Trey Hanbury
Director
Government Affairs

Sprint Nextel
Suite 700
900 7th Street, NW
Washington, DC 20001

September 14, 2011

Via Electronic Submission

Ms. Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, S.W., Room TW-A325
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: ***Ex Parte Communication:*** *Fixed and Mobile Services in the Mobile Satellite Service Bands*, ET Docket No. 10-142; *Service Rules for Advanced Wireless Services in the 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2020-2025 MHz and 2175-2180 MHz Bands*, WT Docket No. 04-356; *Service Rules for Advanced Wireless Services in the 2155-2175 MHz Band*, WT Docket No. 07-195

Dear Ms. Dortch:

On September 12, 2011, Trey Hanbury and Richard Engelman of Sprint Nextel Corporation ("Sprint") met with John Leibovitz, Blaise Scinto, Stephen Buenzow, Peter Daronco, Jeremy Marcus, Chris Helzer, Kevin Holmes, Mary Woytek, and Paul Murray of the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, as well as Geraldine Matise of the Office of Engineering and Technology, Gardner Foster of the International Bureau, and Paul de Sa, Chief of the Office of Strategic Planning & Policy Analysis, regarding the above-referenced proceedings.

Sprint discussed the advantages and disadvantages of the proposals presented in the attached presentation, including the likelihood of interference, the degree of international harmonization, the availability of devices and equipment, and other factors, without endorsing any one proposal. In assigning spectrum, Sprint encouraged the Commission to promote a vibrant, competitive marketplace for mobile broadband services. Sprint also explained, consistent with its previous filings, that the Commission should bring spectrum to market in a timely manner rather than pursue unduly lengthy planning in the hope of achieving the "perfect" plan.

In discussing the degree of international harmonization that would be brought about by adjusting mobile satellite service (MSS) allocations in the 2 GHz range under the proposal advanced by Ericsson in this proceeding, Sprint notes that in International Telecommunications Union (ITU) Regions 1, 2, and 3, the uplink for MSS allocations is 1980-2010 MHz and the

downlink is 2170-2200 MHz.[1] In the United States, MSS currently uses the 2000-2020 MHz band for uplink communications and the 2180-2200 MHz downlink communications.

Pursuant to Section 1.1206 of the Commission's rules, this letter is being electronically filed with your office. Please let me know if you have any questions regarding this filing.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Trey Hanbury
Trey Hanbury
Director, Government Affairs

cc: (via e-mail)
John Leibovitz
Blaise Scinto
Stephen Buenzow
Peter Daronco
Jeremy Marcus
Chris Helzer
Kevin Holmes
Mary Woytek
Paul Murray
Geraldine Matise
Gardner Foster
Paul de Sa

[1] 47 CFR § 2.106

Approaches to Maximize Broadband Use of Fixed/Mobile Spectrum Allocations in the 2 GHz Range

