.2
High school grad (inc GED)	83	15.5
Some college, no degree	95	17.7
Associate degree	7	1.3
Bachelor's degree	7	1.3
Graduate/professional deg	17	3.2
Perc HS graduate/higher	38.9	(X)
Perc bachelor's deg/higher	4.5	(X)

	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		
Population 16 years & over	679	100.0
In labor force	280	41.2
Civilian labor force	280	41.2
Employed	168	24.7
Unemployed	112	16.5
Percent Unemployed	40	(X)
Not in labor force	399	58.8

	Number	Percent
COMMUTING TO WORK		
Workers 16 years & over	135	100.0
Car/truck/van (drove alone)	88	65.2
Car/truck/van -- carpooled	41	30.4
Public transportation	0	0.0
Walked	0	0.0
Other means	0	0.0
Worked at home	6	4.4
Travel time to work (minutes)	33.5	(X)

	Number	Percent
CLASS OF WORKER		
Private wage/salary workers	99	58.9
Government workers	69	41.1
Self-employed workers	0	0.0
Unpaid family workers	0	0.0

	Number	Percent
INCOME IN 1999		
No. of Households	313	100.0
Median household income	\$11,976	(X)
No. of Families	264	100.0
Median family income	\$15,000	(X)
Per capita income	\$5,863	(X)
Median earnings:		
Male full-time, year-round	\$20,500	(X)
Female full-time, year-round	\$17,000	(X)

	Number	Percent
POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
No. & (%) of families in poverty	143	54.2
No. & (%) of persons in poverty	555	53.9

	Number	Percent
Total housing units	463	100.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
1-unit, detached	325	70.2
1-unit, attached	57	12.3
2 units	0	0.0
3 or 4 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 units	0	0.0
10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 or more units	0	0.0
Mobile home	81	17.5

	Number	Percent
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
1999 to March 2000	7	1.5
1995 to 1998	47	10.2
1990 to 1994	50	10.8
1980 to 1989	91	19.7
1970 to 1979	152	32.8
1960 to 1969	106	22.9
1940 to 1959	10	2.2
1939 or earlier	0	0.0

	Number	Percent
ROOMS		
Median (rooms)	1.8	(X)

	Number	Percent
VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
None	64	19.2
1	117	35.0
2	100	29.9
3 or more	53	15.9

	Number	Percent
HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
Utility gas	16	4.8
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	61	18.3
Electricity	0	0.0
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Coal or coke	0	0.0
Wood	252	75.4
Solar energy	5	1.5
Other fuel	0	0.0
No fuel used	0	0.0

	Number	Percent
PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
Lacking complete plumbing	94	28.1
Lacking kitchen facilities	78	23.4
No telephone service	135	40.4

	Number	Percent
OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Occupied housing units	334	100.0
1.00 or less	153	45.8
1.01 to 1.50	60	18.0
1.51 or more	121	36.2

	Number	Percent
MORTGAGE & RENT		
Owner-occupied units	258	100.0
VALUE in Median dollars	\$47,800	(X)
With a mortgage	0	0.0
Median mortgage payments	\$0	(X)
Renter-occupied units	10	100.0
No cash rent	10	100.0
Median rent payments	\$0	(X)

