TRAINING TOPICS		
	DA City& State Given; Area Code Unknown DA Variations Sprint International International Transfer Menu Call Processing -- Calling to International Number	Answered Foreign Language Transfer Menu 900 # Call Processing 211/311/511 Requests
Device to Device Calls	Device to Device Intro Function Keys and Banner Messages VCO to TTY and TTY to VCO VCO to VCO TTY to HCO and HCO to TTY	VCO to HCO and HCO to VCO HCO to HCO Device to Device Variations Alternate Call Type reaches recording
Call Processing Variations	CA information Area Code Only In From Number Conversational Flow Static or Poor Connection Profanity towards Agent Redialing Young Children Inbound Does Not Connect Inbound ASCII Charges Refused 800 Number Tone Judgments Repeating Information Restricted Calls Two calling from numbers LEC Service Office 611/811 Double Letters Call Waiting Feature Conference Calls Party Line Calls Three-Way Calling Hard of hearing Customer Ans TTY Line Spanish Calls to TX Sp Speaking Agents Request for Alternate Language Caller Types in Alternate Language Voice Customer Hangs Up During a Call Variable Time Stamp Customer Misdialed Phrase TTY Customer Hangs Up During a Call Non Standard TTY Capability Relaying Internet Characters TTY User Does Not Type GA Dispatch Calls – Pizza, Taxi, Carry-out Customer Referral Guidelines V-T Calls answered by Fax Customer Requests Holding for Inbound prior to out dial Request for Company Information Request for Information Request for M or F Agent Request Specific Agent Agent Knows Customer Request for Relay Number Customer Requests to Call Relay Service Request for Calling From Number Request Telephone Number Referral Request for Date/Time Customer Requests Agent to Modify Call	Request for Length of Call Request Long Distance Information T-V Call and V Requests Supervisor Call Backs for TTYs Multiple Calls Sensitive Topics Suicide Abuse Illegal Calls Answering Machines Hangs Up Before Message Left Do Not Type Recorded Messages Answering Machine Full Change Answering Machine Message VCO Requests Leave Message 1st out dial Leaving a Message V-TTY Ans V Retrieving Messages from TTY V Ans Mach TTY Screener Request to Leave TTY Message on Ans Mach Recordings Regional 800 TTY Requests "Dial That Number" Recording with Relay Option Alternate Call Recording Reached English/Spanish Pound Touch Tone Phone Advertisements Do Not Type Recordings Get Live Person/Rep Conversation Being Recorded Dial Number from Recorded Announcement VCO Conference Calls Leave Relay Number Voice Mail Retrieval VCO Types and Voices Prompting Data Transmission Box Prompting VCO on Hold Requests VCO/HCO HCO Requests VCO/HCO Alternate Call Type Recording Bridge Left Open

TRAINING TOPICS		
Call Take Over Procedures	FCC Rule Protocol and process flow TTY-Voice and Voice-TTY ASCII	VCO VCO to VCO HCO VCO-TTY and TTY-VCO
Customer Service	Functions Language Services	Procedures
OSD	Operator Services for the Deaf (OSD) Functions	OSD to TRS TRS to OSD
Transparency	Non-Emergency Calls Emergency Center Evacuation	Network Failure
Emergency Call Procedures	Emergency Calls Intro Emergency Services FCC Requirements Emergency Call Processing Emergency Reporting TTY-Emergency Voice-Emergency	TTY-Emergency TTY Call Release Internet-Emergency Internet (IP) Emergency Instant Messenger (IM) Emergency Emergency Call Processing Variations Emergency Form
Federal Relay Service	FRS Intro FRS Announcement FRS Service Explanation FRS Relay Procedures Federal Relay Service call types	FRS Confidentiality Policy FRS Customer Information Requests FRS Customer Contacts FRS Reporting
STS (Speech-to-Speech)	Speech To Speech Training Outline STS Introduction and History STS Description Disabilities Characteristics of STS users Stereotypes Clarifying Phrases Phrases to Avoid STS Phone Image STS Agent Tools Consistency Patience Ask Yes or No Questions No Personal Conversation Phrases You Can Use Speech to Speech Alphabet Transparency/Call Control/Confidentiality	Ways to Reduce/Streamline Notes Standard Abbreviations (STS) STS-Voice Voice-STS STS VCO-Voice Voice to STS VCO (TTY answer r) Voice to STS VCO (VCO answer) STS VCO -- 2 Line VCO TTY-STS STS-TTY Non-branded HCO to STS STS-HCO STS Hold Message STS Call Takeover Confidentiality and Transparency Personal Conversations requests Speech to Speech Variations
Healthy Detachment	Healthy Detachment Intro Objectives Survival Skills Relay Traps	Perception Ways to Reduce Stress Hospitality Phrases
Healthy Relay	A healthy approach toward Relay Introduction Objectives Ergonomics Stretching Exercises Agent Reinforcement Ergonomic Review	Setting up Workstation GUAM - Get Up and Move Ergonomic Relief Slowing the Customer Down Overtime Relaxation
Adult Learner	Understanding the Needs of the Adult Learner The Learning Continuum Use of Different Modalities Adult Learning - Edgar Dale's Cone of Experience Elements of Lesson Design Focus The Adult Learner Objective and Purpose Input	Modeling Checking For Understanding Guided Practice Independent Practice Summary Evaluation How to Give Effective Instruction Questioning Guidelines Feedback - Training and Coaching