ET Docket No. 10-142, WT Docket Nos. 04-356, 07-195

September 12, 2011

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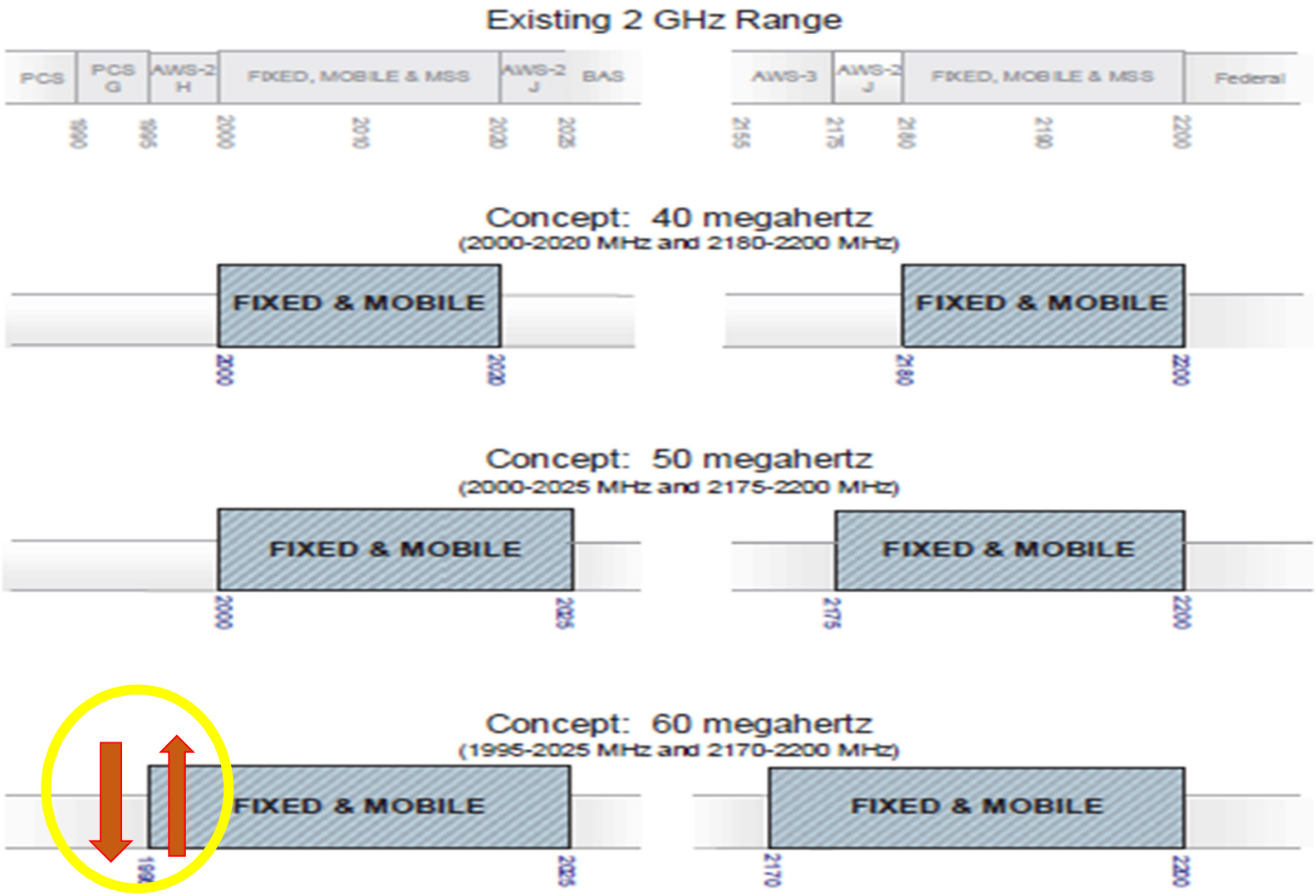
Potential Terrestrial Spectrum Concepts (2 GHz)



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Sprint's Reply Comments

Filed July 22, 2011

- *FCC should balance need for large, contiguous spectrum blocks with need to promote a vibrant competitive marketplace for mobile broadband services*
  - > *After promptly completing its rulemaking study, the Commission should bring spectrum to market rather than wait for perfect plan*
- *Include mechanism for reimbursing Sprint for BAS relocation*
- *Reject calls for greater interference protection to 2 GHz MSS ATC operations*