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

CASAMERO LAKE

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	549	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	142	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	176	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	261	47.5	Nursery school, preschool	15	8.5	1-unit, detached	120	84.5
Female	288	52.5	Kindergarten	11	6.3	1-unit, attached	0	0.0
Under 5 years	62	11.3	Elem school (grades 1-8)	105	59.7	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	61	14.8	High school (grades 9-12)	23	13.1	3 or 4 units	0	0.0
10 to 14 years	76	13.8	College or graduate school	22	12.5	5 to 9 units	0	0.0
15 to 19 years	63	11.5	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	36	6.6	Population 25 years & over	189	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	53	9.7	Less than 9th grade	64	33.9	Mobile home	22	15.5
35 to 44 years	77	14.0	9th to 12th grd, no diploma	25	13.2	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	54	9.8	High school grad (inc GED)	42	22.2	1999 to March 2000	0	0.0
55 to 59 years	15	2.7	Some college, no degree	38	20.1	1995 to 1998	60	42.3
60 to 64 years	7	1.3	Associate degree	14	7.4	1990 to 1994	7	4.9
65 to 74 years	14	2.6	Bachelor's degree	6	3.2	1980 to 1989	9	6.3
75 to 84 years	9	1.6	Graduate/professional deg	0	0.0	1970 to 1979	13	9.2
85 years and over	2	0.4	Perc HS graduate/higher	52.9	(X)	1960 to 1969	43	30.3
Median age (yrs)	19.5	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	3.2	(X)	1940 to 1959	10	7.0
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	0	0.0
White	0	0.0	Population 16 years & over	276	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	1	0.2	In labor force	141	51.1	Median (rooms)	2.8	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	545	99.3	Civilian labor force	141	51.1	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	67	31.5	None	27	20.1
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0	Unemployed	54	19.6	1	82	61.2
Some other race	1	0.2	Percent Unemployed	38.3	(X)	2	25	18.7
Two or more races	2	0.4	Not in labor force	135	48.9	3 or more	0	0.0
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	547	99.6	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 16 years & over	78	100.0	Utility gas	0	0.0
Total households	129	100.0	Car/truck/van(drove alone)	64	82.1	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	63	47.0
Family households	106	82.2	Car/truck/van -- carpooled	7	9.0	Electricity	0	0.0
Non-family households	23	17.8	Public transportation	0	0.0	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	4.26	(X)	Walked	7	9.0	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.95	(X)	Other means	0	0.0	Wood	71	53.0
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	0	0.0	Solar energy	0	0.0
Occupied housing units	129	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	62.6	(X)	Other fuel	0	0.0
Owner-occupied housing	97	75.2	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	32	24.8	Private wage/salary workers	40	46.0	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	40	46.0	Lacking complete plumbing	60	44.8
Population 15 years & over	283	100.0	Self-employed workers	7	3.0	Lacking kitchen facilities	50	37.3
Never married	89	31.4	Unpaid family workers	0	0.0	No telephone service	118	88.1
Now married	154	54.4	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	7	2.5	No. of Households	128	100.0	Occupied housing units	134	100.0
Widowed	23	8.1	Median household income	\$15,125	(X)	1.00 or less	93	69.4
Divorced	10	3.5	No. of Families	110	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	0	0.0
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$16,250	(X)	1.51 or more	41	30.6
Civilian Pop 16 years & over	257	100.0	Per capita income	\$4,744	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	6	2.3	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	79	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$12,431	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	\$12,400	(X)
Population 5 years and over	422	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$15,179	(X)	With a mortgage	0	0.0
English only	61	14.5	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$0	(X)
Navajo/Native American	361	85.5	No. & (%) of families in poverty	59	53.6	Renter-occupied units	33	100.0
Speak English not very well	159	37.7	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	202	42.8	No cash rent	0	0.0
Spanish & Other	0	0.0				Median rent payments	\$354	(X)
Speak English not very well	0	0.0						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