TRAINING TOPICS		
		Technique Trust in Management
Assessing Performance	The Assessment Process in Training Assessment Time - What is involved? Practice Time Spelling Test Written tests Side by side evaluations Typing	Acceptable Time Frame Acceptable Is Relative Ways to "Coach" Feedback Maintain Self-esteem and Motivate Pass/Fail Guidelines Introduce Assessment Form Form Set-Up
Introduction to Diversified Culture	Introduction to Diversified Culture Objectives Who Uses Relay Understanding Our Customer Special Communication Needs Pathological vs. Cultural View of Deafness Characteristics of Deafness The Deaf Community	Why is there Deaf Culture? Attachments: What Do You Know About Deafness (Q) What Do You Know About Deafness (A) Myths About Deafness Two Views of Deafness Loudness Levels
Deaf Heritage	History in Europe History in North America Alexander Graham Bell	Edward Miner Gallaudet Oral / Combined Debate
The Deaf Community	Introduction to the Deaf Community National Association of the Deaf Contributions to Society Mainstreamed Schools	American Athletic Assn. of Deaf National Theatre of the Deaf Assistive Devices Gaining Acceptance in the Deaf Community
The Deaf Community	Sign Language Interpreters Different Communication Systems Exposure to English DEAF President Now Attitude Changes toward the Deaf Community	Changes in the Deaf Community Rules for Using a Sign Language Interpreter Interpreting Standards
American Sign Language Part 1	What is ASL? History of ASL ASL Recognized as Language	Rules of ASL Five Parameters of ASL English vs. ASL Idioms
American Sign Language Part 2	Evolution of ASL ASL Syntax	Translate ASL to English and Vice Versa
TTYPhony and TTY Courtesy	First Teletypewriter Evolution of the TTY Telecommunications Laws of Accessibility	TTY Courtesy Development of Relay Service Market
Hard of hearing and Late Deafened Customers	Hard of hearing and Late Deafened Customers Characteristics of Deaf Customers Assistive Devices for Deaf Customers	Establishment of Self Help for Hard-of-Hearing People (SHHH)(Now the 'Hearing Loss Association of America' (HLAA)) Relaying for Deaf Customers
Characteristics of late-deafened Customers	Establishment of Association of late-Deafened Adults (ALDA) Relaying for late-deafened Customers	Deaf-Blind, Speech-Challenged, Spanish Speaking and Hearing Customers
Characteristics of Deaf-Blind Customers	Assistive Devices for Deaf-Blind Customers Relaying for Deaf-Blind Customers	Deaf-Blind Pacing – allows the CA to slow down the transmission to the Braille machine
Characteristics of Relaying for other users	Speech-Challenged Customers Spanish-Speaking Customers	Hearing customers
Ethics and Confidentiality	Interpreting Standards The ADA and FCC regulations for the Provision of	TRS Rules – Operator Standards Relay Center Agreement Regarding

TRAINING TOPICS		
	TRS Regulations pertaining to call content	Confidential Customer Information.

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Appendix C:
TRS Pledge of Confidentiality

Agreement Regarding Confidential Information

SPRINT TRS RELAY CENTERS AGREEMENT REGARDING CONFIDENTIAL CUSTOMER INFORMATION

IN CONSIDERATION of: (1) my employment with Sprint/United Management Company or any subsidiary, affiliate, or successor-in-interest of Sprint Corporation ("Sprint"), (2) my continued employment as long as mutually agreeable, and (3) the opportunity to receive Sprint confidential customer information or other good and valuable consideration:

AS AN EMPLOYEE OF THE RELAY SERVICES ORGANIZATION, I UNDERSTAND THAT I AM BOUND BY ALL SPRINT POLICIES AND SPECIFICALLY, I AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

1. ALL TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE CALL RELATED INFORMATION SHALL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. I will not reveal any information acquired during or observing a relay call. I will only discuss call-related questions or problems with management or Human Resources. I agree to keep confidential all information I learn in my position for the duration of and after my employment with Sprint ends.

2. NO RECORDS OF CUSTOMER INFORMATION OR CONTENT OF ANY TELECOMMUNICATIONS RELAY SERVICE CALL SHALL BE KEPT BEYOND THE DURATION OF THE CALL, WITH LIMITED EXCEPTIONS FOR AUTHORIZED COMPANY PROCEDURES. I will not keep a record of any customer information or conversation content beyond the duration of the call except in accordance with company procedures for relaying Speech to Speech calls or for billing and customer profile purposes. I will destroy all such records in my possession immediately upon completion of their authorized use.

3. NOTHING MAY BE EDITED OR OMITTED FROM THE CONTENT OF THE CONVERSATION OR THE SPIRIT OF THE SPEAKER. I will transmit exactly what is said in the way that it is intended in the language of the customer's choice.