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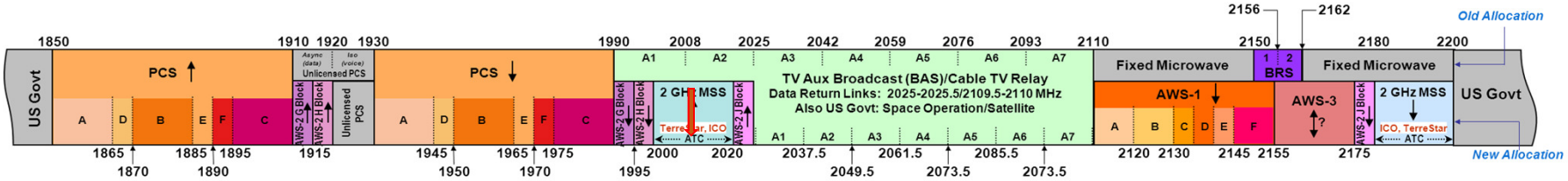
Options

Sprint Reply Comments

- *Consider reversing uplink and downlink bands in 2 GHz MSS band or make both 2 GHz MSS bands downlink*



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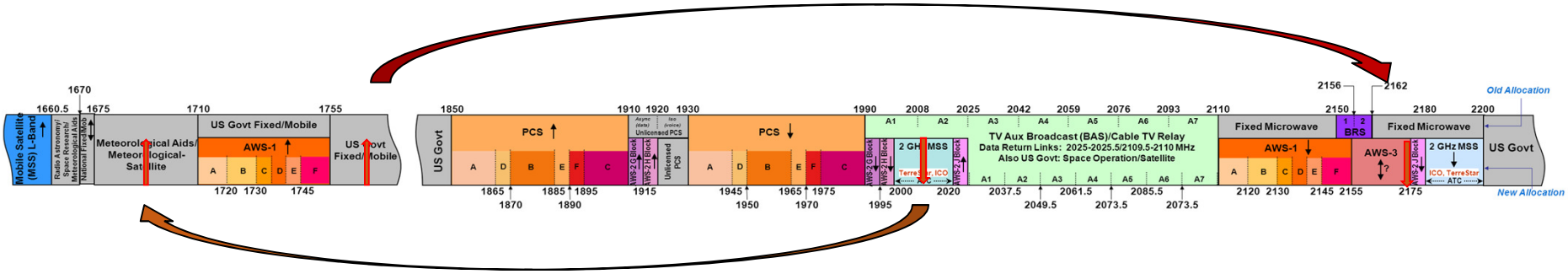
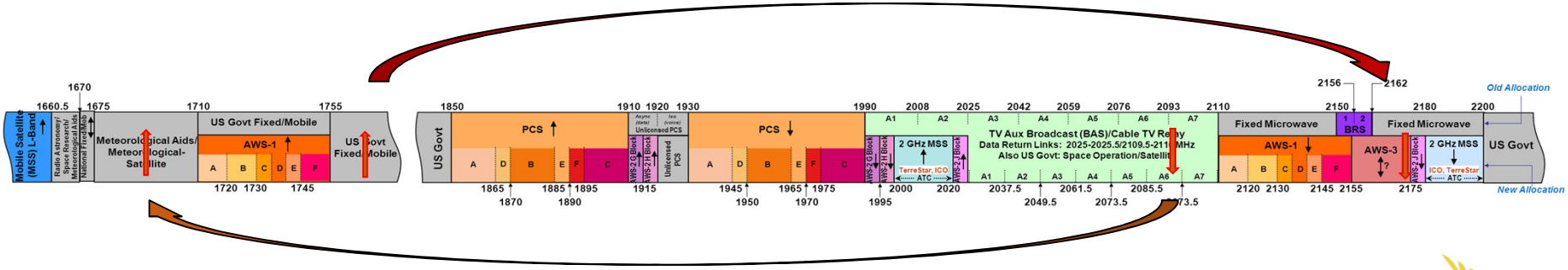
Other Options

- *Pair USG spectrum at 1755-1780 MHz with 2155-2180 MHz, or perhaps 1755-1800 MHz with 2155-2200 MHz*
- *Pair 1675-1710 MHz with 1995-2025 MHz (AT&T)*



- *Pair 1675-1710 MHz with 2075-2110 MHz (Ericsson)*
- *Adjust 2 GHz MSS*



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