

LAWLER, METZGER, KEENEY & LOGAN, LLC

2001 K STREET, NW
SUITE 802
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006

REGINA M. KEENEY

PHONE (202) 777-7700
FACSIMILE (202) 777-7763

October 8, 2010

Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
445 Twelfth Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: ET Docket No. 10-142
Ex Parte Notice

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On Thursday, October 7, 2010, L. Barbee Ponder IV, General Counsel & Vice President, Regulatory Affairs, for Globalstar, Inc. ("Globalstar"), Broderick Johnson of Bryan Cave LLP, and I met with Zac Katz, Legal Advisor for Wireline Communications, International and Internet Issues for Chairman Julius Genachowski. In addition, on Wednesday, October 6, 2010, Mr. Ponder met separately with Paul de Sa, Chief of the Federal Communications Commission's ("Commission's") Office of Strategic Planning.

At these meetings, Globalstar's representatives addressed issues related to the Commission's above-captioned proceeding on the terrestrial broadband use of MSS spectrum. Globalstar's representatives pointed out that Globalstar has invested more than \$5 billion toward the development of its global MSS network since the company's founding, and that it remains committed to providing cutting-edge MSS offerings to an expanding range of customers in the United States and around the world. We indicated that, at the same time, Globalstar strongly supports the Commission's fundamental goal of eliminating regulatory barriers to terrestrial broadband operations in the MSS bands, including Globalstar's Big LEO MSS spectrum. By providing Globalstar and other MSS licensees with greater flexibility to deploy terrestrial wireless facilities in MSS spectrum, the Commission will enable these licensees to realize the full public interest potential of their spectrum.

Globalstar's representatives stated that greater terrestrial flexibility in the MSS bands will make additional spectrum capacity available almost immediately for mobile broadband services, helping the Commission to reach the National Broadband Plan's goal of securing an additional 500 MHz of spectrum for mobile broadband use. We explained that there are 100 megahertz of spectrum in the MSS bands that can be used for terrestrial broadband operations, not just the 90 megahertz indicated in the National Broadband Plan. The Plan should have included Globalstar's terrestrially authorized spectrum at 1610-1617.775 MHz, in addition to 10 megahertz of Globalstar's 11.5 megahertz of terrestrial use spectrum in the S band. Globalstar

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further pointed out that its nearly 20 megahertz allotment of terrestrial use spectrum can be added to the nation's broadband "spectrum inventory" very quickly, without the need for legislation or the relocation of incumbent licensees. Finally, we inquired about the timing of a further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in the above-captioned proceeding, and urged that the Commission move forward with this NPRM as expeditiously as possible.

Pursuant to section 1.1206(b)(2) of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. § 1.1206(b)(2), this *ex parte* notification is being filed electronically for inclusion in the public record of the above-referenced proceeding.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Regina M. Keeney
Regina M. Keeney

cc: Zac Katz
Paul de Sa