4. NOTHING MAY BE ADDED OR INTERJECTED INTO THE CONTENT OF THE CONVERSATION OR THE SPIRIT OF THE SPEAKER. I will not advise, counsel, or interject personal opinions, even when asked to do so by the customer.

5. TO ASSURE MAXIMUM CUSTOMER CONTROL, I WILL BE FLEXIBLE IN ADAPTING TO THE CUSTOMER'S NEEDS.

6. I WILL STRIVE TO FURTHER MY SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE THROUGH CONTINUED TRAINING, WORKSHOPS, AND READING OF CURRENT LITERATURE IN THE FIELD.

7. ALL SPRINT MATERIALS IN MY POSSESSION PERTAINING TO ANY SPRINT CUSTOMER WILL BE DELIVERED UPON THE TERMINATION OF MY EMPLOYMENT.

I have read and understand the Sprint Relay center Agreement Regarding Confidential Customer Information. I agree to comply and understand that failure to do so will lead to company disciplinary action that may result in my termination and/or criminal prosecution. I also understand that

ascertaining damages resulting from a breach of this agreement would be difficult. I agree that Sprint shall have the right to an injunction against me, enjoining any such breach without any obligation to post bond. I agree that this will be in addition to and without limiting any other remedies or rights Sprint may have against me.

EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE DATE

MANAGER/SUPERVISOR SIGNATURE DATE

CAPTEL CONFIDENTIALITY

Information obtained during a CapTel call should not be shared with any person except a member of the CapTel management staff who has asked for specific information. This information may be needed to clarify technical, policy, emergency, venting, consumer or customer service issues. General call information will not be shared unless it is used to clarify, vent, or teach. Information about call content should be discussed in a private area only.

Only information critical to resolving the situation will be disclosed. This may include consumer name, name of business/agency, gender of caller, type of call (voice in, CapTel in), day of week, time of day, city, state, or any other details that could in some way identify a consumer.

A Captionist may feel the need to "vent" about a call due to problems, complaints or stress from handling the call. The Captionist may ask to speak to a Supervisor or other member of management (as long as it wasn't their call) in a private area. Clarify before the conversation you wish to "vent" about a call.

The success of CapTel depends on quality and complete confidentiality. Consumers will be less likely to use the service if they feel their personal and professional calls are not kept in the strictest confidence. It is very important all Captionists understand and abide by the confidentiality policy. Any Captionist who breaks this policy will be disciplined, up to and including termination.

Confidentiality Policy

- I will not disclose to any individual (outside of a member of the CapTel management staff) the identity of any caller or information I may learn about a caller (including names, phone numbers, locations, etc.) on any CapTel call.

- I will not act upon any information received while processing a CapTel call.

- I will not disclose to anyone the names, schedules, or personal information of any fellow worker at CapTel Inc.

- I will not share any information about CapTel calls with anyone except a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff in order to investigate complaints, technical issues, etc.
- I will continue to hold in confidence all information related to the work and calls I have performed while at CapTel Inc. after my employment ends.
- I will never reveal my Captionist ID number in conjunction with my name unless asked by a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff.
- I will not share with anyone any technical aspect of my position at CapTel Inc. unless asked by a member of the CapTel Inc. management staff.
- I will not talk about consumers or call content with any fellow Captionists.
- I will not listen to or get involved in calls taken by fellow Captionists.

I have read the above Confidentiality Policy and understand a breach of confidentiality will result in disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment at CapTel Inc. I recognize the serious and confidential nature of my position and therefore promise to abide by these guidelines.

Employee Name

Date

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Appendix D:
Sprint Carrier of Choice
Letter of Invitation

Sprint Relay

<insert date>

<insert carrier name>

<insert contact name>

<insert tel nbr or fax nbr>

<insert email address>

Re: <insert customer (end user name)>, <insert telephone number>

Thank you for your interest to complete <insert carrier name> Toll calls with Sprint Telecommunications Relay Service (TRS). As the default Toll carrier for processing relay calls in more than thirty-two states (32), Sprint currently transports the traffic of customers who have selected you as their Toll carrier. However, many of your customers would prefer to use <insert carrier name> LD for their toll calls. At present, Sprint TRS is unable to send the toll calls from the regional centers or state access tandem to your network. Hence, this letter is being written to make you aware of a potential service-impacting issue regarding TRS calls and measures your company can take to ensure your customers' toll calls are completed through TRS.

The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 mandate TRS, and TRS standards are established and are monitored by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). TRS is a service that links telephone conversations between standard (voice) telephone users and people who are deaf, hard of hearing, deaf-blind, or speech disabled using Text Telephone (TTY) equipment. The State Public Utilities Commission manages the day-to-day operations of TRS and has contracted with Sprint Corporation to provide relay service in their states.

Both, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and FCC's Order 00-56 on TRS mandate that all states provide TRS and that TRS users shall have equal access to their chosen interexchange carrier and to all other operator services, to the same extent that such access is provided to voice users. In order to provide this access to your customers, your company is encouraged to submit a letter of authorization to accept TRS calls from Sprint.