CHICHILTAH

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	1,692	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	749	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	619	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	827	48.9	Nursery school, preschool	25	4.0	1-unit, detached	572	76.4
Female	865	51.1	Kindergarten	6	1.0	1-unit, attached	38	5.1
Under 5 years	147	8.7	Elem school (grades 1-8)	364	58.8	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	181	10.7	High school (grades 9-12)	188	30.4	3 or 4 units	9	1.2
10 to 14 years	236	13.9	College or graduate school	36	5.8	5 to 9 units	0	0.0
15 to 19 years	178	10.5	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	118	7.0	Population 25 years & over	969	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	188	11.1	Less than 9th grade	328	33.8	Mobile home	114	15.2
35 to 44 years	234	13.8	9th to 12th grd, no diploma	161	16.6	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	175	10.3	High school grad (inc GED)	299	30.9	1999 to March 2000	21	2.8
55 to 59 years	61	3.6	Some college, no degree	103	10.6	1995 to 1998	105	14.0
60 to 64 years	49	2.9	Associate degree	33	3.4	1990 to 1994	72	9.6
65 to 74 years	78	4.6	Bachelor's degree	27	2.8	1980 to 1989	189	25.2
75 to 84 years	37	2.2	Graduate/professional deg	18	1.9	1970 to 1979	215	28.7
85 years and over	10	0.6	Perc HS graduate/higher	49.5	(X)	1960 to 1969	73	9.7
Median age (yrs)	24.4	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	4.6	(X)	1940 to 1959	53	7.1
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	21	2.8
White	19	1.1	Population 16 years & over	1,224	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	0	0.0	In labor force	548	44.8	Median (rooms)	2.4	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	1,659	98.0	Civilian labor force	548	44.8	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	344	28.1	None	122	23.1
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0	Unemployed	204	16.7	1	259	49.1
Some other race	5	0.3	Percent Unemployed	37.2	(X)	2	75	14.2
Two or more races	9	0.5	Not in labor force	676	55.2	3 or more	72	13.6
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	1,667	98.5	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 18 years & over	344	100.0	Utility gas	14	2.7
Total households	488	100.0	Car/truck/van (drove alone)	140	40.7	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	97	18.4
Family households	367	75.2	Car/truck/van - carpooled	163	47.4	Electricity	6	1.1
Non-family households	121	24.8	Public transportation	6	1.7	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	3.47	(X)	Walked	0	0.0	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.17	(X)	Other means	0	0.0	Wood	389	73.7
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	35	10.2	Solar energy	7	1.3
Occupied housing units	488	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	40.3	(X)	Other fuel	15	2.8
Owner-occupied housing	393	80.5	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	95	19.5	Private wage/salary workers	240	69.8	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	78	22.7	Lacking complete plumbing	410	77.7
Population 15 years & over	1,255	100.0	Self-employed workers	26	7.6	Lacking kitchen facilities	335	63.4
Never married	591	47.1	Unpaid family workers	0	0.0	No telephone service	338	64.0
Now married	460	36.7	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	49	3.9	No. of Households	534	100.0	Occupied housing units	528	100.0
Widowed	66	5.3	Median household income	\$19,022	(X)	1.00 or less	341	64.6
Divorced	89	7.1	No. of Families	401	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	92	17.4
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$25,313	(X)	1.51 or more	95	18.0
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	1,136	100.0	Per capita income	\$8,550	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	78	6.9	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	290	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$22,434	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	10,000-	(X)
Population 5 years and over	1,630	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$18,908	(X)	With a mortgage	15	5.2
English only	282	17.3	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$450	(X)
Navajo/Native American	1,348	82.7	No. & (%) of families in poverty	129	32.2	Renter-occupied units	91	100.0
Speak English not very well	548	33.6	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	576	32.3	No cash rent	72	79.1
Spanish & Other	43	2.6				Median rent payments	\$1,052	(X)
Speak English not very well	22	1.3						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003

