

**INTERNATIONAL NOTICE OF DISHONOR AND INTERFERENCE WITH
UNALIENABLE RIGHT TO REPATRIATION BACK TO MOROCCO;**

William Salaam Hall El

v.

Casandra G. Henderson, State of Alabama Department of Public Health, et al.

Dishonor In violation of: (1)Case concerning Rights of Nationals of the United States of America in Morocco (France v. U.S.A.), [1952] I.C.J. Reports 176; 80 Journal du Droit International [hereinafter cited as Clunet] 725 (1953) ; digested in 47 A.J.I.L. 136 (1953). Title U.S.C . Sec. 118. Interference with certain protective functions
(2) Treaty of Sept. 18, 1836 (8 Stat. 484), Art. 20; 1 Malloy, Treaties 1212(1910)

Code of Alabama - Title 43: Wills and Decedents' Estates Section 43-2-22 -

Disqualification of certain persons to serve as executor or administrator.

(a) No person must be deemed a fit person to serve as executor who is under the age of 19 years, or who has been convicted of an infamous crime, or who, from intemperance, improvidence or want of understanding, is incompetent to discharge the duties of the trust. Nor shall any nonresident of the state be appointed as administrator unless he is at the time executor or administrator of the same estate in some other state or territory or jurisdiction, duly qualified under the laws of that jurisdiction.

Code of Alabama - Title 43: Wills and Decedents' Estates Section 43-2-253 Enforcement of decree or judgment for recovery of property

When such decree or judgment is for the recovery of real or personal property and the estate has no executor or administrator, no writ ...

(b) If the person named in the will as sole executor is or if all the persons named therein as executors are, from any of the causes enumerated in subsection (a), unfit to serve as executor or executors, letters of administration, with the will annexed, may be granted on the testator's estate, under the provisions of section 43-2-27.

Any person who knowingly and willfully obstructs, resists, or interferes with a Federal law enforcement agent engaged, within the United States or the special maritime territorial jurisdiction of the United States, in the performance of the protective functions authorized under section 37 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2709) or section 103 of the Diplomatic Security Act (22 U.S.C. 4802) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both.

Provisions provided by William Salaam Hall El, Ipso Jure Moor to wit(see attached):

- U.S.C., Title 28: section 676 [now 1736] (**Extracts from Journals of Congress admissible when injunction of secrecy removed**)
- U.S.C., Title 28: section 689 [now 1742] (Copies of foreign records relating to land titles)
- U.S.C., Title 44: section 307 [now 1507] (**Filing document as constructive notice; publication in Register as presumption of validity; judicial notice; citation**)
- U.S.C., Title 28: section 679 [former] (Records in clerks' offices, western district of North Carolina)
- U.S.C., Title 8 section 717(b) [see 1435, 1482] (Former citizens of United States excepted from certain requirements; citizenship lost by spouse's alienage or loss of United States citizenship, or by entering armed forces of foreign state or acquiring its nationality)
- The **child** shall be entitled from his birth to a name and a **nationality**. Adopted by United Nations General Assembly Resolution 1386 (XIV) of 10 December **1959**