Attachment A lists the facility-based providers who currently participate at Sprint TRS Carrier of Choice program. If your company (or your facility based provider) is not currently listed, please review the following and determine the appropriate follow-up action needed to be taken:

Facility-based provider

1. If you are a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, please disregard.

2. If you are not a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, you need to establish a network presence at the regional centers or state access tandem and accept calls from Sprint through the industry method of SS7 trunking and TRS billing codes of Info Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67 (see below). You will need to provide Sprint with your toll carrier's SS7 Network Transit Selector information.

Non-facility based provider

1. If your underlying toll carrier is a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, Sprint can implement the IXC brand name and pass the toll call information to the underlying carrier's CIC code and SS7 Transit Network Selector information. Please submit a letter of authorization that would advise Sprint to implement the carrier brand name and to send the toll call information to its underlying toll carrier.

2. If your underlying toll carrier is not a participating member at Sprint Carrier of Choice program, you will need to work with your underlying toll carrier to establish a network presence at the regional centers or state access tandem and accept calls from Sprint through the industry method of SS7 trunking and TRS billing codes of Info Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67 (see below). You will need to provide Sprint with your toll carrier's SS7 Network Transit Selector information.

Before you submit a letter of authorization to Sprint TRS, please consider the following four factors:

1. Your (or your underlying toll carrier) CIC codes and SS7 Transit Network Selector information associated with 1+, 0+, and 0- and International dialing must be loaded into the regional (and/or state) access tandems.

2. You (or your underlying toll carrier) will need to support SS7 tandem interconnection.

3. You (or your underlying toll carrier) will need to ensure that your translation tables are updated in order to appropriately receive, rate, and bill Sprint calls per Bellcore industry standards. Sprint calls are designated as ANI II Digit Pair 60, 66, and 67.

4. If you utilize more than one underlying toll carrier to carry the toll traffic, select a single toll carrier that will accept Sprint traffic.

Note: For detailed information regarding access tandem interconnection and carrier of choice provisioning through Sprint, please refer to ATIS/NIIF-008, the "Telecommunications Relay service – Technical Needs" document.

Attachment B lists Sprint TRS Access Tandem Interconnection locations. The best way to provide access to your Toll network through relay service for your customers is to designate the 8 Sprint Regional TRS center/Access Tandem combinations as the points at which Sprint will hand off Toll relay service traffic to you. In this manner, any relay caller that wishes to use your services may be efficiently, and with

minimal time delay, routed to your network. Should you not have a presence at one or more of the Sprint regional center/access tandem combinations, the traffic may be handed off at one of the regional center's access tandem.

Attachment C is a sample letter of authorization. Once Sprint receives your written request to participate in the Sprint TRS Carrier of Choice program, Sprint will schedule translation updates in the next available release (usually 30 to 90 days). Information obtained from the carriers will be used solely for the purpose of providing equal access for <insert carrier name> LD customers and shall be held proprietary.

Sprint welcomes your company's participation in our TRS Carrier of Choice program at no cost to you if your company has network presence at any of our listed regional center/state access tandem locations. Your participation at the Sprint Carrier of Choice program will create a win-win situation for our customers. Through Sprint, as the relay provider, customers will be able to enjoy uninterrupted service and your company will be able to generate additional revenue.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter. If you have any questions concerning with the letter, please do not hesitate to call me at <xxx-xxx-xxxx> or email at <insert email address>

Sincerely Yours,

<insert name>

Program Manager, <insert state(s)>

Sprint Relay

CC: Michael Fingerhut, Federal Regulatory, Sprint

<insert name>, Program Manager, Sprint

Indiana

There are 35 carriers for this product:

Carrier Name	Out COC	COC Index	Carrier Code	Operator Flag	ETurbo RIB
10-10-220 Telecom USA	0220	0220	0220	N	220
10-10-321 Telecom USA	0321	0321	0321	N	321
10-10-432 QWest	0432	LGT2	0432	Y	432
10-10-502 WorldxChange	0502	0502	0502	Y	502
10-10-636 Clear Choice	0636	0636	0636	Y	636
10-10-752 EXCEL	0752	EXL1	0752	Y	752
10-10-811 Vartec	0811	0811	0811	Y	811
10-10-834 WorldxChange	0834	0834	0834	Y	834
10-10-987	0987	0987	0987	N	987
AT&T	0288	0288	0288	Y	ATT
All Others	0001	0001	0001	N	
Broadwing Communications	0948	0948	0948	Y	SSM
Broadwing Telecom	0071	0071	0071	Y	WSN
CP Telecom	0444	ALN9	0444	Y	PDF
CenturyLink	0550	CTL1	0550	Y	CTL
CenturyTel Long Distance	0550	CAL1	0550	Y	CAL
CenturyTel Solutions	0550	CAL2	0550	Y	CAL
Citizens Communications	0444	0096	0096	Y	RTC
Coastal Telephone Co.	0661	0661	0661	Y	CTC
Comcast	0386	0386	0386	Y	BPH
Frontier Communications	0096	FLX1	0096	Y	RTC
Global Crossing	0444	0444	0444	Y	ALN
LDDS	0222	MCI2	0222	Y	LDD
MCIWorldCom	0222	0222	0222	Y	MCI
McLeod USA	0725	0725	0725	Y	IOR
Metromedia	0222	MCI3	0222	Y	MTR
OPEX LD	0444	ALN1	0444	Y	OPX
SBC Long Distance	5792	5792	5792	Y	SBZ
Sprint	0333	0333	0333	Y	SPT
TCG Minnesota Inc.	0292	0292	0292	Y	TPM
TDS Telecom	0417	0417	0417	Y	TYW
Verizon LD	5483	5483	5483	Y	GOP
Wiltel	0222	MCI1	0222	Y	WLT
Working Assets	0649	0649	0649	Y	WRK
WorldCom	0555	0555	0555	Y	WTL