CHURCH ROCK

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	2,802	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	920	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	1,271	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	1,339	47.8	Nursery school, preschool	114	9.0	1-unit, detached	635	69.0
Female	1,463	52.2	Kindergarten	33	2.6	1-unit, attached	42	4.6
Under 5 years	296	10.6	Elem school (grades 1-8)	699	55.0	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	321	11.5	High school (grades 9-12)	258	20.3	3 or 4 units	0	0.0
10 to 14 years	336	12.0	College or graduate school	167	13.1	5 to 9 units	27	2.9
15 to 19 years	304	10.8	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	0	0.0
20 to 24 years	197	7.0	Population 25 years & over	1,328	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	391	14.0	Less than 9th grade	245	18.4	Mobile home	206	22.4
35 to 44 years	397	14.2	9th to 12th grad, no diploma	368	27.7	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	270	9.6	High school grad (inc GED)	350	26.4	1999 to March 2000	11	1.2
55 to 59 years	83	3.0	Some college, no degree	233	17.5	1995 to 1998	168	18.3
60 to 64 years	63	2.2	Associate degree	95	7.2	1990 to 1994	193	21.0
65 to 74 years	92	3.3	Bachelor's degree	37	2.8	1980 to 1989	237	25.8
75 to 84 years	37	1.3	Graduate/professional deg	0	0.0	1970 to 1979	128	13.9
85 years and over	15	0.5	Perc HS graduate/higher	53.8	(X)	1960 to 1969	87	9.5
Median age (yrs)	23.6	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	2.8	(X)	1940 to 1959	46	5.0
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	50	5.4
White	38	1.4	Population 16 years & over	1,781	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	1	0.0	In labor force	987	55.4	Median (rooms)	3	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	2,718	97.0	Civilian labor force	987	55.4	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	761	42.7	None	120	17.2
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0	Unemployed	226	12.7	1	321	46.1
Some other race	26	0.9	Percent Unemployed	22.9	(X)	2	192	27.6
Two or more races	19	0.7	Not in labor force	794	44.6	3 or more	63	9.1
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	2,737	97.7	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 16 years & over	750	100.0	Utility gas	84	12.1
Total households	725	100.0	Car/truck/van (drove alone)	343	45.7	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	185	28.0
Family households	583	80.4	Car/truck/van - carpooled	323	43.1	Electricity	38	5.5
Non-family households	142	19.6	Public transportation	19	2.5	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	3.86	(X)	Walked	34	4.5	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.39	(X)	Other means	15	2.0	Wood	379	54.5
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	16	2.1	Solar energy	0	0.0
Occupied housing units	725	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	31.8	(X)	Other fuel	0	0.0
Owner-occupied housing	637	87.9	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	88	12.1	Private wage/salary workers	409	53.7	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	324	42.6	Lacking complete plumbing	272	39.1
Population 15 years & over	1,814	100.0	Self-employed workers	16	2.1	Lacking kitchen facilities	267	38.4
Never married	887	48.9	Unpaid family workers	12	1.6	No telephone service	381	54.7
Now married	680	37.5	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	98	5.4	No. of Households	692	100.0	Occupied housing units	696	100.0
Widowed	57	3.1	Median household income	\$19,265	(X)	1.00 or less	372	53.4
Divorced	92	5.1	No. of Families	576	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	131	18.8
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$22,639	(X)	1.51 or more	193	27.7
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	1,641	100.0	Per capita income	\$5,723	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	48	2.9	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	406	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$20,000	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	\$33,800	(X)
Population 5 years and over	2,607	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$14,614	(X)	With a mortgage	51	12.6
English only	701	26.9	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$561	(X)
Navajo/Native American	1,906	73.1	No. & (%) of families in poverty	247	42.9	Renter-occupied units	115	100.0
Speak English not very well	683	26.2	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	1,152	40.4	No cash rent	87	75.7
Spanish & Other	8	0.3				Median rent payments	\$317	(X)
Speak English not very well	0	0.0						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations, November 2003