Appendix E:
Disaster Recovery Plan

Attachment B Disaster Recovery Plan and Network Support Plan

Sprint's comprehensive Disaster Recovery Plan details the methods Sprint will utilize to cope with specific disasters. The plan includes quick and reliable switching of calls, Sprint's TRS network diagrams identifying where traffic will be rerouted if vulnerable circuits become inoperable, and problem reporting with escalation protocol. Besides service outages, the Disaster Recovery Plan applies to specific disasters that affect any technical area of Sprint's Relay network.

The first line of defense against degradation is the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing that Sprint employs. During a major or minor service disruption, the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing network feature bypasses the failed or degraded facility and immediately directs calls to the first available Relay Operator in any of Sprint's fully inter-linked TRS Call Centers. ROs are trained in advance to provide service to other States; the transfer of calls between Centers is transparent to users.

Beyond the Sprint's Relay dynamic call routing network, Sprint's TRS Disaster Recovery Plan details the steps that will be taken to deal with any Relay problem, and restore Telecommunications Relay service to its full operating level in the shortest possible time.

STATE NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE

To provide the State with the most complete and timely information on problems affecting Relay service, the trouble reporting procedure will include three levels of response:

- An immediate report (as defined in the contract)
- A 24-hour status report
- A comprehensive final report within 5 business days

Sprint will notify the designated representative of the State within fifteen minutes if a Relay service disruption of 30 minutes or longer occurs. The report will explain how the problem will be corrected and an approximate time when full service will be restored. Within 24 hours of the Relay service disruption, an intermediate report provides problem status and more detail of what action is necessary. In most cases, the 24-hour report reveals that the problem has been corrected and that full Relay service has been restored. The final comprehensive written report, explaining how and when the problem occurred, corrective action taken, and time and date when full operation resumed will be provided to the Contract Administrator within five business days of return to normal operation. Examples of Relay service disruption include:

- TRS Switching System failure or malfunction
- Major transmission facility blockage of the last-leg circuits to the Relay Call Centers
- Threat to RO safety or other RO work stoppage
- Loss of RO position capabilities

Performance at each Sprint Relay Center is monitored continuously 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week from Sprint's Service Assurance Monitoring Center (SAMC) in Overland Park, KS.

DISASTER RECOVERY PROCEDURES

If the problem is within a relay center, maintenance can usually be performed by the on-site technician, with assistance from Sprint's SAMC. If the problem occurs during non-business hours and requires on-site assistance, the SAMC will page the technician to provide service remedies. Sprint retains hardware spares at each center to allow for any type of repair required without ordering additional equipment (except for complete loss of a center).

TIME FRAMES FOR SERVICE RESTORATION

Complete or Partial Loss of Service Due to Sprint Relay Equipment or Facilities

- Sprint Relay Call Center Equipment

  A technician is on-site during the normal business day. The technician provides parts and / or resources necessary to expedite repair within two hours. Outside of the normal business day, a technician will be on-site within four hours. The technician then provides parts and /or resources necessary to expedite repair within two hours.

- Sprint or Telco Network

  Facilities or an outage of facilities directly serving incoming TRS Relay calls will immediately be routed to one of the other Centers throughout the US. No inbound calls will be lost. Repair of Interexchange and Local Exchange fiber or network facilities typically requires less than eight hours.

- Due to Utilities or Disaster at the Center

  Immediate rerouting of traffic occurs with any large-scale Relay Center disaster or utility failure. Service is restored as soon as the utility is restored, provided the Sprint Relay equipment has not been damaged. If the equipment has been damaged the service restoration for Sprint equipment (above) applies.

- Due to Telco Facilities Equipment

  A Telco equipment failure will not normally have a large effect on TRS traffic within the state unless it occurs on Telco facilities directly connected to the relay call center. In this case, normal Sprint Relay traffic rerouting will apply.

TROUBLE REPORTING PROCEDURES

The following information is required when a user is reporting trouble:

- Service Description
- Callers Name
- Contact Number
- Calling to/Calling from, if applicable
- Description of the trouble

Service disruptions or anomalies that are identified by users may be reported to the Sprint Relay Customer Service toll-free number at any time day or night, seven days a week. The Customer Service operator creates a trouble ticket and passes the information on to the appropriate member of Sprint's Maintenance Team for action. Outside the normal business day, the SAMC will handle calls from the Customer Service RO 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The Maintenance Team recognizes most disruptions in service prior to customers being aware of any problem. Site technicians are on call at each of Sprint's twelve sites across the United States TRS call centers to respond quickly to any event, including natural disasters.

MEAN TIME TO REPAIR (MTTR)

MTTR is defined and detailed in Tables 1 and 2:

	The time needed to determine the existence of a problem and its scope.
	Repair time by Field Operations plus LEC time, if applicable.
	From the time repair is completed to the time the customer is notified of repair completion.

Table 1 – Time to Investigate + Time to Repair + Time to Notify

Switched Services	8 Hours
	4 Hours (electronic failure)
Fiber Cut	8 Hours

Table 2 – Current MTTR Objectives

Sprint's Mean Time to Repair is viewed from the customer's perspective. A critical element in the equation is the Time to Notify, because Sprint does not consider a repair complete until the customer accepts the circuit back as satisfactory.

ESCALATION PROCEDURES

If adequate results have not been achieved within two hours, the Contract Administrator or a user may escalate the report to the next level. The table below details the escalation levels.

Escalation Level	Contact	Phone

	Regional Maintenance Manager	Office Phone Number (913-794-1130)
	Senior Manager, Technical Staff	Office Phone Number 913-794-3603

Network Support Plan

NETWORK DESIGN

Sprint's service is provided over an all-fiber sophisticated management control networks that support backbone networks with digital switching architecture. These elements are combined to provide a highly reliable, proven, and redundant network. Survivability is a mandatory objective of the Sprint network design. The Sprint network minimizes the adverse effect of service interruptions due to equipment failures or cable cuts, network overload conditions, or regional catastrophes.

A 100 percent fiber-optic network provides critical advantages over the other carriers. These advantages include:

- Quality

  Since voice and data are transmitted utilizing fiber optic technology, the problems of outdated analog and even modern microwave transmission simply do not apply. Noise, electrical interference, weather-impacting conditions, and fading are virtually eliminated.

- Economy

  The overall quality, architecture, and advanced technology of digital fiber optics make transmission so dependable that it costs us less to maintain, thereby passing the savings on to our customers.

- Expandability

  As demand for network capacity grows, the capacity of the existing single-mode fiber can grow. Due to the architecture and design of fiber optics, the capacity of the network can be upgraded to increase 2,000-fold.

- Survivability

  Network survivability is the ability of the network to cope with random disruptions of facilities and/or demand overloads.

Sprint has established an objective to provide 100 percent capability to reroute backbone traffic during any single cable cut. This is a significant benefit to _____, and a competitive differentiation of the Sprint network.

Network switched services are provided via 49 Southern Telecom DMS-250/300 switches at 29 locations nationwide. Three DMS-300s located at New York, NY; Fort Worth, TX; and Stockton, CA, serve as international gateways. The remaining 46 switches provide switching functions for Sprint's domestic switched services.

Interconnection of the 49 switches is provided in a non-hierarchical manner. This means that inter-machine trunk (IMT) groups connect each switch with all other switches within the network. Each of these IMT groups is split and routed through the Sprint fiber network over SONET route paths for protection and survivability. As an extra precaution to preclude any call blockage, Dynamically Controlled Routing (DCR) provides an additional layer of tandem routing options when a direct IMT is temporarily busy.

Reliability is ensured through a corporate commitment to maintain or surpass our system objectives. Beginning with the network design, reliability and efficiency are built into the system. Sprint continues to improve the network's reliability through the addition of new technologies.

The effectiveness of this highly reliable and survivable network is attributed to the redundant transmission and switching hardware configurations, SONET ring topology, and sophisticated network management and control Centers. These factors combine to assure outstanding network performance and reliability for the State.

NETWORK CRITERIA

- System Capacity

  The Sprint network was built with the capacity to support every interLATA and intraLATA call available in the US. With the continuing development of network fiber transmission equipment to support higher speeds and larger bandwidth, the capacity of the Sprint network to support increasing customer requirements and technologies is assured well into the future.

- Service Restoration

  Sprint provides for the restoration of service in the event of equipment malfunctions, isolated network overloads, major network disruptions and national/civil emergency situations. In the event of service disruption due to Sprint's equipment, service typically is restored within four hours after notification. Sprint does everything possible to prevent a total outage at its switch sites or at any of its' POPs through the use of advanced site designs. All processors, memory, and switch networks within our switches are fully redundant. All switch sites are protected by uninterruptible power supplies and halon systems planned in conjunction with local fire departments. Most of our new sites are earth sheltered to increase survivability. A multi-pronged program is used to minimize outages:

- Minimized "single points of failure" including:
  - Diversification of all facilities' demands between switch sites. All switch sites are connected to the long haul network over at least two separate Sprint fiber routes; many have three paths.
  - Deployment of multiple switches at large switching Centers. This prevents a single switch outage from disabling the site.

- Have systems in place allowing for the rapid redeployment of network resources in case of a catastrophic outage. Fiber cuts, which can affect thousands of calls at several locations, are sometimes unavoidable. Response to these outages is maximized through the following procedures:
- Utilization of established plans to respond effectively to these outages.
- The capability to rapidly deploy network transmission facilities when needed.
- Immediate execution of alternate routing in the digital switches and cross-connect systems to assist in the handling of temporary network disruptions and forced overloads.

The entire spectrum of survivability needs, expectations, and requirements can be met by the proper engineering of customer and Sprint switches and facilities.