COUNSELOR

Selected Characteristics from Census 2000

	Number	Percent		Number	Percent		Number	Percent
TOTAL POPULATION	1,018	100.0	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			Total housing units	456	100.0
SEX AND AGE			Population 3 years & over	537	100.0	UNITS IN STRUCTURE		
Male	481	47.2	Nursery school, preschool	50	9.3	1-unit, detached	353	77.4
Female	537	52.8	Kindergarten	38	7.1	1-unit, attached	34	7.5
Under 5 years	82	8.1	Element school (grades 1-8)	285	53.1	2 units	0	0.0
5 to 9 years	126	12.4	High school (grades 9-12)	154	28.7	3 or 4 units	0	0.0
10 to 14 years	112	11.0	College or graduate school	10	1.9	5 to 9 units	0	0.0
15 to 19 years	118	11.6	EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			10 to 19 units	5	1.1
20 to 24 years	82	8.1	Population 25 years & over	522	100.0	20 or more units	0	0.0
25 to 34 years	132	13.0	Less than 9th grade	282	54.0	Mobile home	47	10.3
35 to 44 years	111	10.9	9th to 12th grad, no diploma	165	31.6	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		
45 to 54 years	102	10.0	High school grad (inc GED)	45	8.6	1999 to March 2000	27	5.9
55 to 59 years	45	4.4	Some college, no degree	5	1.0	1995 to 1998	67	14.7
60 to 64 years	38	3.7	Associate degree	12	2.3	1990 to 1994	98	21.5
65 to 74 years	40	3.9	Bachelor's degree	13	2.5	1980 to 1989	88	19.3
75 to 84 years	25	2.5	Graduate/professional deg	0	0.0	1970 to 1979	133	29.2
85 years and over	5	0.5	Perc HS graduate/higher	14.4	(X)	1960 to 1969	22	4.8
Median age (yrs)	24.3	(X)	Perc bachelor's deg/higher	2.5	(X)	1940 to 1959	19	4.2
RACE			EMPLOYMENT STATUS			1939 or earlier	2	0.4
White	11	1.1	Population 16 years & over	683	100.0	ROOMS		
Black or African American	0	0.0	In labor force	124	18.2	Median (rooms)	1.8	(X)
Amer Indian/Alaska Native	999	98.1	Civilian labor force	124	18.2	VEHICLES AVAILABLE		
Asian	0	0.0	Employed	62	9.1	None	121	38.1
Native Hawaiian/Other PI	0	0.0	Unemployed	62	9.1	1	134	42.1
Some other race	7	0.7	Percent Unemployed	50.0	(X)	2	42	13.2
Two or more races	1	0.1	Not in labor force	559	81.8	3 or more	21	6.6
Amer Indian/Alaska Native combination w/Other race	999	98.1	COMMUTING TO WORK			HOUSE HEATING FUEL		
HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE			Workers 16 years & over	62	100.0	Utility gas	24	7.5
Total households	283	100.0	Car/truck/van (drove alone)	42	67.7	Bottled, tank, or LP gas	9	2.8
Family households	229	80.9	Car/truck/van -- carpooled	4	6.5	Electricity	9	2.8
Non-family households	54	19.1	Public transportation	9	14.5	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	0	0.0
Average household size	3.60	(X)	Walked	7	11.3	Coal or coke	0	0.0
Average family size	4.07	(X)	Other means	0	0.0	Wood	276	86.8
HOUSING TENURE			Worked at home	0	0.0	Solar energy	0	0.0
Occupied housing units	283	100.0	Travel time to work (minutes)	43.5	(X)	Other fuel	0	0.0
Owner-occupied housing	279	98.6	CLASS OF WORKER			No fuel used	0	0.0
Renter-occupied housing	4	1.4	Private wage/salary workers	32	51.6	PLUMBING & TELEPHONE		
MARITAL STATUS			Government workers	30	48.4	Lacking complete plumbing	110	34.6
Population 15 years & over	752	100.0	Self-employed workers	0	0.0	Lacking kitchen facilities	147	46.2
Never married	325	43.2	Unpaid family workers	0	0.0	No telephone service	309	97.2
Now married	282	37.5	INCOME IN 1999			OCCUPANTS PER ROOM		
Separated	16	2.1	No. of Households	337	100.0	Occupied housing units	318	100.0
Widowed	94	12.5	Median household income	\$7,098	(X)	1.00 or less	117	36.8
Divorced	35	4.7	No. of Families	255	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	45	14.2
VETERAN STATUS			Median family income	\$8,403	(X)	1.51 or more	158	49.1
Civilian Pop 18 years & over	665	100.0	Per capita income	\$2,937	(X)	MORTGAGE & RENT		
Civilian veterans	9	1.4	Median earnings:			Owner-occupied units	276	100.0
LANGUAGE AT HOME			Male full-time, year-round	\$20,694	(X)	VALUE in Median dollars	10,000-	(X)
Population 5 years and over	1,049	100.0	Female full-time, year-round	\$9,688	(X)	With a mortgage	0	0.0
English only	138	13.2	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999			Median mortgage payments	\$0	(X)
Navajo/Native American	911	86.8	No. & (%) of families in poverty	214	83.9	Renter-occupied units	9	100.0
Speak English not very well	597	56.9	No. & (%) of persons in poverty	977	85.3	No cash rent	0	0.0
Spanish & Other	10	1.0				Median rent payments	\$455	(X)
Speak English not very well	0	0.0						

Source: United States Census 2000; Extracted and formatted by LSR Innovations; November 2003