FIBER BACKBONE LOOP TOPOLOGY AND RECONFIGURATION

Fiber optic cable routes are designed to include redundant capacity to insure survivable fiber optic systems. Sprint's SONET network, using four-fiber bi-directional line switched ring capability, allows automatic switching to alternate paths to provide for traffic rerouting in the event of a route failure. The SONET fiber optic backbone topology is currently designed with more than 100 overlapping rings to ensure sufficient alternate paths for total network survivability.

SPRINT ROUTE OUTAGE PREVENTION PROGRAMS

- Call Before You Dig Program

  This program uses a nationwide 1-800 number interlinked with all local/state government utility agencies as well as contractors, rail carriers, and major utilities. Sprint currently receives in excess of 60,000 calls per month for location assistance over the 23,000-mile fiber network.

- Awareness Program

  This Sprint program proactively contacts local contractors, builders, property owners, county/city administrators, and utility companies to educate them on Sprint's cable locations and how each can help eliminate cable outages.

- Route Surveillance Program

  This is a Network Operation's department program using Sprint employees to drive specific routes (usually 120 miles) and visually inspect the fiber cable routes. This activity is performed an average of 11.6 times per month or approximately once every 2-3 days.

- Technician Program

  Technicians are stationed at strategic locations and cover an area averaging 60 route miles. Each technician has emergency restoration material to repair fiber cuts on a temporary basis. Other operations forces within a nominal time frame accomplish total repair.

- Fiber/Switch Trending Program

  This includes a weekly summary of equipment failure events highlighting bit error rate (BER) and cable attenuation. As a result, Sprint identifies potential equipment problems and monitors performance degradation to establish equipment-aging profiles for scheduled repair, replacement, or elimination. Aging profiles are computer-stored representations of the characteristics of a fiber splice. The profile is stored at the time the splice is accepted and put into service. A comparison of the original profile and current profile are compared for performance degradation. Maintenance is scheduled based on this type of monitoring.

NETWORK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

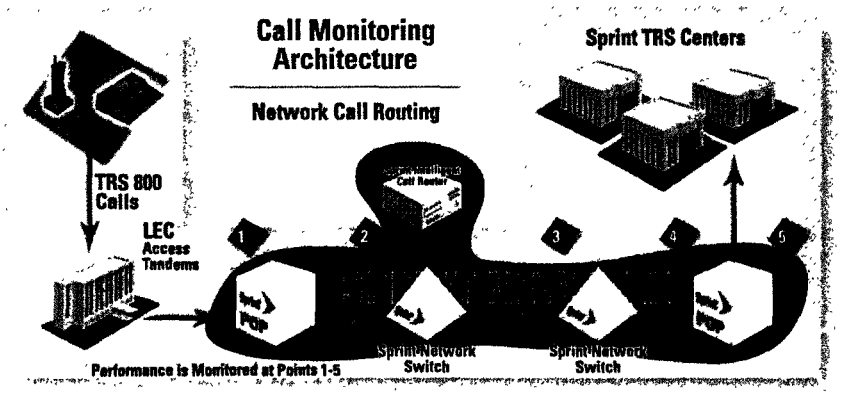
Surveillance for the Sprint network is managed by the Network Operations Center located in Overland Park Kansas. In the event of a network problem causing customer degradation of service, Network Operations will notify the Service Assurance Management Center (SAMC) of Sprint's TRS Group. SAMC will then notify the appropriate PSC with a description of the problem and an estimated time of repair.

INBOUND CALL ROUTING

Sprint incorporates a dynamic routing system that continuously monitors circuit and RO availability to ensure calls are answered within the required time frames. This includes reporting for the long distance network and equipment, which many Relay providers are unable to provide, as well as reporting for the Relay network.

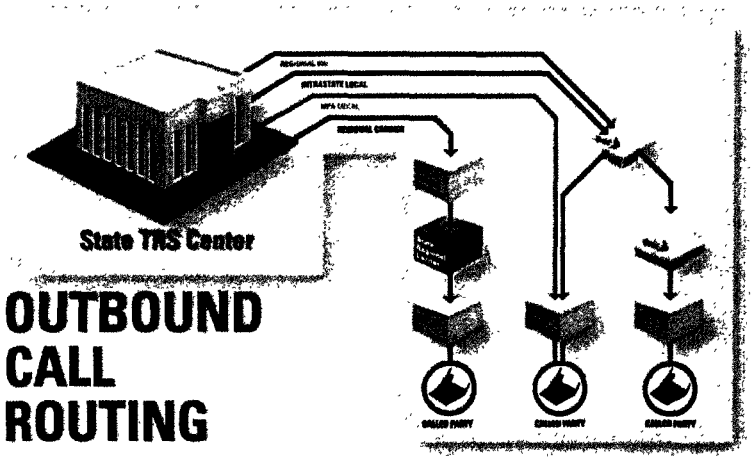
Sprint's inbound configuration ensures that if an issue is identified anywhere in the network, it will be promptly addressed and reported.

The Call Monitoring Architecture diagram in the figure below depicts the standard inbound call path to Sprint's Relay Center. Unlike other Relay providers, Sprint monitors each leg of the inbound call path at the points shown to ensure the call reaches the Relay Center with little to no blocking.



Call Monitoring Architecture Diagram

The Network Design Configuration for Outbound Calling in the figure below indicates the extensive complexity of Sprint's Relay platform, including standard call paths for local, intra-state, regional 800, and COC calls.



Outbound Routing Diagram

CapTel Disaster Recovery Plan

CAPTEL OUTAGE PREVENTION STATUS

Sprint will provide FCC compliant CapTel® service from the two CapTel call centers in Madison and Milwaukee, WI. Sprint's CapTel vendor CapTel Inc. (CTI) operates the two current CapTel and WebCapTel® call centers in the nation. These unique centers operate with enough terminals for 200 ROs each, along with support personnel, Technicians, and Supervisors.

Both CapTel call centers are equipped with redundant systems for power, ACD/telecom switching equipment, call processing servers, data network servers, and LAN gear. Most equipment failures can be corrected without complete loss of service.

Having two CapTel call centers ensures minimum interruptions in service if something unexpectedly halts operations in one center or the other such as a flood or a tornado. In those instances, traffic from one Center can automatically be routed to the other.

SPRINT OUTAGE NOTIFICATION FROM CAPTEL CALL CENTER

Performance at the CapTel call center is monitored continuously by CTI technicians 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Sprint will be notified by the CapTel Service Center Manager immediately upon determination of any type of natural or man-made problem that causes either:

- A complete (100 percent) loss of the CapTel Service Center, OR
- Any partial loss of service in excess of 15 minutes that is service affecting. Examples of such a loss in service include:

  - An accidental switch rebooting
  - Loss of transmission facilities through the telephone network
  - Terrorist attack
  - Bomb threat or other work stoppage
  - Sudden loss of agent position capabilities.
  - Impact to minimum ASA / Speed of Answer times
  - Acts of God

Contact from the CapTel Service Center Manager or designated CTI contact person will be made to the assigned contact people at Sprint immediately upon awareness of an outage meeting the above criteria, 24 hours a day, seven days a week including holidays with the following documentation:

1.) What time did the outage happen in CENTRAL TIME?

2.) What caused it?

3.) Which customers are (or were) impacted?

4.) What is (was) the solution to restore service?

5.) What is the time that service will be (or was restored by) IN CENTRAL TIME?

Sprint will internally escalate outages in the following manner:

Level	Escalation Procedure for Outages	Point of Contact (POC)	Contact Info:
1	[illegible]		[illegible]
2	Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Director	[illegible]	(608) 441-8800 Pam.Frazier@captelmail.com After Hours: 608-516-7517 (cell) 608-832-6233 (home)
3	Captioned Telephone Inc.'s (CTI) Call Center Vice President		[illegible]

Table 44 – Sprint CapTel Outage Escalation

SPRINT PROCEDURE FOR OUTAGE NOTIFICATION TO CONTRACT ADMINISTRATORS

Upon receiving notification from CTI, Sprint will have one of the below managers contact the Contract Administrator, depending on availability:

	Point of Contact (POC)	Position	Contact Information:
1	[illegible]		[illegible]
2	Angela Officer	Relay Program Manager	P: (703) 689-5654 E: Angela.Officer@sprint.com
3	Assigned On-Call Relay Program Manager		Assigned as necessary

Sprint Customer Notification Procedure

Upon receiving notification from CTI, Sprint will assess the problem and contact will be made by email to the Contract Administrator.

In cases of partial loss of service, such as several inoperable RO positions or, local area network outages, the CapTel Center on-site technician will notify CapTel Service Center to schedule repair. Only those partial losses of service that are service affecting in excess of 30 minutes will be emailed to the state Contract Administrator.

If the problem is within the CapTel call center, maintenance can usually be performed by the on-site technicians. Hardware spares are retailed at the CapTel call center to allow for the most common type of repair required without the ordering of additional equipment.

DISASTER RECOVERY FOLLOW-UP

Upon notifying customers of an outage, Sprint's contact person will provide regular updates from CTI to all customers and internal team members. The follow up will be kept in sync with CapTel Customer Service so that the information shared with customers from CTI is the same as what customers receive from Sprint.

DISASTER RECOVERY POST-MORTEM DOCUMENTATION

Within 72 hours (3 days) after the outage is resolved, CTI will provide a formal written analysis of the outage to the designated Sprint people (outlined above).

Sprint will send a document with the analysis to the Contract Administrator. John Moore will be the primary point-of-contact for the letter to be shared with customers. If John Moore is not available, then Angie Officer will provide the letter directly to customers.

1) What time did the outage happen in CENTRAL TIME?

2) What caused it?

3) Which customers are (or were) impacted?

4) What is (was) the solution to restore service?

5) What is the time that service will be (or was restored by) IN CENTRAL TIME?

6) What will CapTel, Inc do to prevent this from happening again?

CTI will be available to answer questions from Contract Administrators through Sprint.

TIME FRAMES FOR SERVICE RESTORATION

- Complete loss of service due to equipment

  - Normal business day – A technician is on site during the normal business day. The technician will provide parts and/or resources necessary to expedite repair of the most common problems within two (2) hours.